

# Mitsubishi Programmable Controller

# MELSEC iQ-R

# MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual (Startup)

-R60DA8-G -R60DA16-G

# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The precautions given in this manual are concerned with this product only. For the safety precautions of the programmable controller system, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.

In this manual, the safety precautions are classified into two levels: " / WARNING" and " / CAUTION".

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.
Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in minor or moderate injury or property damage.
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Under some circumstances, failure to observe the precautions given under "<u>CAUTION</u>" may lead to serious consequences.

Observe the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal and system safety.

Make sure that the end users read this manual and then keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

### [Design Precautions]

- Configure safety circuits external to the programmable controller to ensure that the entire system
  operates safely even when a fault occurs in the external power supply or the programmable controller.
  Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
  - (1) Emergency stop circuits, protection circuits, and protective interlock circuits for conflicting operations (such as forward/reverse rotations or upper/lower limit positioning) must be configured external to the programmable controller.
  - (2) When the programmable controller detects an abnormal condition, it stops the operation and all outputs are:
    - Turned off if the overcurrent or overvoltage protection of the power supply module is activated.
    - Held or turned off according to the parameter setting if the self-diagnostic function of the CPU module detects an error such as a watchdog timer error.
  - (3) All outputs may be turned on if an error occurs in a part, such as an I/O control part, where the CPU module cannot detect any error. To ensure safety operation in such a case, provide a safety mechanism or a fail-safe circuit external to the programmable controller. For a fail-safe circuit example, refer to "General Safety Requirements" in the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
  - (4) Outputs may remain on or off due to a failure of a component such as a relay and transistor in an output circuit. Configure an external circuit for monitoring output signals that could cause a serious accident.
- In an output circuit, when a load current exceeding the rated current or an overcurrent caused by a load short-circuit flows for a long time, it may cause smoke and fire. To prevent this, configure an external safety circuit, such as a fuse.
- Configure a circuit so that the programmable controller is turned on first and then the external power supply. If the external power supply is turned on first, an accident may occur due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- For the operating status of each station after a communication failure, refer to manuals relevant to the network. Incorrect output or malfunction due to a communication failure may result in an accident.
- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not write any data to the "system area" and "write-protect area" of the buffer memory in the module. Also, do not use any "use prohibited" signals as an output signal from the CPU module to each module. Doing so may cause malfunction of the programmable controller system. For the "system area", "write-protect area", and the "use prohibited" signals, refer to the user's manual for the module used.

## [Design Precautions]

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- If a communication cable is disconnected, the network may be unstable, resulting in a communication failure of multiple stations. Configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely even if communications fail. Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- To maintain the safety of the programmable controller system against unauthorized access from external devices via the network, take appropriate measures. To maintain the safety against unauthorized access via the Internet, take measures such as installing a firewall.
- Analog outputs may remain on due to a failure of the module. Configure an external interlock circuit for output signals that could cause a serious accident.

### [Design Precautions]

- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- During control of an inductive load such as a lamp, heater, or solenoid valve, a large current (approximately ten times greater than normal) may flow when the output is turned from off to on. Therefore, use a module that has a sufficient current rating.
- After the CPU module is powered on or is reset, the time taken to enter the RUN status varies depending on the system configuration, parameter settings, and/or program size. Design circuits so that the entire system will always operate safely, regardless of the time.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the settings are being written. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM again. Doing so also may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- When changing the operating status of the CPU module from external devices (such as the remote RUN/STOP functions), select "Do Not OPEN in Program" for "Open Method Setting" in the module parameters. If "OPEN in Program" is selected, an execution of the remote STOP function causes the communication line to close. Consequently, the CPU module cannot reopen the line, and external devices cannot execute the remote RUN function.
- Power on or off the external power supply while the programmable controller is on. Failure to do so may result in incorrect output or malfunction.
- At on/off of the power or external power supply, or at the output range switching, a voltage may occur or a current may flow between output terminals for a moment. In this case, start the control after analog outputs become stable.

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• Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.

## [Installation Precautions]

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- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the Safety Guidelines included with the base unit. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction, or damage to or deterioration of the product.
- To mount a module, place the concave part(s) located at the bottom onto the guide(s) of the base unit, and push in the module until the hook(s) located at the top snaps into place. Incorrect interconnection may cause malfunction, failure, or drop of the module.
- When using the programmable controller in an environment of frequent vibrations, fix the module with a screw.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- When using an extension cable, connect it to the extension cable connector of the base unit securely. Check the connection for looseness. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- When using an SD memory card, fully insert it into the SD memory card slot. Check that it is inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Securely insert an extended SRAM cassette into the cassette connector of the CPU module. After insertion, close the cassette cover and check that the cassette is inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not directly touch any conductive parts and electronic components of the module, SD memory card, extended SRAM cassette, or connector. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

## [Wiring Precautions]

- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before installation and wiring. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- After installation and wiring, attach the included terminal cover to the module before turning it on for operation. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

- Individually ground the FG and LG terminals of the programmable controller with a ground resistance of 100 ohms or less. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or malfunction.
- Use applicable solderless terminals and tighten them within the specified torque range. If any spade solderless terminal is used, it may be disconnected when the terminal screw comes loose, resulting in failure.
- Check the rated voltage and signal layout before wiring to the module, and connect the cables correctly. Connecting a power supply with a different voltage rating or incorrect wiring may cause fire or failure.
- Connectors for external devices must be crimped or pressed with the tool specified by the manufacturer, or must be correctly soldered. Incomplete connections may cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Securely connect the connector to the module. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- Place the cables in a duct or clamp them. If not, dangling cable may swing or inadvertently be pulled, resulting in damage to the module or cables or malfunction due to poor contact. Do not clamp the extension cables with the jacket stripped.
- Check the interface type and correctly connect the cable. Incorrect wiring (connecting the cable to an incorrect interface) may cause failure of the module and external device.
- Tighten the terminal screws or connector screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, fire, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- When disconnecting the cable from the module, do not pull the cable by the cable part. For the cable with connector, hold the connector part of the cable. For the cable connected to the terminal block, loosen the terminal screw. Pulling the cable connected to the module may result in malfunction or damage to the module or cable.
- Prevent foreign matter such as dust or wire chips from entering the module. Such foreign matter can cause a fire, failure, or malfunction.
- A protective film is attached to the top of the module to prevent foreign matter, such as wire chips, from entering the module during wiring. Do not remove the film during wiring. Remove it for heat dissipation before system operation.
- Programmable controllers must be installed in control panels. Connect the main power supply to the power supply module in the control panel through a relay terminal block. Wiring and replacement of a power supply module must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. For wiring, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- For Ethernet cables to be used in the system, select the ones that meet the specifications in the user's manual for the module used. If not, normal data transmission is not guaranteed.
- Individually ground the shielded cables of the programmable controller with a ground resistance of 100 ohms or less. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or malfunction.

