

Mitsubishi Programmable Controller

MELSEC iQ-R

MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual (Application)

-R60AD4

-R60ADV8

-R60ADI8

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controllers, please read the manuals for the product and the relevant manuals introduced in those manuals carefully, and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly. In this manual, the safety precautions are classified into two levels: "/ WARNING" and "/ CAUTION".

WARNING

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

A CAUTION

Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in minor or moderate injury or property damage.

Under some circumstances, failure to observe the precautions given under "_____CAUTION" may lead to serious consequences.

Observe the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal and system safety.

Make sure that the end users read this manual and then keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

[Design Precautions]

WARNING

- Configure safety circuits external to the programmable controller to ensure that the entire system
 operates safely even when a fault occurs in the external power supply or the programmable controller.
 Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
 - (1) Emergency stop circuits, protection circuits, and protective interlock circuits for conflicting operations (such as forward/reverse rotations or upper/lower limit positioning) must be configured external to the programmable controller.
 - (2) When the programmable controller detects an abnormal condition, it stops the operation and all outputs are:
 - Turned off if the overcurrent or overvoltage protection of the power supply module is activated.
 - Held or turned off according to the parameter setting if the self-diagnostic function of the CPU module detects an error such as a watchdog timer error.
 - (3) All outputs may be turned on if an error occurs in a part, such as an I/O control part, where the CPU module cannot detect any error. To ensure safety operation in such a case, provide a safety mechanism or a fail-safe circuit external to the programmable controller. For a fail-safe circuit example, refer to "General Safety Requirements" in the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
 - (4) Outputs may remain on or off due to a failure of a component such as a relay and transistor in an output circuit. Configure an external circuit for monitoring output signals that could cause a serious accident.
- In an output circuit, when a load current exceeding the rated current or an overcurrent caused by a load short-circuit flows for a long time, it may cause smoke and fire. To prevent this, configure an external safety circuit, such as a fuse.
- Configure a circuit so that the programmable controller is turned on first and then the external power supply. If the external power supply is turned on first, an accident may occur due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- For the operating status of each station after a communication failure, refer to manuals relevant to the network. Incorrect output or malfunction due to a communication failure may result in an accident.

[Design Precautions]

! WARNING

- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not write any data to the "system area" and "write-protect area" of the buffer memory in the module. Also, do not use any "use prohibited" signals as an output signal from the CPU module to each module. Doing so may cause malfunction of the programmable controller system. For the "system area", "write-protect area", and the "use prohibited" signals, refer to the user's manual for the module used.
- If a communication cable is disconnected, the network may be unstable, resulting in a communication failure of multiple stations. Configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely even if communications fail. Failure to do so may result in an accident due to an incorrect output or malfunction.
- To maintain the safety of the programmable controller system against unauthorized access from external devices via the network, take appropriate measures. To maintain the safety against unauthorized access via the Internet, take measures such as installing a firewall.

[Design Precautions]

! CAUTION

- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- During control of an inductive load such as a lamp, heater, or solenoid valve, a large current (approximately ten times greater than normal) may flow when the output is turned from off to on. Therefore, use a module that has a sufficient current rating.
- After the CPU module is powered on or is reset, the time taken to enter the RUN status varies
 depending on the system configuration, parameter settings, and/or program size. Design circuits so
 that the entire system will always operate safely, regardless of the time.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the settings are being written. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM again. Doing so also may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- When changing the operating status of the CPU module from external devices (such as the remote RUN/STOP functions), select "Do Not OPEN in Program" for "Open Method Setting" in the module parameters. If "OPEN in Program" is selected, an execution of the remote STOP function causes the communication line to close. Consequently, the CPU module cannot reopen the line, and external devices cannot execute the remote RUN function.

[Installation Precautions]

WARNING

 Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.

[Installation Precautions]

CAUTION

- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the Safety Guidelines included with the base unit. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction, or damage to or deterioration of the product.
- To mount a module, place the concave part(s) located at the bottom onto the guide(s) of the base unit, and push in the module until the hook(s) located at the top snaps into place. Incorrect interconnection may cause malfunction, failure, or drop of the module.
- When using the programmable controller in an environment of frequent vibrations, fix the module with a screw.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- When using an extension cable, connect it to the extension cable connector of the base unit securely.
 Check the connection for looseness. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- When using an SD memory card, fully insert it into the SD memory card slot. Check that it is inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Securely insert an extended SRAM cassette into the cassette connector of the CPU module. After insertion, close the cassette cover and check that the cassette is inserted completely. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not directly touch any conductive parts and electronic components of the module, SD memory card, extended SRAM cassette, or connector. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

[Wiring Precautions]

! WARNING

- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before installation and wiring.
 Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- After installation and wiring, attach the included terminal cover to the module before turning it on for operation. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Wiring Precautions]

ACAUTION

- Individually ground the FG and LG terminals of the programmable controller with a ground resistance of 100 ohms or less. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or malfunction.
- Use applicable solderless terminals and tighten them within the specified torque range. If any spade solderless terminal is used, it may be disconnected when the terminal screw comes loose, resulting in failure.
- Check the rated voltage and signal layout before wiring to the module, and connect the cables correctly. Connecting a power supply with a different voltage rating or incorrect wiring may cause fire or failure.
- Connectors for external devices must be crimped or pressed with the tool specified by the manufacturer, or must be correctly soldered. Incomplete connections may cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Securely connect the connector to the module. Poor contact may cause malfunction.
- Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.
- Place the cables in a duct or clamp them. If not, dangling cable may swing or inadvertently be pulled, resulting in damage to the module or cables or malfunction due to poor contact. Do not clamp the extension cables with the jacket stripped.
- Check the interface type and correctly connect the cable. Incorrect wiring (connecting the cable to an
 incorrect interface) may cause failure of the module and external device.
- Tighten the terminal screws or connector screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening
 can cause drop of the screw, short circuit, fire, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw
 and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- When disconnecting the cable from the module, do not pull the cable by the cable part. For the cable with connector, hold the connector part of the cable. For the cable connected to the terminal block, loosen the terminal screw. Pulling the cable connected to the module may result in malfunction or damage to the module or cable.
- Prevent foreign matter such as dust or wire chips from entering the module. Such foreign matter can cause a fire, failure, or malfunction.
- A protective film is attached to the top of the module to prevent foreign matter, such as wire chips, from entering the module during wiring. Do not remove the film during wiring. Remove it for heat dissipation before system operation.
- Programmable controllers must be installed in control panels. Connect the main power supply to the power supply module in the control panel through a relay terminal block. Wiring and replacement of a power supply module must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. For wiring, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- For Ethernet cables to be used in the system, select the ones that meet the specifications in the user's manual for the module used. If not, normal data transmission is not guaranteed.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

