PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLERS


## FX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK

## USER'S GUIDE

JY992D74701F

This manual contains text, diagrams and explanations which will guide the reader in the correct installation and operation of the FX2N-2AD special function block and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.
Further information can be found in the FX SERIES PROGRAMMING MANUAL(II), FX ${ }_{0 N} / \mathrm{FX}_{1 N} / \mathrm{FX}_{2 N} /$ $\mathrm{FX}_{2 N C}$ SERIES HARDWARE MANUAL of each PLC.

## Compliance with EC directive (CE Marking)

This note does not guarantee that an entire mechanical module produced in accordance with the contents of this note will comply with the following standards.
Compliance to EMC directive and LVD directive for the entire mechanical module should be checked by the user/manufacturer. For more information please consult with your nearest Mitsubishi product provider. Regarding the standards that comply with the main unit, please refer to either the FX series product catalog or consult with your nearest Mitsubishi product provider.

## Requirement for Compliance with EMC directive

The following products have shown compliance through direct testing (of the identified standards below) and design analysis (through the creation of a technical construction file) to the European Directive for Electromagnetic Compatibility (2004/108/EC) when used as directed by the appropriate documentation.

## Attention

- This product is designed for use in industrial applications.


## Note

- Authorized Representative in the European Community:

Mitsubishi Electric Europe B.V.
Gothaer Str. 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany
Type: Programmable Controller (Open Type Equipment)
Models: MELSEC FX2N series manufactured
from December 1st, 1998 FX2N-2AD

| Standard | Remark |
| :--- | :--- |
| EN61131-2: 2007 | Compliance with all relevant aspects of the standard. |
| Programmable controllers | EMI |
| - Equipment requirements and tests | • Radiated Emission |
|  | • Conducted Emission |
|  | EMS |
|  | • Radiated electromagnetic field |
|  | - Fast transient burst |
|  | - Electrostatic discharge |
|  | - High-energy surge |
|  | • Voltage drops and interruptions |
|  | • Conducted RF |
|  | • Power frequency magnetic field |

## Caution for EC Directive

The FX2N-2AD have been found to be compliant to the European standards in the aforesaid manual and directive. However, for the very best performance from what are in fact delicate measuring and controlled output device Mitsubishi Electric would like to make the following points;
As analog devices are sensitive by nature, their use should be considered carefully.
For users of proprietary cables (integral with sensors or actuators), these users should follow those manufacturers installation requirements.
Mitsubishi Electric recommend that shielded cables should be used. If NO other EMC protection is provided, then users may experience temporary loss or accuracy between $\pm 10 \%$ in very heavy industrial areas. However, Mitsubishi Electric suggest that if adequate EMC precautions are followed for the users complete control system, users should expect accuracy as specified in this manual.

- Sensitive analog cable should not be laid in the same trunking or cable conduit as high voltage cabling. Where possible users should run analog cables separately.
- Good cable shielding should be used. When terminating the shield at Earth - ensure that no earth loops are accidentally created.
- When reading analog values, EMC accuracy can be improved out by averaging the readings. This can be achieved either through functions on the through a users program in the main unit.


## 1. Introduction

The FX2N-2AD type analog input block (hereafter referred to as the FX2N-2AD) is used to convert the analog input of two points (voltage and current input) into a digital value of 12 bits, and to forward the values to the Programmable Controller (hereafter referred to as a PLC).
FX2N-2AD can connected to the FXon, FX1N, FX2N, and the FX2NC series Programmable Controllers.

1) The analog input is selected from the voltage or current input by the method of connecting wires. At this time, assume the setting to be two channels common analog input (voltage or current input).
2) The analog to digital conversion characteristics can be adjusted.
3) The block occupies 8 I/O points which can be allocated from either inputs or outputs.
4) The data transfer with the PLC uses the FROM/TO instructions.

## 2. External Dimensions and Parts



Mass (Weight):0.2kg (0.44lbs)
Accessories: Special Function block number label

## 3. Wiring


*1 The $\mathrm{FX}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ cannot have 1 channel as an analog voltage input and one channel as current input because both channels use the same offset and gain values. For current input please short circuit VIN and IIN as shown in the diagram.
*2 Connect a 0.1 to $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} 25 \mathrm{~V}$ DC capacitor with the position of *2 when there is voltage ripple in the voltage input or there will be a lot of noise.