## [Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

- Do not touch any terminal while power is on. Doing so will cause electric shock or malfunction.
- Correctly connect the battery connector. Do not charge, disassemble, heat, short-circuit, solder, or throw the battery into the fire. Also, do not expose it to liquid or strong shock. Doing so will cause the battery to produce heat, explode, ignite, or leak, resulting in injury and fire.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before cleaning the module or retightening the terminal screws, connector screws, or module fixing screws. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not disassemble or modify the modules. Doing so may cause failure, malfunction, injury, or a fire.
- Use any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or PHS (Personal Handy-phone System) more than 25cm away in all directions from the programmable controller. Failure to do so may cause malfunction.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the component or wire, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- After the first use of the product, do not mount/remove the module to/from the base unit, and the terminal block to/from the module, and do not insert/remove the extended SRAM cassette to/from the CPU module more than 50 times (IEC 61131-2 compliant) respectively. Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- After the first use of the product, do not insert/remove the SD memory card to/from the CPU module more than 500 times. Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Do not touch the metal terminals on the back side of the SD memory card. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Do not touch the integrated circuits on the circuit board of an extended SRAM cassette. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Do not drop or apply shock to the battery to be installed in the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing the battery fluid to leak inside the battery. If the battery is dropped or any shock is applied to it, dispose of it without using.
- Startup and maintenance of a control panel must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. Lock the control panel so that only qualified maintenance personnel can operate it.
- Before handling the module, touch a conducting object such as a grounded metal to discharge the static electricity from the human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.

## [Operating Precautions]

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- When changing data and operating status, and modifying program of the running programmable controller from an external device such as a personal computer connected to an intelligent function module, read relevant manuals carefully and ensure the safety before operation. Incorrect change or modification may cause system malfunction, damage to the machines, or accidents.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the setting values in the buffer memory are being written to the flash ROM in the module. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM again. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

## [Disposal Precautions]

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- When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.
- When disposing of batteries, separate them from other wastes according to the local regulations. For details on battery regulations in EU member states, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.

### [Transportation Precautions]

- When transporting lithium batteries, follow the transportation regulations. For details on the regulated models, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- The halogens (such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine), which are contained in a fumigant used for disinfection and pest control of wood packaging materials, may cause failure of the product. Prevent the entry of fumigant residues into the product or consider other methods (such as heat treatment) instead of fumigation. The disinfection and pest control measures must be applied to unprocessed raw wood.

# **CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT**

(1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;

i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and

ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.

(2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries. MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

# INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controllers.

This manual describes the performance specifications, procedures before operation, wiring, and operation examples of the relevant products listed below.

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controller to handle the product correctly.

When applying the program examples provided in this manual to an actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

Please make sure that the end users read this manual.

Point P

Unless otherwise specified, this manual provides program examples in which the I/O numbers of X/Y0 to X/YF are assigned to the D/A converter module. Assign I/O numbers when applying the program examples to an actual system. For I/O number assignment, refer to the following.

### **Relevant products**

R60DA8-G, R60DA16-G

# COMPLIANCE WITH EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVES

### Method of ensuring compliance

To ensure that Mitsubishi programmable controllers maintain EMC and Low Voltage Directives when incorporated into other machinery or equipment, certain measures may be necessary. Please refer to one of the following manuals.

- 💭 MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual
- D Safety Guidelines (This manual is included with the base unit.)

The CE mark on the side of the programmable controller indicates compliance with EMC and Low Voltage Directives.

### Additional measures

No additional measures are necessary for the compliance of this product with the EMC and Low Voltage Directives.

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# **RELEVANT MANUALS**

Manual name [manual number]	Description	Available form
MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter	Performance specifications, procedures before operation, wiring,	Print book
Module User's Manual (Startup) [SH-081489ENG] (this manual)	operation examples, and offset/gain setting of the D/A converter module	e-Manual EPUB PDF
MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter	Functions, parameter settings, troubleshooting, I/O signals, and	Print book
Module User's Manual (Application) [SH-081491ENG]	buffer memory of the D/A converter module	e-Manual EPUB PDF
MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Instructions, Standard Functions/Function Blocks) [SH-081266ENG]	Instructions for the CPU module, dedicated instructions for the intelligent function modules, and standard functions/function blocks	e-Manual EPUB PDF

This manual does not include detailed information on the following:

- · General specifications
- · Applicable CPU modules and the number of mountable modules
- Installation

For details, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual

This manual does not include information on the module function blocks.

For details, refer to the Function Block Reference for the module used.

Point P

e-Manual refers to the Mitsubishi FA electronic book manuals that can be browsed using a dedicated tool.

- e-Manual has the following features:
- Required information can be cross-searched in multiple manuals.
- Other manuals can be accessed from the links in the manual.
- The hardware specifications of each part can be found from the product figures.
- Pages that users often browse can be bookmarked.

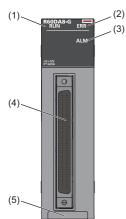
## TERMS

Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

Term	Description	
D/A converter module	The abbreviation for the MELSEC iQ-R series channel isolated digital-analog converter module	
GX Works3	The product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers	
Q compatible mode	A mode in which the module operates with the buffer memory map converted to the equivalent one of the MELSEC Q series	
R mode	A mode in which the module operates with the buffer memory map that has been newly laid out	
Watchdog timer error	An error that occurs if the internal processing of the D/A converter module fails. The module monitors its own internal processing by using the watchdog timer.	
Engineering tool	Another term for GX Works3	
Offset/gain setting mode	A mode used for the offset/gain setting	
Global label	A label that is valid for all the program data when multiple program data are created in the project. There ar types of global label: a module specific label (module label), which is generated automatically by GX Works and an optional label, which can be created for any specified device.	
Factory default setting       A generic term for analog output ranges of 4 to 20mA, 0 to 20mA, 1 to 5V, 0 to 5V, -10 to 10V, 4 (extended mode), and 1 to 5V (extended mode).         In the window on the engineering tool, 4 to 20mA (extended mode) and 1 to 5V (extended mode) as the following:         • 4 to 20mA (Extension)         • 1 to 5V (Extension)		
Normal mode	A mode used for normal D/A conversion. In the engineering tool, the item name of the mode is displayed as "Normal mode (D/A conversion process)".	
Buffer memory	A memory in an intelligent module for storing data (such as setting values and monitored values) to be transferred to the CPU module	

Term	Description	
User range	An analog output range where any value can be set. This range can be set in the offset/gain setting.	
Module label	A label that represents one of memory areas (I/O signals and buffer memory areas) specific to each module in a given character string. For the module used, GX Works3 automatically generates this label, which can be used as a global label.	

This chapter describes the part names of the D/A converter module.



No.	Name	Description		
(1)	RUN LED	Indicates the operating status of the module. On: Normal operation Flashing (cycle of 1s): In offset/gain setting mode Flashing (cycle of 400ms): Selected as a module for the online module change Off: 5V power supply interrupted, watchdog timer error occurred, or module change permitted in the process of online module change		
(2)	ERR LED	Indicates the error status of the module. <sup>*1</sup> On: Error occurred Off: Normal operation		
(3)	ALM LED	Indicates the alarm status of the module. <sup>*1</sup> On: Alert occurred Off: Normal operation		
(4)	Connector for external devices	Connector for connection to output signal wires from external devices and others For the signal layout, refer to the following. Page 23 Signal layout of the connector for external devices		
(5)	Production information marking	Shows the product information (16 digits) of the module.		

\*1 For details, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual (Application)

# **2** SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes the performance specifications.

# **2.1** Performance Specifications

This section describes the performance specifications of the D/A converter modules.