MARNING

- Do not touch any terminal while power is on. Doing so will cause electric shock or malfunction.
- Correctly connect the battery connector. Do not charge, disassemble, heat, short-circuit, solder, or throw the battery into the fire. Also, do not expose it to liquid or strong shock. Doing so will cause the battery to produce heat, explode, ignite, or leak, resulting in injury and fire.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before cleaning the module or retightening the terminal screws, connector screws, or module fixing screws. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When connecting an external device with a CPU module or intelligent function module to modify data of a running programmable controller, configure an interlock circuit in the program to ensure that the entire system will always operate safely. For other forms of control (such as program modification, parameter change, forced output, or operating status change) of a running programmable controller, read the relevant manuals carefully and ensure that the operation is safe before proceeding. Improper operation may damage machines or cause accidents.
- Especially, when a remote programmable controller is controlled by an external device, immediate action cannot be taken if a problem occurs in the programmable controller due to a communication failure. To prevent this, configure an interlock circuit in the program, and determine corrective actions to be taken between the external device and CPU module in case of a communication failure.
- Do not disassemble or modify the modules. Doing so may cause failure, malfunction, injury, or a fire.
- Use any radio communication device such as a cellular phone or PHS (Personal Handy-phone System) more than 25cm away in all directions from the programmable controller. Failure to do so may cause malfunction.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing the module. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Tighten the screws within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the component or wire, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- After the first use of the product, do not mount/remove the module to/from the base unit, and the terminal block to/from the module, and do not insert/remove the extended SRAM cassette to/from the CPU module more than 50 times (IEC 61131-2 compliant) respectively. Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- After the first use of the product, do not insert/remove the SD memory card to/from the CPU module more than 500 times. Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Do not touch the metal terminals on the back side of the SD memory card. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Do not touch the integrated circuits on the circuit board of an extended SRAM cassette. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure of the module.
- Do not drop or apply shock to the battery to be installed in the module. Doing so may damage the battery, causing the battery fluid to leak inside the battery. If the battery is dropped or any shock is applied to it, dispose of it without using.
- Startup and maintenance of a control panel must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. Lock the control panel so that only qualified maintenance personnel can operate it.
- Before handling the module, touch a conducting object such as a grounded metal to discharge the static electricity from the human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.

[Operating Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When changing data and operating status, and modifying program of the running programmable controller from an external device such as a personal computer connected to an intelligent function module, read relevant manuals carefully and ensure the safety before operation. Incorrect change or modification may cause system malfunction, damage to the machines, or accidents.
- Do not power off the programmable controller or reset the CPU module while the setting values in the buffer memory are being written to the flash ROM in the module. Doing so will make the data in the flash ROM undefined. The values need to be set in the buffer memory and written to the flash ROM again. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

[Disposal Precautions]

! CAUTION

- When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.
- When disposing of batteries, separate them from other wastes according to the local regulations. For details on battery regulations in EU member states, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.

[Transportation Precautions]

ACAUTION

- When transporting lithium batteries, follow the transportation regulations. For details on the regulated models, refer to the MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual.
- The halogens (such as fluorine, chlorine, bromine, and iodine), which are contained in a fumigant used for disinfection and pest control of wood packaging materials, may cause failure of the product. Prevent the entry of fumigant residues into the product or consider other methods (such as heat treatment) instead of fumigation. The disinfection and pest control measures must be applied to unprocessed raw wood.

CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

- (1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
 - i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
 - ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

 MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT.

("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controllers.

This manual describes the functions, parameter settings, and troubleshooting of the relevant products listed below. Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC iQ-R series programmable controller to handle the product correctly.

When applying the program examples provided in this manual to an actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

Please make sure that the end users read this manual.



Unless otherwise specified, this manual provides program examples in which the I/O numbers of X/Y0 to X/YF are assigned to the A/D converter module. Assign I/O numbers when applying the program examples to an actual system. For I/O number assignment, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Module Configuration Manual

Relevant products

R60AD4, R60ADV8, R60ADI8

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RELEVANT MANUALS

| Manual name [manual number] | Description | Available form |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module User's | Functions, parameter settings, troubleshooting, I/O signals, | Print book |
| Manual (Application) [SH-081233ENG] (this manual) | and buffer memory of the A/D converter module | |
| MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module User's | Performance specifications, procedures before operation, | Print book |
| Manual (Startup) [SH-081232ENG] | wiring, programming, and offset/gain setting of the A/D converter module | e-Manual EPUB PDF |
| MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Instructions, Standard Functions/Function Blocks) [SH-081266ENG] | Instructions for the CPU module, dedicated instructions for the intelligent function modules, and standard functions/ function blocks | e-Manual EPUB PDF |



e-Manual refers to the Mitsubishi FA electronic book manuals that can be browsed using a dedicated tool. e-Manual has the following features:

- Required information can be cross-searched in multiple manuals.
- Other manuals can be accessed from the links in the manual.
- The hardware specifications of each part can be found from the product figures.
- Pages that users often browse can be bookmarked.

TERMS

Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

| Term | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| A/D converter module | The abbreviation for the MELSEC iQ-R series analog-digital converter module |
| GX Works3 | The product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable controllers |
| Watchdog timer error | An error that occurs if the internal processing of the A/D converter module is abnormal. Watchdog timer enables the module to monitor its own internal processing. |
| Engineering tool | Another term for GX Works3 |
| Factory default setting | A generic term for analog input ranges of 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, 1 to 5V, -10 to 10V, 0 to 20mA, and 4 to 20mA |
| Normal mode | Setting items of the operation mode setting |
| Offset/gain setting mode | |
| Buffer memory | A memory in an intelligent module for storing data (such as setting values and monitored values) to be transferred to the CPU module |
| User range | An analog input range where any value can be set. This range can be set in the offset/gain setting. |
| R mode | A mode in which the module operates with the buffer memory map that has been newly laid out in the MELSEC iQ-R series |
| Q series-compatible mode | A mode in which the module operates with the buffer memory map converted to the equivalent one of the MELSEC Q series |
| Global label | A label that is valid for all the program data when multiple program data are created in the project. The global label has two types: a module specific label (module label), which is generated automatically by GX Works3, and an optional label, which can be created for any specified device. |
| Module Label | A label that represents one of memory areas (I/O signals and buffer memory areas) specific to each module in a given character string. For the module used, GX Works3 automatically generates this label, which can be used as a global label. |

1 FUNCTIONS

This chapter describes the functions of the A/D converter module and the setting procedures for those functions. For details on the I/O signals and the buffer memory, refer to the following.

Page 97 I/O Signals

Page 106 Buffer Memory Areas



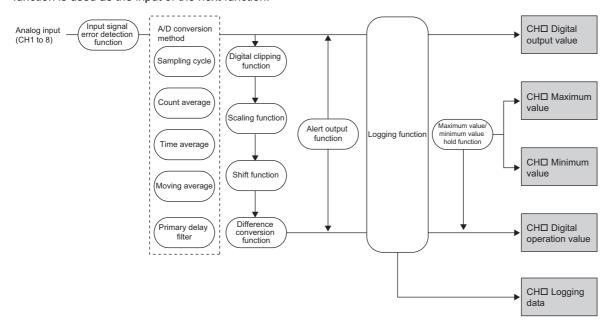
This chapter describes buffer memory addresses for CH1.

For details on the buffer memory addresses after CH2, refer to the following.

Page 106 List of buffer memory addresses

1.1 Processing of Each Function

The functions are processed in the order shown below. If multiple functions are enabled, the output of the first processed function is used as the input of the next function.



Digital output value

These values are the digital values after the sampling processing, each averaging processing, or primary delay filter has been performed.

Digital operation value

These values are obtained by operating a digital output value using the digital clipping function, scaling function, shift function, or difference conversion function. When each function is not used, the same value as the digital output value is stored.

Maximum and minimum value

The maximum and minimum values of the digital operation values are stored.