## 4. Connection with Programmable controller

1) The $\mathrm{FX}_{2} \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ and main unit are connected by a cable on the right of the main unit.
2) Up to 4 FX2N-2AD units can connect to the FXon series PLC, up to 5 for $F X_{1 N}$, up to 8 for $F X_{2 N}$ or, up to 4 for the FX2NC series PLC, all with powered extension units.
However the following limitation exists when the undermentioned special function blocks are connected.
FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of 32 points I/O or less. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks $\leq 190 \mathrm{~mA}$

FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of I/O 48 points or more. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks $\leq 300 \mathrm{~mA}$
FX2NC: Up to 4 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O.
FXON/1N: Main unit and powered extension units. Up to 2 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O.

|  | FX2N-2AD | FX2N-2DA | FX0N-3A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption current of 24V DC for one unit | 50 mA | 85 mA | 90 mA |

The consumption current of the above units is to be subtracted from the service power supply of the host PLC.
3) The blocks occupies 8 points. (The 8 points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs).
4) $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ consumes 5 V DC by 20 mA .

The total 5 V consumption of all special function blocks connected to an FX2N, FX2NC main unit or FX2N extension unit must not exceed the 5 V source capacity of the system.

## 5. Specifications

### 5.1 General specification

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric withstand <br> voltage | 500 V AC 1min (Between all terminals and case) |

General specifications other than the above-mentioned are the same as the main unit of the Programmable controller. (Refer to the Hardware manual of the Programmable controller)

### 5.2 Power supply specification and others

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog circuits | 24 V DC $\pm 10 \%$ 50mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Digital circuits | 5V DC 20mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Isolation | Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. <br> No isolation between analog channels. |
| Number of occupied <br> I/O points | The blocks occupies either 8 input or output points <br> (can be either inputs or outputs) |

### 5.3 Defining gain and offset

| Item | Voltage input | Current input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Range of analog input | At shipping, the unit is adjusted to a digital range of 0 to 4000 for an analog voltage input of 0 to 10V DC. When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain. |  |
|  | 0 to 10V DC, 0 to 5V DC (input resistance $200 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input voltage in excess of $-0.5 \mathrm{~V},+15 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | 4 to 20 mA (input resistance $250 \Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input current in excess of $-2 m A,+60 m A$ |
| Digital output | 12bit |  |
| Resolution | $2.5 \mathrm{mV}: 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ (At shipment) Change depending on the input characteristic. | $4 \mu \mathrm{~A}:(20-4) \mathrm{A} / 4000$ <br> Change depending on the input characteristic. |
| Integrated accuracy | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Processing time | $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel (synchronized to the sequence program) |  |
| Input characteristics | Analog value : 0 to 10 V Digital value : 0 to 4000 (At shipment) | Analog value : 0 to 20 mA Digital value :0 to 4000 |
|  | The input characteristic is the same for each channel. |  |

## 6. Allocation of buffer memory (BFM)

### 6.1 Buffer memory

| BFM number | b15 to b8 | b7 to b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#0 | Reserved | Current value of input data (lower 8bit data) |  |  |  |  |
| \#1 | Reserved $\quad$ Current value of input data (higher 4bit data) |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#2 to 16 | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#17 | Reserved |  |  |  | Analog to digital conversion beginning | Analog to digital conversion channel |
| \#18 or more | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |

BFM\#0 :The current value of the input data for the channel specified with BFM\#17 (lower 8bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.

BFM\#1:The current value of the input data (higher 4bit data) is stored. The current value data is storeo by binary.
BFM\#17:b0 $\ldots$ Channel $(\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2)$ which does the analog to digital conversion is specified.
b0 $=0 \cdots \mathrm{CH} 1$
$\mathrm{b} 0=1 \cdots \mathrm{CH} 2$
$\mathrm{b} 1 \cdots 0 \rightarrow 1$ The A/D conversion process is started.
Write/read data to the above-mentioned buffer memory according to the programming example of "8.Program example".