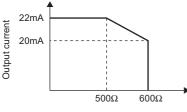
### R60DA8-G, R60DA16-G

Item Specific			ations			
Number of analog	output channels	R60DA8-G: 8 channels				
		R60DA16-G: 16 channels				
Digital input		16-bit signed binary value (-32768 to 32767)				
Analog output vol	tage	-12 to 12	VDC (external load resistanc	e value 1k $\Omega$ or more)		
Analog output cur	rent		0 to 20mADC (external load resistance value $0\Omega$ to $600\Omega$ ) 0 to 22mADC (external load resistance value <sup>*6</sup> )			
I/O conversion ch	aracteristics,	Analog output range		Digital value	Resolution	
resolution*1		Voltage	0 to 5V	0 to 32000	156.3μV	
			1 to 5V		125.0µV	
			-10 to 10V	-32000 to 32000	312.5µV	
			-12 to 12V		378.4µV	
			1 to 5V (extended mode)	-8000 to 36000 <sup>*7</sup>	125.0µV	
			User range setting 2	-32000 to 32000	378.4µV	
			User range setting 3		312.0µV	
		Current	0 to 20mA	0 to 32000	625.0nA	
			4 to 20mA		500.0nA	
			4 to 20mA (extended mode)	-8000 to 36000 <sup>*7</sup>	500.0nA	
			User range setting 1	-32000 to 32000	360.1nA	
Accuracy (accurac analog output valu	cy for the maximum Je) <sup>*2</sup>	Reference accuracy: Within ±0.1% (Voltage: ±10mV, Current: ±20μA) <sup>*3</sup> Temperature coefficient: ±50ppm/°C (0.005%/°C) <sup>*4</sup>				
Conversion speed	1	1ms/CH				
Number of offset/gain settings <sup>*5</sup>		50000 times maximum				
Output short circu	it protection	Built-in				
Be		Between I/O terminals and programmable controller power supply: Transformer Between analog output channels: Transformer Between external power supply and analog output channel: Transformer				
Withstand voltage		Between I/O terminals and programmable controller power supply: 500VACrms for 1 minute Between analog output channels: 1000VACrms for 1 minute Between external power supply and analog output channel: 500VACrms for 1 minute				
Insulation resistance		Between I/O terminals and programmable controller power supply: $10M\Omega$ or higher, at 500VDC Between analog output channels: $10M\Omega$ or higher, at 500VDC Between external power supply and analog output channel: $10M\Omega$ or higher, 500VDC				
Number of occupied I/O points		R60DA8-G: 16 points, 1 slot (I/O assignment: Intelligent 16 points)     R60DA16-G: 48 points, 2 slots (I/O assignment: Empty 16 points + Intelligent 32 points)				
External interface		40-pin connectors				
Applicable wire size	When A6CON1 and A6CON4 are used	0.088 to 0.3mm (28 to 22 AWG) (stranded wire)				
	When A6CON2 is used	0.088 to 0.24mm (28 to 24 AWG) (stranded wire)				
Connectors for av	ternal devices	A6CON1	, A6CON2, A6CON4 (sold se	parately)		

Item		Specifications	
External power supply		24VDC +20%, -15%	
		Ripple, spike 500mV <sub>p-p</sub> or lower	
		Inrush current • R60DA8-G: 4.2A, 540μs or less • R60DA16-G: 4.2A, 540μs or less, for DC24V_1 and DC24V_2 respectively	
		Current consumption • R60DA8-G: 0.36A • R60DA16-G: 0.70A	
Internal current consumption (5VDC)		• R60DA8-G: 0.18A • R60DA16-G: 0.25A	
External	Height	106mm (Base unit mounting side: 98mm)	
dimensions	Width	R60DA8-G: 27.8mm     R60DA16-G: 56mm	
	Depth	110mm	
Weight		• R60DA8-G: 0.21kg • R60DA16-G: 0.32kg	

\*1 For details on the I/O conversion characteristics, refer to the following.

- Page 37 I/O Conversion Characteristics
- \*2 Except for the conditions under noise influence.
- \*3 The accuracy at an ambient temperature when the offset/gain setting is configured. Obtaining sufficient accuracy requires a warm-up of 30 minutes (energization).
- \*4 The accuracy based on a temperature change of 1°C.
- \*5 A count more than 50000 times causes Number of writes to offset/gain settings reach limit error (error code: 1080H).
- \*6 For an output current of 20mA or higher, the corresponding external load resistance value is plotted as shown below.



External load resistance value

\*7 The following table lists the resolution (16 bits, 32 bits) in extended mode.

Input range	16 bits		32 bits	
	Analog value	Digital value	Analog value	Digital value
1 to 5V (extended mode)	0 to 5.095V	-8000 to 32767	0 to 5.5V	-8000 to 36000
4 to 20mA (extended mode)	0 to 20.38mA	-8000 to 32767	0 to 22mA	-8000 to 36000

### Restrictions

The module R60DA16-G takes up two slots and so there are restrictions on the available firmware version of the RCPU module. For details, refer to the following.

• 💭 MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

**3** FUNCTION LIST

The following table lists the functions of the D/A converter module. For further details on the function, refer to the following. MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual (Application)

Item	Description	
Range switching function	Allows the output range of analog output to be switched for each channel. Switching the range makes it possible to change the I/O conversion characteristics.	
D/A conversion enable/disable setting function	Controls whether to enable or disable D/A conversion for each channel. Disabling D/A conversion on unused channels reduces the conversion cycles.	
D/A output enable/disable setting function	Controls whether the D/A conversion value or the offset value is to be output for each channel. The conversion speed is constant regardless of whether the output is enabled or disabled.	
Analog output HOLD/CLEAR function	Controls whether to hold or clear the analog output value that was output when the operating status of the CPU module is STOP or stop error.	
Analog output test function when the CPU module is in the STOP status	Permits an analog output test to be conducted when the CPU module is in the STOP status.	
Scaling function	Performs scale conversion on digital values within the range from a scaling upper limit value to a scaling lower limit value, both of which are set at desired values. This function reduces the time and effort to create a program of the scale conversion.	
Shift function	Allows the set input value shift amount to be added to a digital value.	
Alert output function	Outputs an alert when the digital value is greater than the alert output upper limit value or is smaller than the alert output lower limit value.	
Rate control function	Limits the increment and decrement of an analog output value per 1ms to prevent a sudden change in analog output value.	
External power supply interruption detection function	Detects that no 24VDC external power supply is supplied or the power supply is stopped.	
Disconnection detection function	Detects disconnection by monitoring the analog output value.	
Interrupt function	Starts up an interrupt program of the CPU module when an interrupt factor such as disconnection and alert output is detected.	
Error history function	Records errors and alarms that have occurred in the D/A converter module, storing the record into the buffer memory area. Up to 16 storage areas are provided for errors and alarms, respectively.	
Event history function	Collects generated errors and alarms, and performed operations in the D/A converter module as event information into the CPU module.	
Offset/gain setting	Corrects errors in the D/A conversion values for each channel.	
Backing up, saving, and restoring offset/gain values	The D/A converter module is capable of backing up, saving, and restoring offset/gain values of the user range setting.	
Online module change	Allows module change without stopping the system. For the procedure of the online module change, refer to the following.	
Q compatible mode function	Allows the buffer memory addresses of the D/A converter module to be the same layout as the MELSEC-Q series module. This compatibility makes it possible to reuse sequence programs that have exhibited high performance on the MELSEC-Q series modules.	