Logging data

When the logging function is used, digital output values or digital operation values are collected.

1.2 Range Switching Function

This function allows switching the input range of an analog input for each channel.

Switching the range makes it possible to change the input signal characteristics.

Setting procedure

Set the input range to be used in the "Input range setting".

Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "Range switching function"

| Input range setting | Digital output value | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | R60AD4 | R60ADV8 | R60ADI8 |
| 4 to 20mA | 0 to 32000 | _ | 0 to 32000 |
| 0 to 20mA | | | |
| 1 to 5V | 0 to 32000 | 0 to 32000 | _ |
| 0 to 5V | | | |
| -10 to 10V | -32000 to 32000 | -32000 to 32000 | _ |
| 0 to 10V | 0 to 32000 | 0 to 32000 | |
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | -8000 to 32000 | _ | -8000 to 32000 |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | -8000 to 32000 | -8000 to 32000 | _ |
| User range setting | -32000 to 32000 | -32000 to 32000 | -32000 to 32000 |

After the data is written, the range is switched when the programmable controller power supply is turned off and on or when the CPU module is reset.



The range can also be switched with 'CH1 Range setting' (Un\G598).

For details on the buffer memory addresses, refer to the following.

Page 159 CH1 Range setting

1.3 A/D Conversion Enable/Disable Setting Function

This function controls whether to enable or disable the A/D conversion for each channel.

Disabling the A/D conversion for unused channels reduces the A/D conversion cycles.

Setting procedure

Set "A/D conversion enable/disable setting" to "A/D conversion enable" or "A/D conversion disable".

Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "A/D conversion enable/disable setting function"

1.4 A/D Conversion Method

An A/D conversion method can be set for each channel.

Sampling processing

The A/D converter module executes the A/D conversion of the analog input value sequentially and stores the digital output value to the buffer memory area.



The sampling cycle is "Conversion speed (80μs) × number of conversion enabled channels".

Whether to enable or disable the A/D conversion can be set for each channel. Disabling the A/D conversion for unused channels reduces the A/D conversion cycles.

Conversion cycle that applies when the three channels get A/D conversion enabled

• $80 \times 3 = 240 \, (\mu s)$

The conversion cycle is 240 (μ s).

Averaging processing

The A/D converter module performs the averaging processing on digital output values for each channel and stores the mean values to the buffer memory.

The following three types of averaging processing are provided.

- · Time average
- · Count average
- · Moving average

■Time average

The A/D converter module executes A/D conversion for a set time, and calculates the average of the total value excluding the maximum and the minimum values to store it in the buffer memory area.

The number of processing times within the set time changes depending on the number of channels where the A/D conversion is enabled.



The following table shows the processing times with the setting below.

| Item | Setting |
|--|----------------------------|
| Number of channels where the A/D conversion is enabled | Four channels (CH1 to CH4) |
| Setting time | 2ms |

$$\frac{2}{(4 \times 0.08)} = 6.25^{*1}$$

*1 Values after the decimal point are omitted.

Conversion is processed 6 times and the mean value is output.



The valid lower limit setting value for the time average is calculated by the formula "Minimum processing times $(4 \text{ times}) \times \text{Conversion speed} \times \text{Number of channels used}$ ". Therefore, when the number of channels used is seven or eight and 3ms or less is set as the setting time, the digital output value is 0.

■Count average

The A/D converter module executes the A/D conversion for a set number of times, and stores the average of the total value excluding the maximum and the minimum values to the buffer memory area.

The time taken for the mean value calculated through the average processing to be stored in the buffer memory changes depending on the number of channels where the A/D conversion is enabled.

Processing time = Set number of times × (Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed)



The following table shows the processing time with the setting below.

| Item | Setting |
|--|----------------------------|
| Number of channels where the A/D conversion is enabled | Four channels (CH1 to CH4) |
| Set number of times | Five times |

5 (times) × (4 (CH)) × 80 (μ s)) = 1600 (μ s) = 1.6 (ms)

A mean value is output every 1.6ms.

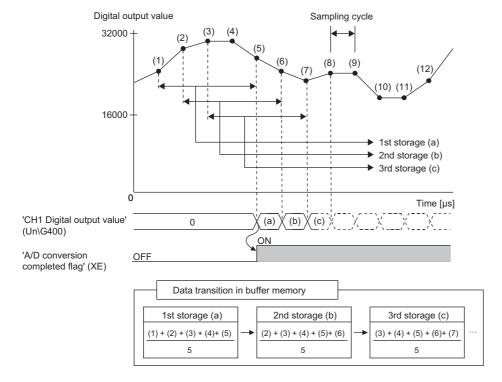


Because the count average requires a sum of at least two counts excluding the maximum and minimum values, the set number of times should be four or more.

■Moving average

The A/D converter module averages digital output values taken at every sampling cycle for a specified number of times, and stores the mean value in the buffer memory area. Since the averaging processing is performed on a moving set of sampling processing, the latest digital output values can be obtained.

The following figure shows the moving average processing of when the set number of times is five.



Primary delay filter

Depending on the set time constant, transient noise of analog input is smoothed and stored in the buffer memory area.

The degree of smoothing changes depending on the setting of a time constant (unit: s).

Time constant is the time taken for the digital output value to reach 63.2% of the steady-state value.

The following shows the relational expressions of time constants and digital output values.

When $n = 1^{*1}$

$$Y_n = 0$$

When n = 2

$$Y_n = X_{n-1} + \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t + TA} (X_n - X_{n-1})$$

When $n \ge 3$

$$Y_n = Y_{n-1} + \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta t + TA} (X_n - Y_{n-1})$$

 $\begin{array}{ll} Y_n & : \text{Present digital output value} \\ Y_{n\text{-}1} & : \text{Last digital output value} \\ n & : \text{Number of sampling} \end{array}$

 $egin{array}{ll} X_n & : \mbox{ Digital output value before smoothing} \\ X_{n-1} & : \mbox{ Last digital output value before smoothing} \\ \end{array}$

 ΔT : Conversion time TA : Time constant

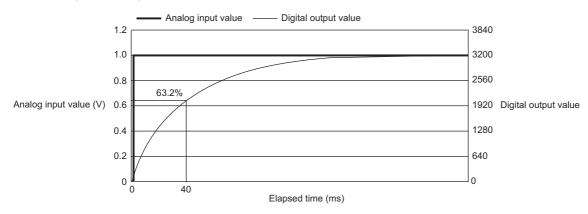
*1 A/D conversion completed flag turns on when $n \ge 2$.



Digital output value when an analog input value is changed from 0 to 1V

The following figure shows the change of the digital output value with the input range of 0 to 10V and time constant (Conversion cycle \times Primary delay filter) of 40ms.

After 40ms from the analog input value becomes 1V, the digital output value reaches 63.2% of the digital output value of when the sampling processing is selected.



Setting procedure

■Sampling processing

Set "Averaging process specification" to "Sampling processing".

Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "A/D conversion method"

■Averaging processing and primary delay filter

- 1. Set "Averaging process specification" to "Time average", "Count average", "Moving average", or "Primary delay filter".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "A/D conversion method"
- 2. Set a value for "Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting".

| Item | Setting range |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| Time average | 2 to 5000 (ms)*1 |
| Count average | 4 to 62500 (times) |
| Moving average | 2 to 1000 (times) |
| Primary delay filter | 1 to 500 (times) |

^{*1} When the number of channels used is seven or eight, set 3ms or longer for the time (for averaging). When a time shorter than 3ms is set for the time (for averaging), the digital output value is 0.