## 7. Adjustment of offset and gain

### 7.1 Change in input characteristic

At shipment, 0 to 4000 range is selected for 0 to 10 V DC input.
When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10 V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain.
The module does not allow different input characteristics for two channels.
Set analog values within the range specified in the table below when changing the input characteristic.
Range of input characteristic

|  | Voltage input | Current input |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Analog value when digital value is 0 | 0 to 1 V | 0 to 4 mA |
| Analog value when digital value is 4000 | 5 to 10 V | 20 mA |

Resolution changes depending on the set value when the input characteristic changes accordingly.
Example: Resolution becomes (5-0V)/4000=1.25mV at voltage input 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V} / 0$ to 4000 .
Integrated accuracy does not change. (Voltage input: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$, Current input: $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ )

### 7.2 Adjustment of the input characteristic

The adjustment of the offset and gain values sets a digital equivalent to the analogue data. (The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting.)

Voltage input Current input
 *1

*1 The digital value increases if the volume is turned clockwise.
(FX2N-4DA and FX2N-2DA can be used instead of the voltage and current generator)

### 7.2.1 Adjustment of gain

The gain value can be set to an arbitrary digital value.
However, using the maximum 12bit resolution provides the user with a digital range of 0 to 4000 .


### 7.2.2 Adjustment of offset

The offset value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, it is advisable to set the analog value when the digital value is set as following.



For instance, when a digital range of 0 to 4000 is used with the analog range of 0 to 10 V , a digital value of 40 is equal to an analog input of 100 mV . ( $40 \times 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ digital points)

1) The offset and gain adjustments for CH 1 and CH 2 are accomplished at the same time. When the offset and gain values of one channel are adjusted, the other channel is automatically adjusted.
2) Repeat the offset and gain adjustment alternately until a stable value is reached.
3) Each channel is common to the analog input circuit. However, check each channel individually for maximum accuracy.
4) Adjust offset / gain by using subsection 8-3 "Example of programming making average value data" when a digital value is not steady.
5) Adjust the gain before the offset.

## 8. Program example

The following program examples (8.1 and 8.3) are formula circuits.
The device numbers that have been underlined can be assigned by the user during programming.

### 8.1 Example of programming analog input



Analog to digital conversion execution input of $\mathrm{CH} 1: \mathrm{X000}$
Analog to digital conversion execution input of $\mathrm{CH} 2: \mathrm{X001}$
At the same time X000 and X001 can be turned ON.
A/D input data CH1 :D100 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once) A/D input data CH2 :D101 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once)
Processing time: $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel
(Time from turning on X000 and X001 to storage of analog to digital conversion value in data register of main unit.)
*1 Change the circuit of "*1" as follows when using an FXon PLC


### 8.2 Connection to FX2N (V3.00 or later) or FX2NC (V3.00 or later) Series PLC

Please use FNC 176 (RD3A).
Refer to FX Series Programming Manual II.

### 8.3 Example of programming making average value data

Add the undermentioned program after "8.1 Example of programming analog input" and use the average value data when you can not read a stable digital value.

| 0 | M8002 |  | [DMOV | K0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | M133 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | [DMOV | K0 |
|  |  |  | [DMOV | K0 |
|  |  |  | [MOV | K0 |
|  |  |  | [MOV | K0 |
| 39 | M8000 |  |  | [DINC |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | [DADD | D114 | D100 |
|  |  | [DADD | D116 | D102 |
|  |  | [DCMP | D118 | K20 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ |
| 84 |  | [DDIV | D114 | D118 |
|  |  | [DDIV | D116 | D118 |

$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\underline{\text { D114 }} & H \\ \underline{\text { D116 }} & H \\ \underline{\text { D118 }} & H \\ \underline{\text { D101 }} & H \\ \underline{\text { D103 }} & H\end{array}\right\}$
a a) Initialization of data
b) Count of sampling frequency
c) Total of input data of CH 1
d) Total of input data of CH 2
e) Comparison of sampling frequencies K20 is an average frequency
f) The average value of CH 1 is calculated, and the result is stored in D111, D110
g) The average value of CH 2 is calculated, and the result is stored in D113, D112

## A/D input data of CH 1 :D100 <br> A/D input data of CH 2 :D102 <br> Sampling frequency :D118

Agreement flag of sampling frequency and average frequency :M133
Average value of CH1 :D111, D110
Average value of CH2 :D113, D112
*1 The above program example has an average sampling frequency of 20 . Make the average frequency within the range of 2 to 262143.

## 9. Notes in drive

1) Confirm whether the input wiring of $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ and the connection of the extension cable is correctly done.
2) Confirm whether the " 4 . Connection with programmable controller" condition is satisfied.
3) When shipped from the factory, the input characteristic is adjusted to 0 to 10 V DC.