# **4** PROCEDURES BEFORE OPERATION

This chapter describes the procedures before operation.

**1.** Mounting a module

Mount the D/A converter module in any desired configuration.

2. Wiring

Perform wiring of external devices to the D/A converter module.

Page 23 External Wiring

3. Adding a module

Add the D/A converter module to a module configuration by using the engineering tool. For details, refer to the following.

4. Parameter settings

Set up the parameters of the D/A converter module by using the engineering tool. For details, refer to the following. MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual (Application)

### 5. Offset/gain setting

Perform the offset/gain setting to use the user range setting, if necessary.

6. Programming

Create a program. For details, refer to the following.

Page 27 OPERATION EXAMPLES

# 5 WIRING

This chapter describes the wiring of the D/A converter module.

# 5.1 Wiring Precautions

- Check the signal layout before wiring to the D/A converter module, and connect the cables correctly. For the signal layout, refer to the following.
- Page 23 Signal layout of the connector for external devices
- · Provide a single-point ground for the shield wire and the shield of the shielded cable.

### **Connectors for external devices**

### Precautions

Tighten the connector screws within the specified torque range.

Screw type	Tightening torque range
Connector screw (M2.6)	0.20 to 0.29N·m

• Use copper wire with a temperature rating of 75°C or higher for the connector.

• Use UL listed connectors if necessary for UL compliance.

### Applicable connectors

Connectors for external devices to be used for the D/A converter module are sold separately. The following tables list the applicable connectors, and the reference product of a crimping tool

#### ■40-pin connectors

Туре	Model	Applicable wire size
Soldering type connector (straight type)	A6CON1 <sup>*1</sup>	0.088 to 0.3mm (28 to 22 AWG) (stranded wire)
Crimping type connector (straight type)	A6CON2	0.088 to 0.24mm (28 to 24 AWG) (stranded wire)
Soldering type connector (dual purpose (straight/oblique) type)	A6CON4 <sup>*1</sup>	0.088 to 0.3mm (28 to 22 AWG) (stranded wire)

\*1 Select wires with a sheath outside diameter of 1.3mm or shorter when using 40 wires. Select wires suitable to the current value used.

### Point P

• The A6CON3 (IDC type connector (straight type)) cannot be used.

• The connector/terminal block converter module and the dedicated cables that are designed for the MELSEC-Q series channel isolated analog module can be used. For details, refer to the following.

Page 26 When the connector/terminal block converter module is used

#### ■40-pin connector crimping tool

Туре	Model	Contact	
Crimping tool	FCN-363T-T005/H	FUJITSU COMPONENT LIMITED	

For how to wire the connector and how to use the crimping tool, contact the manufacturer.

### Wiring method, connection procedure, and disconnection procedure of the connector

For the wiring method, connection procedure, and disconnection procedure, refer to the following. MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual

### Signal layout of the connector for external devices

The following shows the signal layout of the connector for external devices for the D/A converter module. • R60DA8-G

layout (viewed from the front of the dule)	Pin number	Signal name	Pin number	Signal name
	A1	CH1 V+/I+	B1	CH1 V-/I-
	A2	—	B2	—
	A3	CH2 V+/I+	B3	CH2 V-/I-
A1 I B1	A4	-	B4	-
A2 0 0 B2	A5	CH3 V+/I+	B5	CH3 V-/I-
A3 00 B3 A4 00 B4	A6	-	B6	-
A5 00 B5 A6 00 B6	A7	CH4 V+/I+	B7	CH4 V-/I-
A7 0 0 B7	A8	-	B8	-
A8 00 B8 A9 00 B9	A9	-	B9	-
A10 0 0 B10 A11 0 0 B11	A10	CH5 V+/I+	B10	CH5 V-/I-
A12 0 0 B12	A11	-	B11	-
A13 0 0 B13 A14 0 0 B14	A12	CH6 V+/I+	B12	CH6 V-/I-
A15 🛛 🗤 🖉 B15 A16 🗤 🗤 🖉 B16	A13	-	B13	-
A17 0 0 B17	A14	CH7 V+/I+	B14	CH7 V-/I-
A18 0 0 B18 A19 0 0 B19	A15	—	B15	-
A20 🔲 🛛 B20	A16	CH8 V+/I+	B16	CH8 V-/I-
Viewed from the front of the module	A17	—	B17	-
	A18	—	B18	—
	A19	24VDC	B19	24VDC
	A20	24GDC	B20	24GDC

#### • R60DA16-G

Pin layout (viewed from the front of the module)	Pin number	Signal name	Pin number	Signal name	Pin number	Signal name	Pin number	Signal name
	2A1	CH9 V+/I+	2B1	CH9 V-/I-	1A1	CH1 V+/I+	1B1	CH1 V-/I-
	2A2	—	2B2	—	1A2	—	1B2	—
$\bigcirc$	2A3	CH10 V+/I+	2B3	CH10 V-/I-	1A3	CH2 V+/I+	1B3	CH2 V-/I-
	2A4	—	2B4	—	1A4	—	1B4	—
2A2 0 0 2B2 1A2 0 0 1B2 2A3 0 0 2B3 1A3 0 0 1B3	2A5	CH11 V+/I+	2B5	CH11 V-/I-	1A5	CH3 V+/I+	1B5	CH3 V-/I-
2A4 0 0 2B4 1A4 0 0 1B4 2A5 0 0 2B5 1A5 0 0 1B5	2A6	—	2B6	—	1A6	—	1B6	—
2A6 0 0 2B6 1A6 0 0 1B6	2A7	CH12 V+/I+	2B7	CH12 V-/I-	1A7	CH4 V+/I+	1B7	CH4 V-/I-
2A7 0 0 2B7 1A7 0 0 1B7 2A8 0 0 2B8 1A8 0 0 1B8	2A8	—	2B8	—	1A8	—	1B8	—
2A9 0 0 2B9 1A9 0 0 1B9 2A10 0 0 2B10 1A10 0 0 1B10	2A9	—	2B9	—	1A9	—	1B9	—
2A11 0 0 2B11 1A11 0 0 1B11	2A10	CH13 V+/I+	2B10	CH13 V-/I-	1A10	CH5 V+/I+	1B10	CH5 V-/I-
2A12 0 0 2B12 1A12 0 0 1B12 2A13 0 0 2B13 1A13 0 0 1B13	2A11	—	2B11	—	1A11	—	1B11	—
2A14 0 0 2B14 1A14 0 0 1B14 2A15 0 0 2B15 1A15 0 0 1B15	2A12	CH14 V+/I+	2B12	CH14 V-/I-	1A12	CH6 V+/I+	1B12	CH6 V-/I-
2A16 0 0 2B16 1A16 0 0 1B16	2A13	—	2B13	—	1A13	—	1B13	—
2A18 0 0 2B18 1A18 0 0 1B18	2A14	CH15 V+/I+	2B14	CH15 V-/I-	1A14	CH7 V+/I+	1B14	CH7 V-/I-
2A19 0 0 2B19 1A19 0 1B19 2A20 0 0 2B20 1A20 0 1B20	2A15	_	2B15	_	1A15	_	1B15	_
	2A16	CH16 V+/I+	2B16	CH16 V-/I-	1A16	CH8 V+/I+	1B16	CH8 V-/I-
2A1 to 2B20 1A1 to 1B20	2A17	_	2B17	_	1A17	_	1B17	_
Viewed from the front of the module	2A18	_	2B18	_	1A18	_	1B18	_
	2A19	24VDC 2	2B19	24VDC 2	1A19	24VDC 1	1B19	24VDC 1
	2A20	24GDC 2	2B20	24GDC 2	1A20	24GDC 1	1B20	24GDC_1