1.5 Scaling Function

This function performs the scale conversion on digital output values. The values are converted within a specified range between a scaling upper limit value and scaling lower limit value.

The converted values are stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402).

Concept of scaling setting



When the input range is set to -10 to 10V:

For the scaling lower limit value, set a value corresponding to the lower limit value of the input range (-32000).

For the scaling upper limit value, set a value corresponding to the upper limit value of the input range (32000).

Calculating the scaling value

The scale conversion is based on the following formula. (In scale conversion, values are rounded to the nearest whole number.)

Current: 0 to 20mA, 4 to 20mA, 4 to 20mA (extended mode)*1, user range setting (current)

Voltage: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, 1 to 5V, 1 to 5V (extended mode)*1, user range setting (voltage)

$$D_{Y} = \frac{D_{X} \times (S_{H} - S_{L})}{D_{Max}} + S_{L}$$

Voltage: -10 to 10V

$$D_{Y} = \frac{D_{X} \times (S_{H} - S_{L})}{D_{Max} - D_{Min}} + \frac{(S_{H} + S_{L})}{2}$$

D_x : Digital output value

D_Y : Scaling value (Digital operation value)

 ${\rm D_{Max}}$: Maximum digital output value of the input range in use ${\rm D_{Min}}$: Minimum digital output value of the input range in use

S_H: Scaling upper limit value S_L: Scaling lower limit value

Setting procedure

- **1.** Set "Scaling enable/disable setting" to "Enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Scaling setting"
- Set values for "Scaling upper limit value" and "Scaling lower limit value".

| Item | Setting range |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Scaling upper limit value | 32000 |
| Scaling lower limit value | -32000 |



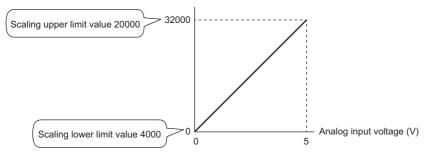
- Even when the scaling upper limit value and the scaling lower limit value are set so that the change is greater than the resolution, the resolution will not increase.
- If the relation between the values is A/D conversion scaling lower limit value > A/D conversion scaling upper limit value, the scale conversion can be performed according to a negative slope.
- Set the scaling with the condition "Scaling upper limit value ≠ Scaling lower limit value".

^{*1} Although the range of the digital output value in the extended mode is -8000 to 32000, this function performs the scale conversion for digital output values within the range of 0 to 32000.

Setting example



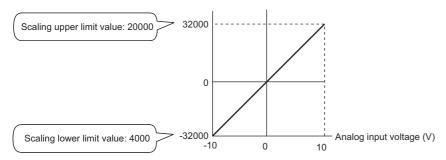
When 20000 is set to the scaling upper limit value and 4000 is set to the scaling lower limit value for the module with the input range of 0 to 5V



| Voltage input (V) | Digital output value | Digital operation value (scaling value) |
|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 4000 |
| 1 | 6400 | 7200 |
| 2 | 12800 | 10400 |
| 3 | 19200 | 13600 |
| 4 | 25600 | 16800 |
| 5 | 32000 | 20000 |

Ex.

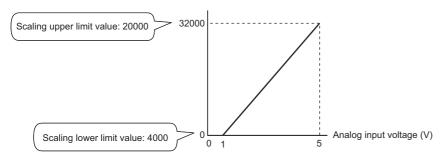
When 20000 is set to the scaling upper limit value and 4000 is set to the scaling lower limit value for the module with the input range of -10 to 10V



| Voltage input (V) | Digital output value | Digital operation value (scaling value) |
|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| -10 | -32000 | 4000 |
| -5 | -16000 | 8000 |
| 0 | 0 | 12000 |
| 5 | 16000 | 16000 |
| 10 | 32000 | 20000 |

Ex.

When 20000 is set to the scaling upper limit value and 4000 is set to the scaling lower limit value for the module with the input range of 1 to 5V (extended mode)



| Voltage input (V) | Digital output value | Digital operation value (scaling value) |
|-------------------|----------------------|---|
| 0 | -8000 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 4000 |
| 2 | 8000 | 8000 |
| 3 | 16000 | 12000 |
| 4 | 24000 | 16000 |
| 5 | 32000 | 20000 |
| 5.096 | 32767 | 20384 |



When the scaling function is used with the digital clipping function, the scale conversion is performed on the digital operation values after digital clipping.

1.6 **Shift Function**

This function adds (shifts) a set conversion value shift amount to a digital output value and stores the result in the buffer memory area. The digital operation value reflects the change in the conversion value shift amount on a realtime basis. Therefore, fine adjustment can be easily performed when the system starts.

Operation

A set conversion value shift amount is added to the digital operation value. The digital operation value with shift addition is stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402). The conversion value shift amount is added in every sampling cycle for sampling processing and is added in every averaging process cycle for averaging processing. After that, the added values are stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402). If a value is set to the conversion value shift amount, the conversion value shift amount is added regardless of turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9).

Setting procedure

Set a value for "Conversion value shift amount".

∀ Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application"

| Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ | Navigation | → | N setting"

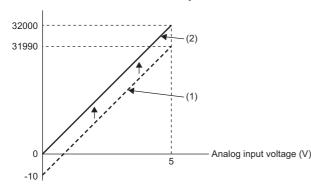
□ "Conversion value shift amount"

| Item | Setting range |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Conversion value shift amount | -32768 to 32767 |

Setting example

Ex.

When the I/O characteristics is adjusted in a channel where the input range of 0 to 5V is set by the shift function

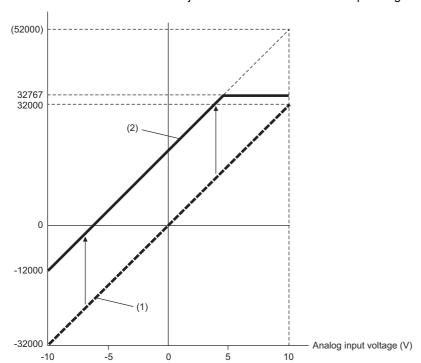


- (1) 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400) 'CH1 Conversion value shift amount' (Un\G472) "+10"
- (2) 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402)

| Voltage input | Digital output value | Digital operation value |
|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | -10 | 0 |
| 5 | 31990 | 32000 |



When the I/O characteristics is adjusted in a channel where the input range of -10 to 10V is set by the shift function



(1) 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400)
+
'CH1 Conversion value shift amount' (Un\G472)
"+20000"
↓

(2) 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402)

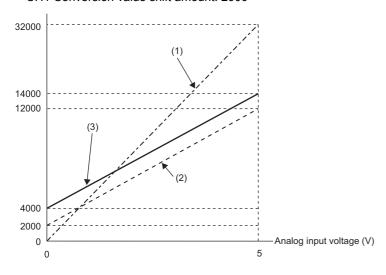
| Voltage input | Digital output value | Digital operation value |
|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| -10 | -32000 | -12000 |
| -5 | -16000 | 4000 |
| 0 | 0 | 20000 |
| 5 | 16000 | 32767 ^{*1} |
| 10 | 32000 | 32767 ^{*1} |

^{*1} Because the value exceeds the range of -32768 to 32767, the value is fixed to 32767 (the upper limit value).