If a different input characteristic is desired, please adjust as required.
When the input characteristic is adjusted, the input characteristics of CH 1 and CH 2 are changed.
4) The coexistence use for the current and voltage input cannot be done with two channels.

## 10. Error check

Confirm the following items when it seems that the FX2N-2AD does not operate normally.

1) Confirm the state of POWER LED.

Lit
:The extension cable is correctly connected.
Turn off or blinks :Confirm the proper connection of the extension cable.
2) Confirm the external wiring per section "3. Wiring".
3) Confirm whether the load resistance of the connected equipment corresponds to the specification of the FX2N-2AD.
4) Confirm the Voltage and Current input values with a voltage and current generator. Confirm the analog to digital conversion from the input characteristic.
5) Readjust the offset and gain by "7. Adjustment of offset and gain" when the analog to digital conversion is not suitable for the input characteristic.
The input characteristic when shipped from the factory is 0 to 10 V DC.

## Guidelines for the safety of the user and protection of the FX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK

- This manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. This is defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage and EMC.
- If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the FX2N-2AD always consult a professional electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doubt about the operation or use of the FX2N-2AD please consult your local Mitsubishi Electric representative.
- Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequential damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.
- All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
- Owing to the very great variety in possible application of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

## Warranty

Mitsubishi will not be held liable for damage caused by factors found not to be the cause of Mitsubishi; opportunity loss or lost profits caused by faults in the Mitsubishi products; damage, secondary damage, accident compensation caused by special factors unpredictable by Mitsubishi; damages to products other than Mitsubishi products; and to other duties.

## 1. For safe use

- This product has been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and has not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
Before using the product for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power, aerospace, medicine or passenger movement vehicles, consult with Mitsubishi Electric.
This product has been manufactured under strict quality control. However when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate backup or failsafe functions in the system.


MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION
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## 1. Introduction

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3) The block occupies $8 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{O}$ points which can be allocated from either inputs or outputs.
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2. External Dimensions and Parts

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Note
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Gothaer Str. 8, 40880 Ratingen, Germany
Type: Programmable Controller (Open Type Equipment)
Models: MELSEC FX2N series manufactured
from December 1st, 1998 FX2n-2AD

| Standard | Remark |
| :---: | :---: |
| EN61131-2: 2007 <br> Programmable controllers <br> - Equipment requirements and tests | Compliance with all relevant aspects of the standard EMI <br> - Radiated Emission <br> - Conducted Emission <br> EMS <br> - Radiated electromagnetic field <br> - Fast transient burst <br> - Electrostatic discharge <br> - High-energy surge <br> - Voltage drops and interruptions <br> - Conducted RF <br> - Power frequency magnetic field |

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Send
Sensitive analog cable should not be laid in the same trunking or cable conduit as high voltage
cabling. Where possible users should run analog cables separately.
Good cable shielding should be used. When terminating the shield at Earth - ensure that no earth created.
When reading analog values, EMC accuracy can be improved out by averaging the readings. This can be achieved either through functions on the through a users program in the main unit.

1) The $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ and main unit are connected by a cable on the right of the main unit.
2) Up to 4 FX2N-2AD units can connect to the FXon series PLC, up to 5 for $F X_{1 N}$, up to 8 for $\mathrm{FX}_{2 N}$ or, up 104 for the FX2NC series PLC, all with powered extension units. FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of 32 points $1 / O$ or less. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks $\leq 190 \mathrm{~mA}$
FX2N: $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Main unit and powered extension units of } I / O 48 \text { points or more. Consumption current available } \\ & \text { for undermentioned special function blocks } \leq 300 \mathrm{~mA}\end{aligned}$
FX2NC: Up to 4 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O FXoN/iN: Main unit and powered extension units. Up to 2 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O,

|  | FX2N-2AD | FX2N-2DA | FXON-3A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption current of 24V DC for one unit | 50 mA | 85 mA | 90 mA |

The consumption current of the above units is to be subtracted from the service power supply of the host PLC.
3) The blocks occupies 8 points. (The 8 points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs).
4) $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ consumes 5 V DC by 20 mA .

The total 5 V consumption of all special function blocks connected to an $\mathrm{FX}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$, FX 2 NC main unit or

FX2N extension unit must not exceed the 5 V source capacity of the system.