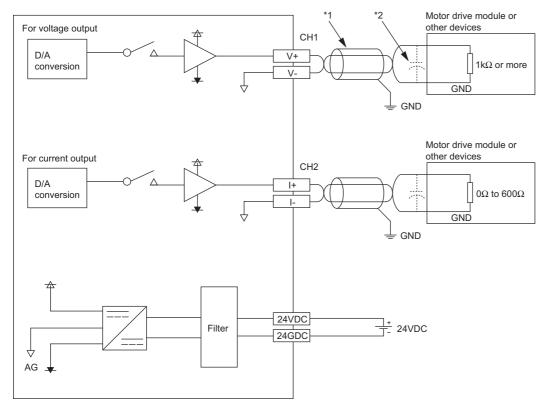
### Point P

The R60DA16-G has two 40-pin connectors, each requiring an external power supply. To use CH1 to CH8, connect an external power supply to DC24V\_1 and DC24G\_1. To use CH9 to CH16, connect an external power supply to DC24V\_2 and DC24G\_2.

### Examples of external wiring

Here are the examples of external wiring.

#### ■R60DA8-G, R60DA16-G



\*1 For the wire, use the 2-core twisted cable.

\*2 If noise or ripple occurs on the analog signal, connect a capacitor of 0.1 to 0.47μF (withstands a voltage of 25V or higher) to the input terminal of the external device.

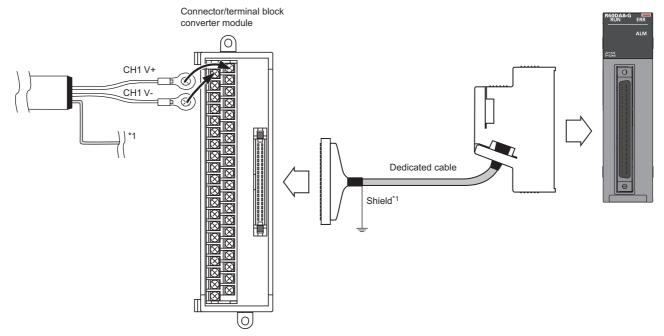
Point P

Ground the FG terminal of the power supply module.

### When the connector/terminal block converter module is used

The D/A converter module allows the use of the connector/terminal block converter module and the dedicated cables that are designed for the R60DA8-G and R60DA16-G.

To use the connector/terminal block converter module, wire the module as shown below.



\*1 Be sure to use a shielded cable. The shield must be grounded.

Product name	Model	Remarks	Contact		
Connector/terminal block converter module	FA-LTB40DAG	—	Your local Mitsubishi Electric sales office or		
Dedicated cable	FA1-CBL05R60DA8G	Cable length 0.5m	representative		
	FA1-CBL10R60DA8G	Cable length 1.0m			
	FA1-CBL20R60DA8G	Cable length 2.0m			
	FA1-CBL30R60DA8G	Cable length 3.0m			

### Point P

In the factory default settings of the modules, or the R60DA8-G and R60DA16-G, the offset/gain setting is configured with the module being independent.

For this reason, the use of the connector/terminal block converter module and the dedicated cables may cause an error in conversion characteristics due to the effect of conductor resistance and other factors. If this effect is a problem, use the user range setting to set the offset and gain values.

For the offset/gain setting, refer to the following.

Page 32 OFFSET/GAIN SETTING

# **6** OPERATION EXAMPLES

This chapter describes the programming procedure and the basic program of the D/A converter module.

# 6.1 Programming Procedure

Take the following steps to create a program for executing the D/A conversion:

- **1.** Set parameters.
- Page 28 Parameter settings
- 2. Create a program.
- Page 30 Program examples

### Point P

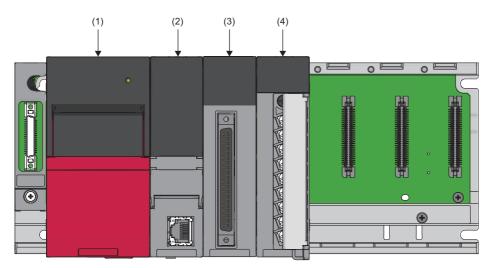
Using function blocks (FBs) reduces load at programming and improves the readability of programs. For details on the function blocks, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module/Digital-Analog Converter Module Function Block Reference

## 6.2 Program Examples

### System configuration

The following figure is an example of the system configuration.



(1) Power supply module (R61P)

(2) CPU module (R120CPU)

(3) D/A converter module (R60DA8-G)

(4) Input module (RX10)

### Conditions in the program

This program writes digital values of the D/A converter module's CH1, CH3, CH5, and CH7 where D/A conversion is enabled. CH1 enables the rate control setting; CH3 enables the alert output setting; and CH5 enables the scaling setting.

### Parameter settings

Perform initial settings in the parameter settings of the engineering tool. The auto refresh setting does not need to be changed here.

For details on the parameter settings, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Channel Isolated Digital-Analog Converter Module User's Manual (Application)

Function	Setting item	CH1	CH2	СНЗ	CH4	CH5	CH6	CH7	CH8
Range switching function	Output range setting	-10 to 10V	—	-10 to 10V	—	0 to 20mA	—	4 to 20mA	—
D/A conversion enable/ disable setting function	D/A conversion enable/disable setting	D/A conversion enable	D/A conversion disable	D/A conversion enable	D/A conversion disable	D/A conversion enable	D/A conversion disable	D/A conversion enable	D/A conversion disable
Scaling function	Scaling enable/ disable setting	Disable	_	Disable	—	Enable	—	Disable	—
	Scaling lower limit value	—	_	—	_	2000	—	—	_
	Scaling upper limit value	_	_	—	_	16000	_	_	_
Shift function	Input value shift amount	0	_	0	_	2000	_	0	_
Alert output function	Alert output setting	Disable	—	Enable	—	Disable	—	Disable	—
	Alert output lower limit value	—	_	0	—	_	—	—	—
	Alert output upper limit value	_	_	32000	_	_	—	—	_
Rate control function	Rate control enable/ disable setting	Enable	_	Disable	_	Disable	—	Disable	_
	Increase digital limit value	8000	_	—	_	_	_	_	_
	Decrease digital limit value	1600	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Output mode setting function	Analog output HOLD/ CLEAR setting	HOLD	_	HOLD	_	CLEAR	_	HOLD	_

### Label settings

GX Works3 provides functions that support the creation of a program.

The following table lists the module labels and global labels used for the program examples in this section.