Ex.

When the following values are used for the A/D converter module with the input range of 0 to 5V

- CH1 Scaling enable/disable setting: Enable (0)
- CH1 Scaling upper limit value: 12000
- CH1 Scaling lower limit value: 2000
- CH1 Conversion value shift amount: 2000



- (1) 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400)
 Scaling
 0 to 32000
 ↓
 2000 to 12000
- (2) Value after scaling
 'CH1 Conversion value shift amount' (Un\G472) "+2000"
- (3) 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402)

| Voltage input | Digital output value | Value after scaling | Digital operation value |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | 2000 | 4000 |
| 1 | 6400 | 4000 | 6000 |
| 2 | 12800 | 6000 | 8000 |
| 3 | 19200 | 8000 | 10000 |
| 4 | 25600 | 10000 | 12000 |
| 5 | 32000 | 12000 | 14000 |



When the shift function is used with the digital clipping function and scaling function, shift-and-add is performed on the value obtained after digital clipping and scale conversion. Therefore, the range of the digital operation value is determined as -32768 to 32767.

For a setting example of when the digital clipping function, scaling function, and shift function are used together, refer to the following.

Page 26 Setting example

1.7 Digital Clipping Function

This function fixes the range of the digital operation value with the maximum digital output value and the minimum digital output value when the corresponding current or voltage exceeds the input range.

List of output ranges

The following table lists the output ranges of the digital operation values when the digital clipping function is enabled with each range.

■R60AD4

| Input range | Output range of digital operation values | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | Digital clipping function is enabled | Digital clipping function is disabled |
| 4 to 20mA | 0 to 32000 | -768 to 32767 |
| 0 to 20mA | | |
| 1 to 5V | | |
| 0 to 5V | | |
| 0 to 10V | | |
| -10 to 10V | -32000 to 32000 | -32768 to 32767 |
| User range setting | | |
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | -8000 to 32000 | -8768 to 32767 |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | | |

■R60ADV8

| Input range | Output range of digital operation values | Output range of digital operation values | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Digital clipping function is enabled | Digital clipping function is disabled | |
| 1 to 5V | 0 to 32000 | -768 to 32767 | |
| 0 to 5V | | | |
| 0 to 10V | | | |
| -10 to 10V | -32000 to 32000 | -32768 to 32767 | |
| User range setting | | | |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | -8000 to 32000 | -8768 to 32767 | |

■R60ADI8

| Input range | Output range of digital operation values | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | Digital clipping function is enabled | Digital clipping function is disabled |
| 4 to 20mA | 0 to 32000 | -768 to 32767 |
| 0 to 20mA | | |
| User range setting | -32000 to 32000 | -32768 to 32767 |
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | -8000 to 32000 | -8768 to 32767 |

Setting procedure

Set "Digital clipping enable/disable setting" to "Enable".

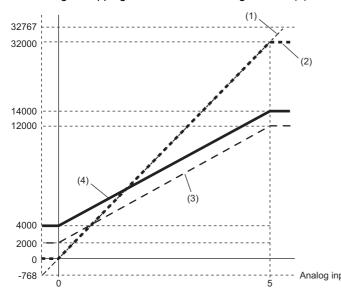
Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Digital clipping function"

Setting example



When the following values are used for the A/D converter module with the input range of 0 to 5V

- CH1 Scaling enable/disable setting: Enable (0)
- CH1 Scaling upper limit value: 12000
- · CH1 Scaling lower limit value: 2000
- · CH1 Conversion value shift amount: 2000
- CH1 Digital clipping enable/disable setting: Enable (0)



- (1) 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400)
 Digital clipping
 -768 to 32767
 ↓
 - 0 to 32000
- (2) Value after digital clipping Scaling 0 to 32000
 - 2000 to 12000

4000 to 14000

- Value after scaling
 'CH1 Conversion value shift amount' (Un\G472) "+2000"
 ↓
- (4) 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402)

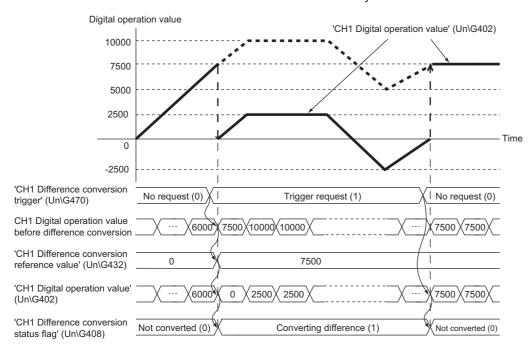
| Input voltage (V) | Digital output value | Digital operation value |
|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| -0.12 | -768 | 4000 |
| 0 | 0 | 4000 |
| 1 | 6400 | 6000 |
| 2 | 12800 | 8000 |
| 3 | 19200 | 10000 |
| 4 | 25600 | 12000 |
| 5 | 32000 | 14000 |
| 5.096 | 32767 | 14000 |



When the digital clipping function is used with the scaling function, shift function, and difference conversion function, scale conversion, shift-and-add, and difference conversion are performed on the value obtained after digital clipping.

1.8 Difference Conversion Function

The digital operation value at the start of this function is treated as 0 (reference value). Thereafter, values that increased or decreased from the reference value are stored in the buffer memory.



Operation

The digital operation value at the start of the difference conversion (the data stored inside the A/D converter module before the difference conversion starts) is determined as a difference conversion reference value. The value acquired by subtracting the difference conversion reference value from the digital operation value is stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402). At the start of this function, the digital operation value is 0 (because the digital operation value and the difference conversion reference value have the same value at the start).

• Digital operation value after difference conversion = Digital operation value - Difference conversion reference value

■Starting the difference conversion

1. Change 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) from No request (0) to Trigger request (1).

The rise of No request $(0) \rightarrow$ Trigger request (1) is detected as a trigger. When the trigger is detected, the digital operation value at the start is output to the difference conversion reference value. The value acquired by subtracting the difference conversion reference value from the digital operation value is stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402). After the value is stored, 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) turns to Converting difference (1).

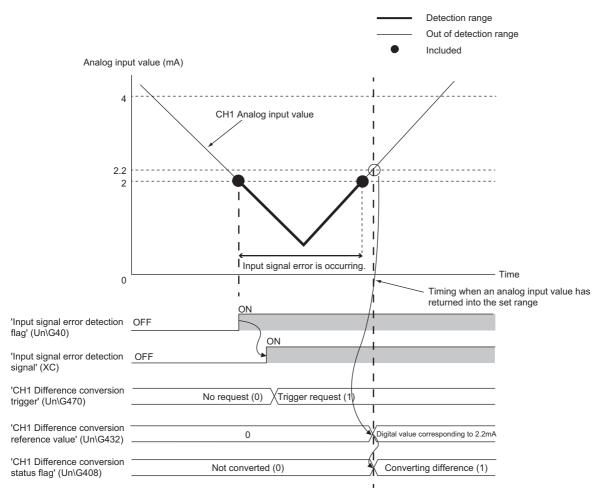
■Stopping the difference conversion

1. Change 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) from Trigger request (1) to No request (0).

The fall of Trigger request (1) \rightarrow No request (0) is detected as a trigger. When the trigger is detected, the difference conversion stops, and 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) turns to Not converted (0). Thereafter, the digital operation value is stored as it is in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402).