## 5. Specifications

5.1 General specification

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric withstand <br> voltage | 500V AC 1 min (Between all terminals and case) |

General specifications other than the above-mentioned are the same as the main unit of the mal 5.2 Power supply specification and others

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog circuits | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \pm 10 \% 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Digita circuits | 5 V DC 20mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Isolation | Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. <br> No isolation between analog channels. |
| Number of occupied <br> U/O points | The blocks occupies either 8 input or output points <br> (can be either inputs or outputs) |

### 5.3 Defining gain and offset

| Item | Voltage input | Current input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Range of analog input | At shipping, the unit is adjusted to a digital range of 0 to 4000 for an analog voltage input of 0 to 10 V DC. When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10 V DC , it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain. |  |
|  | 0 to 10 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC (input resistance 200K $\Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input voltage in excess of $-0.5 \mathrm{~V},+15 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC}$ | 4 to 20 mA (input resistance 250 $\Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input current in excess of $-2 \mathrm{~mA},+60 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Digital output | 12bit |  |
| Resolution | $2.5 \mathrm{mV}: 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ (At shipment) Change depending on the input characteristic. | 4 A : $(20-4) \mathrm{A} / 4000$ Change depending on the input characteristic. |
| Integrated accuracy | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Processing time | $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel (synchronized to the sequence program) |  |
| Input characteristics | Analog value :0 to 10 V Digital value :0 to 4000 (At shipment) | Analog value :0 to 20 mA Digital value :0 to 4000 |
|  | The input characteristic is the same for each channel. |  |

## 6. Allocation of buffer memory (BFM)

### 6.1 Buffer memory

5.1 General specifiction

| BFM | b15 to b8 | b7 to b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#0 | Reserved | Current value of input data (lower 8bit data) |  |  |  |  |
| \#1 | Reserved $\quad$ Current value of input data (higher 4bit data) |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#2 to 16 | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#17 | Reserved |  |  |  | Analog to digital conversion beginning | Analog to digital conversion channel |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \#18 or } \end{aligned}$ \|more | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |

BFM\#0 :The current value of the input data for the channel specified with BFM\#17 (lower 8bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.
BFM\#1:The current value of the input data (higher 4bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.
BFM\#17:b0 ‥Channel (CH1,CH2) which does the analog to digital conversion is specified. $\mathrm{b} 0=0 \cdots \mathrm{CH} 1$
$\mathrm{~b} 0=1 \ldots \mathrm{CH} 2$
$\mathrm{b} 0=\cdots \mathrm{CH} 2$
$\mathrm{~b} 1 \cdots 0 \rightarrow 1$ The $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{D}$ conversion process is started.
Write/read data to the above-mentioned buffer memory according to the programming example of "8.Program example".

## 7. Adjustment of offset and gain

### 7.1 Change in input characteristic

At shipment, 0 to 4000 range is selected for 0 to $10 \mathrm{~V} D$ input.
inputs except 0 to 10 VC , it is necessary to
The module does not allow different input characteristics for two channels.
Set analog values within the range specified in the table below when changing the input characteristic. Range of input characteristic

|  | Voltage input | Current input |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Analog value when digital value is 0 | 0 to 1 V | 0 to 4 mA |
| Analog value when digital value is 4000 | 5 to 10 V | 20 mA |

Resolution changes depending on the set value when the input characteristic changes accordingly.
Example: Resolution becomes $(5-\mathrm{OV}) / 4000=1.25 \mathrm{mV}$ at voltage input 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V} / 0$ to 400 C
Integrated accuracy does not change. (Voltage input: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$, Current input: $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ )

## Adjustment of the input characteristic

The adjustment of the offset and gain values sets a digital equivalent to the analogue data.
(The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting )
(The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting.)
Voltage input





*1 The digital value increases if the volume is turned clockwise
( $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-4 \mathrm{DA}$ and $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{DA}$ can be used instead of the voltage and current generator)
7.2.1 Adjustment of gain

The gain value can be set to an arbitrary digital value.
The gain value can be set to an arbitrary digital value.
However, using the maximum 12bit resolution provides the user with a digital range of 0 to 4000


### 7.2.2 Adjustment of offset

The offset value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, it is advisable to set the analog value when the digital value is set as following.