There is no need to change the settings of the module labels. For details on the global labels, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Program Design)

Classification	Labe	l name		De	escription		Device
Module label	R60D	AG_1.bModuleREADY		Mo	odule READY	X0	
	R60D	AG_1.bExternalPowerSu	pplyREADY_Flag_CH1_8	Ex	ternal power supply	X7	
	R60D	AG_1.bDisconnectionDet	ectionSignal	Dis	sconnection detecti	X0D	
	R60D	AG_1.bWarningOutputSig	gnal	Ale	ert output signal		X0E
	R60D	AG_1.bErrorFlag		En	ror flag		X0F
	R60D	AG_1.bCH1OutputEnable	DisableFlag	CH	11 Output enable/d	sable flag	Y1
	R60D	AG_1.bCH3OutputEnable	DisableFlag	CH	13 Output enable/d	sable flag	Y3
	R60D	AG_1.bCH5OutputEnable	DisableFlag	CH	15 Output enable/d	sable flag	Y5
	R60D	AG_1.bCH7OutputEnable	DisableFlag	CH	17 Output enable/d	sable flag	Y7
	R60D	AG_1.bWarningOutputCle	earRequest	Ale	ert output clear requ	Jest	Y0E
	R60DAG 1.stnControl[0].wDigitalValue				11 Digital value		_
	R60DAG_1.stnControl[2].wDigitalValue				13 Digital value		_
	R60DAG_1.stnControl[4].wDigitalValue				15 Digital value		_
	R60DAG_1.stnControl[6].wDigitalValue				17 Digital value		_
	R60DAG_1.uDisconnectionDetectionFlag				sconnection detecti	on flag	_
	R60DAG_1.uWarningOutputUpperFlag				ert output upper lim	it flag	_
	R60DAG_1.uWarningOutputLowerFlag				ert output lower limi	_	
Labels to be defined	Define	e global labels as shown b	pelow:				1
		Label Name	Data Type		Class	Assign (Device/Labe	el)
	1	CH1_DigInVal	Word [Signed]		VAR_GLOBAL	D11	
	2	CH3_DigInVal	Word [Signed]		VAR_GLOBAL	D12	
	3	CH5_DigInVal	Word [Signed]		VAR_GLOBAL	D13	
	4	CH7_DigInVal	Word [Signed]		VAR_GLOBAL	D14	
	5	CH3_AlmUpLimit	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	F0	
	6	CH3_AlmLowLimit	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	• F1	
	7	CH7_DisconnectDetect	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	F2	
	8	DigitWriteSig	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	× X10	
	9	DAOutputSig	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	× X11	
	10	WarningOutCIrSig	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	× X12	
	11	ErrResetSig	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	× X13	
	12	ErrOperationEN	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	*	
	13	ErrOperationENO	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	•	
	14	ErrOperationOK	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL	•	
	15	UnitErrFlg	Bit		VAR_GLOBAL		
	16	UnitErrCode	Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [16-bit]		VAR_GLOBAL	-	

### Program examples

#### ■Program example 1

• This program is an example where digital values for D/A conversion of CH1, CH3, CH5, and CH7 are set up in the D/A converter module, and then the analog output is enabled to start the D/A conversion.

	D: 1111 - 01	R60DAG_1.bModule	R60DAG_1.bExternalPower			
(0)	DigitWriteSig X10	READY X0	SupplyREADY_Flag_CH1_8 X7	MOV	CH1_DigInVal	R60DAG_1.stnControl [0].wDigitalValue
					D11	
					CH3_DigInVal	R60DAG 1.stnControl
				MOV	D12	[2].wDigitalValue
					DIZ	
				MOV	CH5_DigInVal D13	R60DAG_1.stnControl [4].wDigitalValue
ļ						
				MOV	CH7_DigInVal D14	R60DAG_1.stnControl [6].wDigitalValue
(82)	DAOutputSig X11	R60DAG_1.bModule READY X0	R60DAG_1.bExternalPower SupplyREADY_Flag_CH1_8 X7			R60DAG_1.bCH1Output EnableDisableFlag Y1
	11					
						R60DAG_1.bCH3Output EnableDisableFlag Y3
						R60DAG_1.bCH5Output EnableDisableFlag Y5
						R60DAG_1.bCH7Output EnableDisableFlag Y7
(142						
, )						[END ]

(0) CH1 Digital value, CH3 Digital value, CH5 Digital value, and CH7 Digital value are to be set.

(82) Outputs of CH1, CH3, CH5, and CH7 are to be enabled.

#### ■Program example 2

 This program is an example to clear the processing and the alert output when an alert is output in CH3 of the D/A converter module.

(0)	R60DAG_1.uWarning OutputUpperFlag.2				SET	CH3_AlmUpLimit F0
(30)	R60DAG_1.uWarning OutputLowerFlag.2				SET	CH3_AlmLowLimit F1
(50)	WarningOutClrSig X12 	R60DAG_1.bWarning OutputSignal X0E			SET	R60DAG_1.bWarning OutputClearRequest Y0E
(69)	R60DAG_1.bWarning OutputSignal X0E	R60DAG_1.bWarning OutputClearRequest Y0E			RST	R60DAG_1.bWarning OutputClearRequest Y0E
(88)						(END )

(0) The processing at the time when an upper limit alert is issued in CH3 is to be performed.

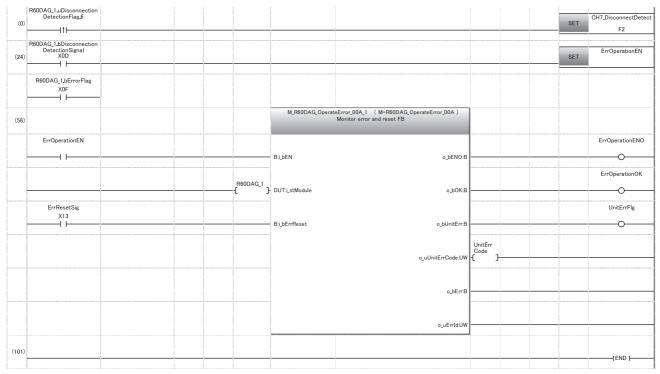
(30) The processing at the time when a lower limit alert is issued in CH3 is to be performed.

(50) 'Alert output clear request' (YE) is to be turned on.

(69) 'Alert output clear request' (YE) is to be turned off.

### ■Program example 3

• This program is an example to display the latest error code when a disconnection is detected or an error is generated in CH7 of the D/A converter module. After this, the program clears Disconnection detection flag, Error flag, and the stored error code.



(0) The processing at the time when a disconnection is detected is to be performed.

(24) Error manipulation start flag is to be turned on.

# **7** OFFSET/GAIN SETTING

Using the user range setting requires the offset/gain setting.

Access to the offset/gain setting window in the engineering tool to set the offset and gain values.