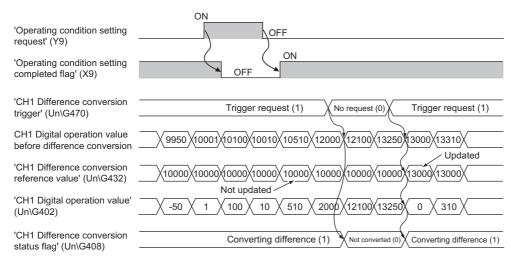
■Operations of when an input signal error occurs

When an input signal error occurs, even if 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) changes from No request (0) to Trigger request (1), the difference conversion does not start. After the input signal error returns to the normal value, change 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) from No request (0) to Trigger request (1) again. If an input signal error occurs in the status of Trigger request (1), the difference conversion starts at the timing when the input signal error returns to the normal value, treating the digital operation value as the difference conversion reference value.



■Operations of when Operating condition setting request (Y9) is turned on and off

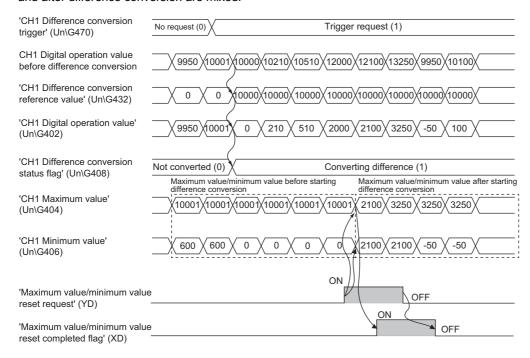
- During the difference conversion, even when Operating condition setting request (Y9) is turned on and off, the difference conversion continues without updating the difference conversion reference value. To updating the difference conversion reference value, restart the difference conversion by changing CH1 Difference conversion trigger (Un\G470) from Trigger request (1) to No request (0), and Trigger request (1) again.
- CH1 Difference conversion trigger (Un\G470) does not become valid even when the trigger changes from No request (0) to Trigger request (1) when Operating condition setting request (Y9) is turned off and on. After turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9), change CH1 Difference conversion trigger (Un\G470) from No request (0) to Trigger request (1) again.



■Operations of CH1 Maximum value (Un\G404) and CH1 Minimum value (Un\G406)

When the difference conversion starts, the maximum value and the minimum value of the values acquired by the difference conversion are stored in 'CH1 Maximum value' (Un\G404) and 'CH1 Minimum value' (Un\G406). By turning on 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD), the maximum value and the minimum value after the start of the difference conversion can be checked.

When 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) is not turned on, the maximum values and minimum values before and after difference conversion are mixed.



■Operation of when the averaging processing is set

If the difference conversion starts after the averaging processing is set, the digital operation value at the completion of the averaging processing is determined as 'CH1 Difference conversion reference value' (Un\G432). 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) turns to Converting difference (1).



- The difference conversion function can be started at any timing.
- When the difference conversion function is used with the digital clipping function, scaling function, and shift function, each digital operation value is determined as a difference conversion reference value and used for the difference conversion.
- Even though the digital clipping function, scaling function, and shift function are enabled during the difference conversion, the value in 'CH1 Difference conversion reference value' (Un\G432) is not updated. To update the value in 'CH1 Difference conversion reference value' (Un\G432), stop the difference conversion and restart it again.

1.9 Maximum Value/Minimum Value Hold Function

This function stores the maximum and minimum values of digital operation values for each channel to the buffer memory area. Time average and count average are processed on the averaging process cycle. The values of the sampling processing, moving average, and primary delay filter are updated on the sampling cycle.

Resetting the maximum value and the minimum value

Turn on and off 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) or 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to update the maximum value and minimum value with the current value.

Turning on and off 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) turns on 'Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag' (XD).

Values to be the maximum value and the minimum value

The maximum and minimum values of digital operation values are stored in the buffer memory.

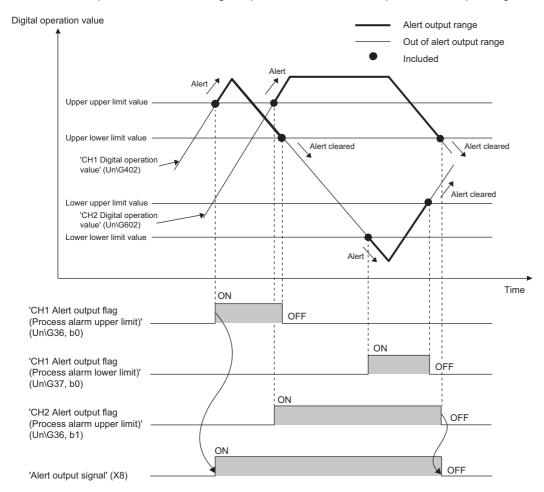
When the digital clipping function, scaling function, shift function, or difference conversion function is used, the maximum value and minimum value of each function are stored.

1.10 Alert Output Function

This section describes process alarms and rate alarms used for the alert output function.

Process alarm

This function outputs an alert when a digital operation value enters the preset alert output range.



Operation

■Operation performed when an alert is output

When a digital operation value is equal to or greater than the process alarm upper upper limit value, or the value is equal to or smaller than the process alarm lower lower limit value and the value enters the alarm output range, an alert is output as follows.

- Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)' (Un\G36) or 'Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)' (Un\G37).
- · 'Alert output signal' (X8) turns on.
- · The ALM LED turns on.

In addition, an alarm code is stored in 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2).

For details on the alarm codes, refer to the following.

Page 94 List of Alarm Codes



The A/D conversion on a channel where an alert was output continues.

■Operation after an alert was output

After an alert was output, if the digital operation value does not satisfy the alert output condition due to being smaller than the process alarm upper lower limit value or being greater than the process alarm lower upper limit value, Normal (0) is stored in a bit position corresponding to the channel number of 'Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)' (Un\G36) or 'Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)' (Un\G37).

In addition, when all the bits of 'Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)' (Un\G36) and 'Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)' (Un\G37) return to Normal (0), 'Alert output signal' (X8) turns off and the ALM LED turns off. However, the alarm code stored in 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2) is not cleared. To clear the alarm code, turn on and off 'Error clear request (YF)' after all the bits of 'Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)' (Un\G36) and 'Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)' (Un\G37) return to Normal (0).

Detection cycle

When time average is specified, the function works at every interval of the time (for averaging). When count average is specified, the function works at every count (for averaging).

When the sampling processing, moving average, and primary delay filter is specified, this function works at every sampling cycle.

Detection target for outputting an alert

When the digital clipping function, scaling function, shift function, or difference conversion function is used, the digital operation value to which digital clipping, scale conversion, shift-and-add, or difference conversion is performed is the detection target for outputting an alert. Set values for CH1 Process alarm upper upper limit value (Un\G514), CH1 Process alarm lower upper limit value (Un\G518), and CH1 Process alarm lower lower limit value (Un\G520) while considering the digital clipping, scale conversion, shift-and-add, and difference conversion.

Setting procedure

- 1. Set "Alert output setting (Process alarm)" to "Enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Alert output function (Process alarm)"
- **2.** Set values for "Process alarm upper upper limit value", "Process alarm upper lower limit value", "Process alarm lower upper limit value", and "Process alarm lower limit value".