For instance, when a digital range of 0 to 4000 is used with the analog range of 0 to 10 V , a digital value of 40 is equal to an analog input of 100 mV . $(40 \times 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ digital points)

1) The offset and gain adjustments for CH 1 and CH 2 are accomplished at the same time. When the offset and gain values of one channel are adjusted, the other channel is automatically adjusted.
2) Repeat the offset and gain adjustment alternately until a stable value is reached.
3) Each channel is common to the analog input circuit. However, check each channel individually for maximum accuracy.
4) Adjust offset / gain by using subsection 8-3 "Example of programming making average value data" anen a digital value is not stead.

## 8. Program example

The following program examples (8.1 and 8.3) are formula circuits.
The device numbers that have been underlined can be assigned by the user during programming.
8.1 Example of programming analog input


Analog to digital conversion execution input of $\mathrm{CH} 1: \mathrm{X000}$
Analog to digital conversion execution input of $\mathrm{CH} 2: \mathrm{XOO}$
At the same time X 000 and X 001 can be turned ON
A/D input data CH1: D100 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once) AD input data CH2 :D101 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once) Processing time: $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel X000 and X001 to storage of analog to digital conversion value in (Time from turrning on $\times 000$
data register of main unit.)
"1 Change the circuit of "1" as follows when using an FXon PLC


### 8.2 Connection to FX2N (V3.00 or later) or FX2NC (V3.00 or later) Series PLC

 Please use FNC 176 (RD3A). Refer to FX Series Programming Manual II.
### 8.3 Example of programming making average value data

Add the undermentioned program after "8.1 Example of programming analog input" and use the averag value data when you can not read a stable digital value.


A/D input data of CH1 :D100
$A / D$ input data of CH2 :D102
Sampling frequency:D118
Agreement flag of sampling frequency and average frequency :M133
Average value of CH 1
Average value of $\mathrm{CH} 2: \mathrm{D} 111, \mathrm{D} 110$
$\mathrm{D} 113, \mathrm{D} 112$
*1 The above program example has an average sampling frequency of 20 . Make the average frequency within the range of 2 to 262143

## 9. Notes in drive

1) Confirm whether the input wiring of $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ and the connection of the extension cable is correctly
2) Confirm whether the "4. Connection with programmable controller" condition is satisfied.
3) When shipped from the factory, the input characteristic is adjusted to 0 to 10 VDC

If a different input characteristic is desired, please adjust as required.
When the input characteristic is adjusted, the input characteristics of CH 1 and CH 2 are changed
4) The coexistence use for the current and voltage input cannot be done with two channels.

## 10. Error check

Confirm the following items when it seems that the $\operatorname{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ does not operate normally.

1) Confirm the state of POWER LED

Lit :The extension cable is correctly connected.
Turn off or blinks :Confirm the proper connection of the extension cable.
2) Confirm the external wiring per section " 3 . Wiring".
3) Confirm whether the load resistance of the connected equipment corresponds to the specification of the FX2N-2AD
4) Confirm the Voltage and Current input values with a voltage and current generator. Confirm the the input characteristic.
5) Readjust the offset and gain by "7. Adjustment of offset and gain" when the analog to digital conversion is not suitable for the input characteristic.
The input characteristic when shipped from the factory is 0 to $10 \mathrm{~V} D$.

## Guidelines for the safety of the user and protection of the FX2N-2AD SPECIAL

## FUNCTION BLOCK

This manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. This is define by the European directives for machinery, low voltage and EMC.
If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ always consult a professiona electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doub about the operation or use of the FX2N-2AD please consult your local Mitsubishi Electric representative.
Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequentia
damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.
All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to
understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept $n$ responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
Owing to the very great variety in possible application of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it
confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.
Warranty
Mitsubishi will not be held liable for damage caused by factors found not to be the cause of Mitsubishi; opportunity loss or lost profits caused by faults in the Mitsubishi products; damage, secondary damage, accident compensation caused by special factors unpredictable by Mitsubishi;
damages to products other than Mitsubishi products; and to other duties.

## $\widehat{\wedge}$ For safe use

This product has been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and has not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
Before using the product for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power,
aerospace, medicine or - erospace, medicine or passenger movement vehicles, consult with Mitsubishi Electric.
This product has been manufactured under strict quality control. However when installing the product where maeor accidents or lossses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate
backup or failsafe functions in the system.

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