## 7.1 Setting Procedure

The setting procedure for the offset/gain setting of the D/A converter module is as follows:

Mo	_	Tool] ⇔ [Module Tool List] le Tool List	x
		art the selected module tool. Idule Series Selection	
		R Series	
	Ð	Analog Input	
		Offset/gain setting	
	Ξ	Analog Output	
		Offset/gain setting	
		Create wave output data	
	Ξ	Temperature Input	
		Offset/gain setting	
	Ξ	Pulse I/O/Positioning	
		Preset	
		Positioning monitor	
		Positioning test	
		OK Cancel	

Module Selection(Offset/Gain Setting)	
Module Selection	
0000:R60DA8-G   OK Cancel	
MELSOFT GX Works3	-23
Do you want to switch over from normal setting mode to offset/gain setting mode? Caution: - D/A conversion will be cancelled when switching over to offset/gain setting mode. - In case of error occurrence at the target module, the error will be cleared when switching over to offset/gain setting mode.	
<u>Y</u> es No	

**1.** In "Analog Output", select "Offset/gain setting" and click the [OK] button.

**2.** Select the target module for the offset/gain setting, and click the [OK] button.

3. Click the [Yes] button.

fset/Gain Setting					×
Set offset/gain setti	ings.				
Object Module	0000:F	60DA8-G	Error Code		Detail Dis <u>p</u> lay
					Error Clear
Offset/Gain Settin	0				
Channel N		•		<u>۱</u>	
User Range Se			-		
<u> </u>	-				
Offset	Setting (0)	Gain <u>S</u> etting			
Adjustme	nt <u>V</u> alue 1	▼ ±			
-User rang -User rang	djustment value of 1 ge 1 about 0.36mA ge 2 about 370mV ge 3 about 97mV	and	put value with		
Channel No.	Offset Status	Gain Status			
CH1					
CH2					
CH3					
CH4					
CH5					
CH6					
CH7					
CH8					
CH9					
CH10					
CH11					
CH12					
CH13					
CH14					
CH15			_		
CH16					
CH16 Please select a tar	get channel for the ig or Gain setting a				Close

Offset/Gain Setting				
Set offset/gain setti	ings.			
Object Module	- 0000:Re	0DA8-G	Error Code	 Detail Display
00,000,000,000	0000.110		21101 0000	
				Error Clear
Offset/Gain Settin	g			
Channel N	lo. CH1	•		
<u>U</u> ser Range Se	etting User Range	Setting 3	•	
Offset	Setting O	iain <u>S</u> etting	1	
Adiustana	nt Value 1			
Range: 1 t	_	▼ <u>±</u>	-	
-User rang -User rang -User rang can be adj		and -	tput value with	
Channel No.	Offset Status	Gain Status		
CH1				
CH2				
CH3				
CH4				
CH5				
CH6				
CH7				
CH8				
CH9				
CH10				
CH11				
CH12				
CH13				
CH14				
CH15				
CH16				
Please select a tar	get channel for the	offset/gain setting.		
Check Offset settin	ng or Gain setting an	d input an adjustr	ent value.	
				Close

**4.** Specify the user range setting and channel where offset and gain values are to be set.

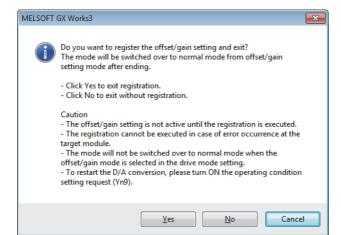
- 7
- **5.** Specify whether to configure the offset setting or gain setting with the radio button. (The steps from step 6 assume that the offset setting is specified.)

Offset/Gain Setting				×			
Set offset/gain sett	inge						
-							
Object Module	0000:R60	JDA8-G Error	Code	Detail Dis <u>p</u> lay			
				Error Clear_			
Offset/Gain Settin	Ig						
Channel N	lo. CH1	•					
User Range Setting 3							
Offset Setting     O Gain Setting							
Adjustment Value							
-User ran -User ran	to 3000 djustment 500 ge 1 abou ge 2 abou ge 3 abou justed.	ne analog output val	ve with				
Channel No.	Offset Status	Gain Status					
CH1							
CH2							
CH3							
CH4							
CH5							
CH6							
CH7							
CH8							
CH9							
CH10							
CH11							
CH12							
CH13							
CH14							
CH15							
CH16							
Please select a tar Check Offset settir	rget channel for the o ng or Gain setting and	ffset/gain setting. input an adjustment valu	ie.	Close			
Offset/Gain Setting				×			

Offset/Gain Setting									
5	Get offset/gain setti	inas.							
	Object Module		0000-8	60DA8-G	Error Code		Detail Display		
	Object Module		0000.11	oobAda	Entir Code		Detail Display		
							Error Clear		
	Offset/Gain Settin	g							
	Channel N	<u>l</u> o.	CH1	•					
	<u>U</u> ser Range Se	etting	User Range	e Setting 3	•				
	Offset Setting     Offset Setting								
	Adjustment Value 1 -								
	-User rand	djustmer ge 1 abo ge 2 abo ge 3 abo	out 0.36mA a out 370mV a	000 the analog out and ind	put value with				
	Channel No.	Offset	Status	Gain Status					
	CH1	a	nanged						
	CH2								
	CH3								
	CH4								
	CH5								
	CH6								
	CH7								
	CH8								
	CH9								
	CH10								
	CH11								
	CH12								
	CH13								
	CH14								
	CH15								
	CH16								
				offset/gain setting. Id input an adjustm	ent value.		Close		

6. The adjustment amount of the offset value or gain value has to be selected from "1", "100", "500", "1000", "2000", and "3000" first; however, further fine adjustments are possible by entering a desired value (1 to 3000).

- 7. Click the [+] button or [-] button to make fine adjustments to the selected adjustment value to obtain the analog output voltage value or analog output current value.
- **8.** The offset setting status of the specified channel is changed to "Changed".
- **9.** To configure the gain setting, repeat the steps from step 5.
- **10.** After the setting is completed, click the [Close] button.



**11.** Click the [Yes] button.

# APPENDICES

### Appendix 1 I/O Conversion Characteristics

The I/O conversion characteristics of D/A conversion are expressed by the slope of the straight line connecting the offset value and the gain value, both of which are used when a digital value written from the CPU module is converted to the corresponding analog output value (voltage or current).

### Offset value

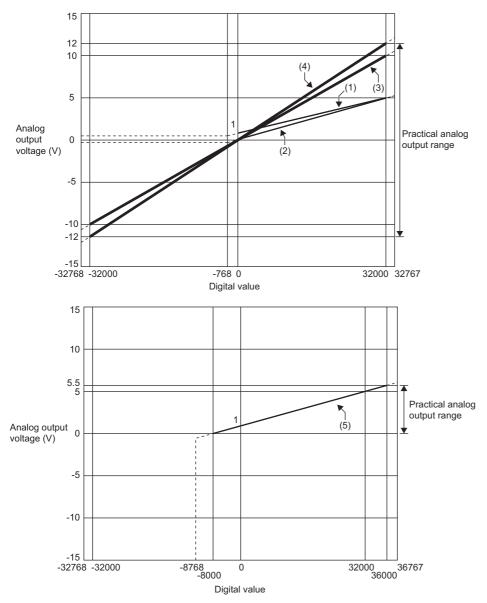
An analog output value (voltage or current) after conversion from a digital value of 0, which is set up from the CPU module

### Gain value

An analog output value (voltage or current) after conversion from a digital value of 32000, which is set up from the CPU module

### Voltage output characteristics

The following shows the list of analog output ranges at the voltage output and the graphs of each of the voltage output characteristics.



No.	Analog output range setting	Offset value	Gain value	Digital value <sup>*5</sup>	Resolution
(1)	1 to 5V	1V	5V	0 to 32000	125.0μV
(2)	0 to 5V	0V	5V		156.3μV
(3)	-10 to 10V	0V	10V	-32000 to 32000	312.5μV
(4)	-12 to 12V	0V	12V	-32000 to 32000	378.4μV
(5)	1 to 5V (extended mode)	1V	5V	-8000 to 36000 <sup>*1</sup>	125.0μV
_	User range setting 2	*2	*2	-32000 to 32000	378.4μV <sup>*3</sup>
_	User range setting 3	*4	*4	-32000 to 32000	312.0μV <sup>*3</sup>

\*1 The digital value can be set within the 16-bit signed value range (-8768 to 32767). To output a voltage corresponding to a digital value of 32768 or greater, use the shift function or the scaling function.