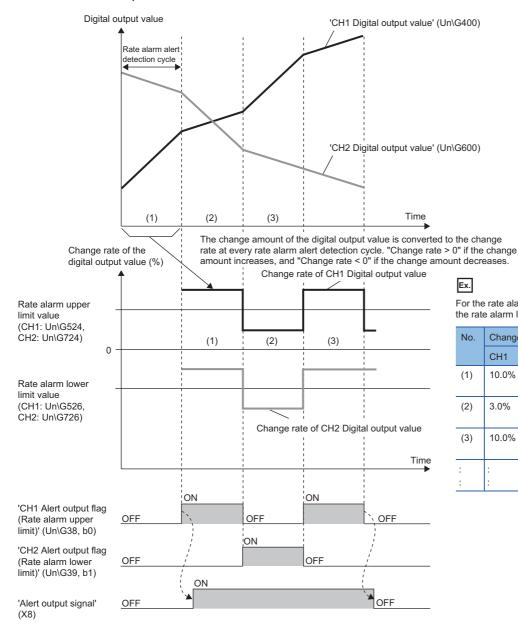
| Item | Setting range |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Process alarm upper upper limit value | -32768 to 32767 |
| Process alarm upper lower limit value | |
| Process alarm lower upper limit value | |
| Process alarm lower lower limit value | |



Set values within the range satisfying the condition "Process alarm upper upper limit value \geq Process alarm upper lower limit value \geq Process alarm lower upper limit value \geq Process alarm lower limit value". If a value out of the range is set, a process alarm upper lower limit value setting range error (error code: $1B\triangle\Box H$) occurs.

Rate alarm

This function outputs an alert when the change rate of a digital output value is equal to or more than the rate alarm upper limit value, or the rate is equal to or less than the rate alarm lower limit value.



For the rate alarm upper limit value: 5.0%, and the rate alarm lower limit value: -5.0%

Ex.

| No. | Change rate of the digital output value | | | ut value |
|-----|---|---|--------|--|
| | CH1 | | CH2 | |
| (1) | 10.0% | An upper limit alert issued for CH1 | -3.0% | No alert issued |
| (2) | 3.0% | No alert issued | -10.0% | A lower limit alert issued for CH2 |
| (3) | 10.0% | An upper limit alert issued for CH1 | -3.0% | No alert issued |
| : | : | | : | |

Operation

■Operation performed when an alert is output

Digital output values are monitored on the rate alarm alert detection cycle. When a change rate of a digital output value (from a previous value) is equal to or more than the rate alarm upper limit value, or the rate is equal to or less than the rate alarm lower limit value, an alert is output as follows.

- Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)' (Un\G38) or 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)'
 (Un\G39).
- · 'Alert output signal' (X8) turns on.
- · The ALM LED turns on.

In addition, an alarm code is stored in 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2).

For details on the alarm codes, refer to the following.

Page 94 List of Alarm Codes



The A/D conversion on a channel where an alert was output continues.

■Operation after an alert was output

After an alert was output, if the change rate of a digital output value does not satisfy the alert output conditions due to being smaller than the rate alarm upper limit value or being greater than the rate alarm lower limit value, Normal (0) is stored in a bit position corresponding to the channel number of 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)' (Un\G38) or 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)' (Un\G39).

In addition, when all 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)' (Un\G38) and 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)' (Un\G39) return to Normal (0), 'Alert output signal' (X8) turns off and the ALM LED turns off. However, the alarm code stored in 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2) is not cleared. To clear the alarm code, turn on and off 'Error clear request (YF)' after all the bits of 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)' (Un\G38) and 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)' (Un\G39) return to Normal (0).

Detection cycle

Set the rate alarm alert detection cycle in 'CH1 Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting' (Un\G522).

The rate alarm alert detection cycle is the value calculated by multiplying the set value by the conversion cycle.



The rate alarm alert detection cycle under the following conditions

- A/D conversion-enabled channels: CH1 to CH3
- 'CH1 Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting' (Un\G522): 5 (times)

The rate alarm detection cycle is $1200\mu s$ ($80\mu s \times 3$ (CH) $\times 5$ (times)).

Digital output values are compared in $1200\mu s$ intervals to check the change rate.

Judgment of rate alarm

A change rate is judged with 'CH1 Rate alarm upper limit value' (Un\G524) and 'CH1 Rate alarm lower limit value' (Un\G526) converted to digital values per rate alarm alert detection cycle.

The following shows the conversion formula of judgment values used for the rate alarm detection.

| Item | Description | |
|------------------|--|--|
| R _H | Rate alarm upper limit value (Unit: 0.1%) | |
| R_{L} | Rate alarm lower limit value (Unit: 0.1%) | |
| D _{Max} | Maximum digital output value of the input range: 32000 | |



Values after the decimal point are omitted.



The judgment value under the following conditions

- A/D conversion-enabled channel: CH1
- CH1 Averaging process specification: Sampling processing (0)
- · CH1 Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting: 5 (times)
- CH1 Rate alarm upper limit value: 250 (25.0%)
- CH1 Rate alarm lower limit value: 50 (5.0%)

 $250 \times 0.001 \times 32000 = 8000 \text{ (digits)}$

 $50 \times 0.001 \times 32000 = 1600$ (digits)

The present value is compared to the previous value in a rate alarm alert detection cycle of $400\mu s$ (conversion cycle $80\mu s \times 5$). A digital value is judged if it increases 8000 digits (25.0%) or more, or if the increase is 1600 digits (5.0%) or less from the previous value (when the maximum digital output value is 32000).

Use the following formula to calculate a change rate to be set based on the change amount of voltage and current to detect an alert.

Change rate to be set (0.1%) =
$$\left(\frac{\text{Change amount of the voltage (current) to detect an alert (V(mA))}}{\text{Gain voltage (current) (V(mA))} - \text{Offset voltage (current) (V(mA))}} \times 1000\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

*1 Values after the decimal point are omitted.

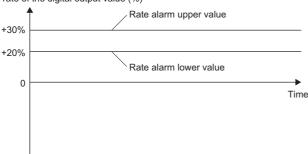
Application examples of rate alarms

A rate alarm serves to monitor that the variation rate of a digital output value lies in a limited range as shown below:



To monitor that a rising rate of a digital output value is within the specified range

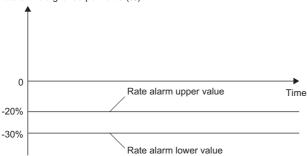
Change rate of the digital output value (%)



Ex.

To monitor that a drop rate of a digital output value is within the specified range

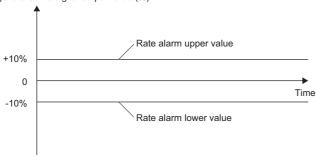
Change rate of the digital output value (%)



Ex.

To monitor that a change rate of a digital output value is within the specified range

Change rate of the digital output value (%)



Setting procedure

- 1. Set "Alert output setting (Rate alarm)" to "Enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Alert output function (Rate alarm)"
- **2.** Set an alert detection cycle of rate alarms.

Set the cycle in "Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting".

| Item | Setting range |
|--|--------------------|
| Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting | 1 to 32000 (times) |



In the channel where a value out of the range is set, a rate alarm alert detection cycle setting range error (error code: 1B9□H) occurs.