\*2 Set the offset value and gain value in user range setting 2 within a range satisfying the following conditions. Failure to satisfy the conditions may not result in proper D/A conversion.

· Setting range of offset value and gain value: -12 to 12V

· ((Gain value) - (Offset value)) ≥ 4V

\*3 Maximum resolution in the user range setting.

\*4 Set the offset value and gain value in user range setting 3 within a range satisfying the following conditions. Failure to satisfy the conditions may not result in proper D/A conversion.

- $\cdot$  Setting range of offset value and gain value: -10 to 10V
- · ((Gain value) (Offset value))  $\ge 4V$
- \*5 If the set data exceeds the range of digital value, the resulting output is an analog output value corresponding to the maximum or minimum of the digital value.

Analog output range setting	Digital value		
	Minimum	Maximum	
1 to 5V	-768	32767	
0 to 5V			
-10 to 10V	-32768		
-12 to 12V	-32768		
1 to 5V (extended mode)	-8768	36767	
User range setting 2	-32768	32767	
User range setting 3	-32768		

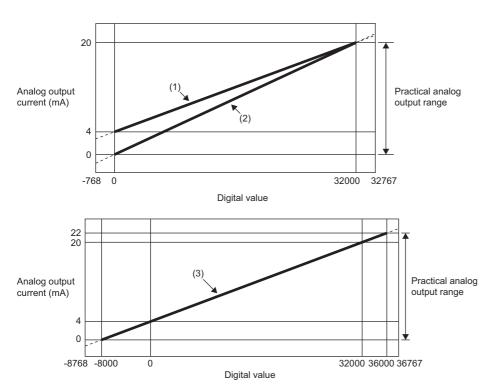
Point P

• Set values within the practical ranges of the digital input and the analog output at each output range. If the range is exceeded, the resolution and accuracy may not fall within the range of the performance

specifications. (Do not use the values in the dotted line region in the graph of voltage output characteristics.)

### Current output characteristic

The following shows the list of the analog output ranges at the current output and the graphs of each of the current output characteristic.



No.	Analog output range setting	Offset value	Gain value	Digital value <sup>*4</sup>	Resolution
(1)	4 to 20mA	4mA	20mA	0 to 32000	500.0nA
(2)	0 to 20mA	0mA	20mA		625.0nA
(3)	4 to 20mA (extended mode)	4mA	20mA	-8000 to 36000 <sup>*1</sup>	500.0nA
—	User range setting 1	*2	*2	-32000 to 32000	360.1nA <sup>*3</sup>

\*1 The digital value can be set within the 16-bit signed value range (-8768 to 32767). To output a current corresponding to a value of 32768 or greater, use the shift function or the scaling function.

\*2 Set the offset value and gain value in user range setting 1 within a range satisfying the following conditions. Failure to satisfy the conditions may not result in proper D/A conversion.

 $\cdot$  Offset value  $\geq$  0mA, Gain value  $\leq$  20mA

· ((Gain value) - (Offset value))  $\ge$  11.7mA

\*3 Maximum resolution in the user range setting.

\*4 If the set data exceeds the range of digital value, the resulting output is an analog output value corresponding to the maximum or minimum of the digital value.

Analog output range setting	Digital value		
	Minimum	Maximum	
4 to 20mA	-768	32767	
0 to 20mA			
4 to 20mA (extended mode)	-8768	36767	
User range setting 1	-32768	32767	

Point P

• Set values within the practical ranges of the digital input and the analog output at each output range. If the range is exceeded, the resolution and accuracy may not fall within the range of the performance specifications. (Do not use values in the dotted line region in the graph of current output characteristics.)

## Appendix 2 Accuracy

The accuracy of D/A conversion is the accuracy for the maximum value of analog output value. The accuracy is given by the following formula:

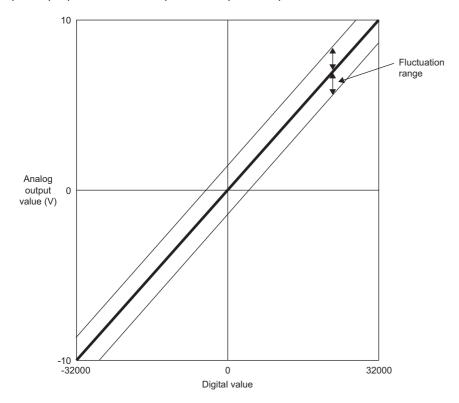
Accuracy = (Reference accuracy) + (Temperature coefficient) × (Temperature variation)

- Reference accuracy: The accuracy at an ambient temperature when the offset/gain setting is configured. (±0.1% (±10mV))
- Temperature coefficient: The accuracy based on a temperature change of 1°C. (0.005%/°C)

An output characteristic change resulting from a change in the offset/gain setting or the analog output range does not sacrifice the reference accuracy and temperature coefficient, which are maintained within the described range of the performance specifications

(except for the conditions under noise influence).

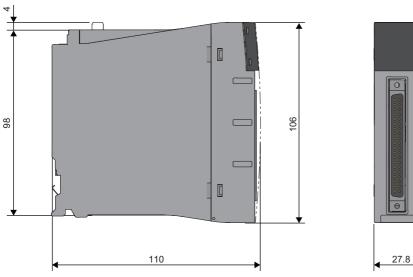
**Ex.** Accuracy when the temperature changes by 5°C from 25°C to 30°C  $(\pm 0.1\%) + (\pm 0.005\%)$ °C × 5°C) = 0.125%  $(\pm 12.5$ mV)



## Appendix 3 External Dimensions

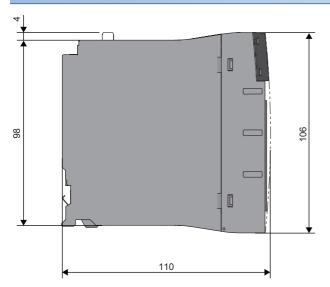
The following figure shows the external dimensions of the D/A converter module.

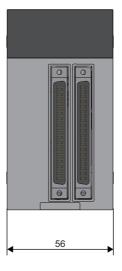
### **R60DA8-G**



(Unit: mm)

### R60DA16-G





(Unit: mm)

A

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### REVISIONS

\*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Revision date	*Manual number	Description
January 2015	SH(NA)-081489ENG-A	First edition

Japanese manual number: SH-081488-A

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### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the sales representative or Mitsubishi Service Company.

However, if repairs are required onsite at domestic or overseas location, expenses to send an engineer will be solely at the customer's discretion. Mitsubishi shall not be held responsible for any re-commissioning, maintenance, or testing on-site that involves replacement of the failed module.

#### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place. Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

[Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
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  - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
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  - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7. Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or that admitted not to be so by the user.

### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not available after production is discontinued.

### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

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Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation of damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products, replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

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SH(NA)-081489ENG-A(1501)MEE MODEL: R-DA-G-U-IN-E MODEL CODE: 13JX31

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