3. Set values for "Rate alarm upper limit value" and "Rate alarm lower limit value".

Set a value for the maximum value (32000) of the digital output value in increments of 0.1%.

| Item | Setting range |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Rate alarm upper limit value | -3276.8 to 3276.7 (%) |
| Rate alarm lower limit value | |

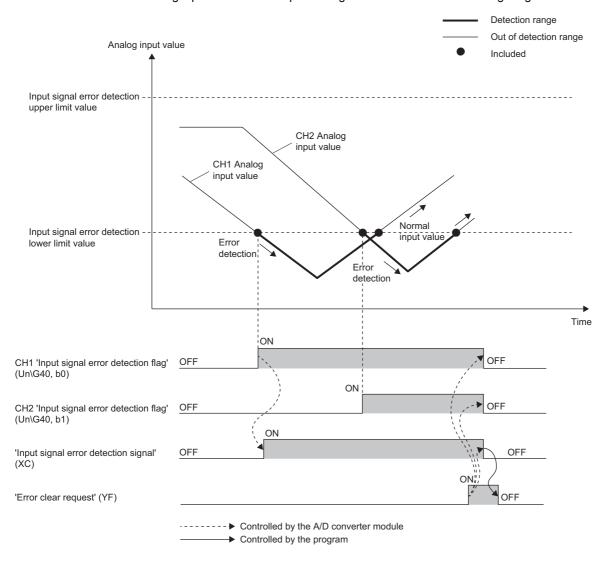


Set values within the range satisfying the condition "Rate alarm upper limit value > Rate alarm lower limit value".

If a value out of the range is set, a rate alarm upper/lower limit setting value inversion error (error code: 1BA \square H) occurs.

1.11 Input Signal Error Detection Function

This function detects an analog input value that is equal to or greater/smaller than the setting range.



Detection method

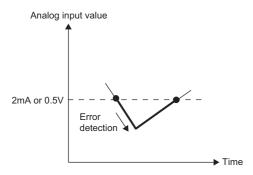
One of the following detection methods can be selected.

| Detection method | Detection condition | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 0: Disable | Input signal errors are not detected. | _ |
| 1: Upper and lower limit detection | An input signal error is detected when the analog input value is equal to or greater than the input signal error detection upper limit value, or when the analog input value is equal to or smaller than the input signal error detection lower limit value. | Analog input value Error detection detection upper limit value |
| | | Input signal error detection lower limit value Error detection Time |
| 2: Lower limit detection | An input signal error is detected when the analog input value is equal to or smaller than the input signal error detection lower limit value. | Analog input value No error detection Input signal error detection upper limit value |
| | | Input signal error detection lower limit value Error detection Time |
| 3: Upper limit detection | An input signal error is detected when the analog input value is equal to or greater than the input signal error detection upper limit value. | Analog input value Error detection upper limit value |
| | | Input signal error detection lower limit value No error detection Time |
| 4: Simple disconnection detection | Simple disconnection detection is performed Page 41 Simple disconnection detection | |

■Simple disconnection detection

By combining this function with the extended mode in the input range setting, simple disconnection detection is enabled. When an analog input value satisfies either of the following conditions, a disconnection occurs and 'Input signal error detection flag' (Un\G40) turns on.

| Input range | Disconnection detection signal | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | Analog input value ≤ 2mA | |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | Analog input value ≤ 0.5V | |



The setting for 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting value' (Un\G529) is ignored.

Notification

When an input signal error is detected, an error is notified as follows.

- Input signal error (1) is stored in 'Input signal error detection flag' (Un\G40).
- 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) turns on.
- · The ALM LED flashes.

In addition, an alarm code is stored in 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2). Alarm codes are stored whenever the analog input satisfies the condition for the input signal error detection.

For details on the alarm codes, refer to the following.

Page 94 List of Alarm Codes

Operation

On the channel where an error is detected, the last digital output value and digital operation value just before the error was detected are stored.

When the analog input does not satisfy the condition of the input signal error detection, the A/D conversion resumes regardless of the reset on 'Input signal error detection flag' (Un\G40) and 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC). (The ALM LED remains flashing.)



- When an input signal error occurs, the digital output value and digital operation value are not updated.
- The A/D conversion continues on the channel where no Input signal error is detected.
- Whether an input signal error occurred is judged with the value when the first A/D conversion is completed. Thus, A/D conversion completed flag turns on even when an input signal error is detected.

Detection cycle

This function works at every sampling cycle.

Clearing input signal errors

After the analog input value returns within the set range, turn on and off 'Error clear request' (YF).

The A/D converter module arranges the following status when an input signal error is cleared.

- 'Input signal error detection flag' (Un\G40) is cleared.
- · 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) turns off.
- The ALM LED turns off.
- 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2) is cleared.

How to set an input signal error detection setting value

Set the input signal error detection upper limit value and input signal error detection lower limit value by 1 (0.1%) based on the input signal error detection setting value.

Both the input signal error detection upper limit value and the input signal error detection lower limit value reflect the input signal error detection setting value.

■Input signal error detection upper limit value

This value is calculated by adding "Analog input range width (Gain value - Offset value) \times Input signal error detection setting value (%)" to the gain value. Only a value which is equal to or greater than the gain value can be set.

To calculate the input signal error detection setting value based on the input signal error detection upper limit value, use the following formula.

Input signal error detection setting value = $\frac{\text{Input signal error detection upper limit value - Gain value of each range}}{\text{Gain value of each range}} \times 1000$

■Input signal error detection lower limit value

This value is calculated by subtracting "Analog input range width (Gain value - Offset value) \times Input signal error detection setting value" from the lower limit value of each range. Only the value which is equal to or smaller than the lower limit value of the range can be set.

To calculate the input signal error detection setting value based on the input signal error detection upper limit value, use the following formula.

Input signal error detection setting value = Lower limit value of each range - Input signal error detection lower limit value of each range × 1000

The following table lists the lower limit value, offset value, and gain value for each range.

| Input range | | Lower limit value | Offset value | Gain value |
|-------------|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| Voltage | 0 to 10V | 0V | | 10V |
| | 0 to 5V | 0V | | 5V |
| | 1 to 5V | 1V | | 5V |
| | 1 to 5V (extended mode) | 1V | | 5V |
| | -10 to 10V | -10V | 0V | 10V |
| | User range setting | Analog input value equivalent to the digital output value of -32000 | Analog input value set as an offset value | Analog input value set as a gain value |
| Current | 0 to 20mA | 0mA | | 20mA |
| | 4 to 20mA | 4mA | | 20mA |
| | 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | 4mA | | 20mA |
| | User range setting | Analog input value equivalent to the digital output value of -32000 | Analog input value set as an offset value | Analog input value set as a gain value |

Setting procedure

- 1. Select a detection method in "Input signal error detection setting".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Input signal error detection function"
- 2. Set a value for "Input signal error detection setting value".

| Item | Setting range |
|--|-----------------|
| Input signal error detection setting value | 0.0 to 25.0 (%) |



In the channel where a value out of the range is set, an input signal error detection setting value range error (error code: 1C1 \square H) occurs.

■Setting example of the input signal error detection

To detect an error on a channel where the analog input range of 4 to 20mA is set when the analog input value is 2.4mA or lower, make the following substitutions in the formula based on the input signal error lower limit value.

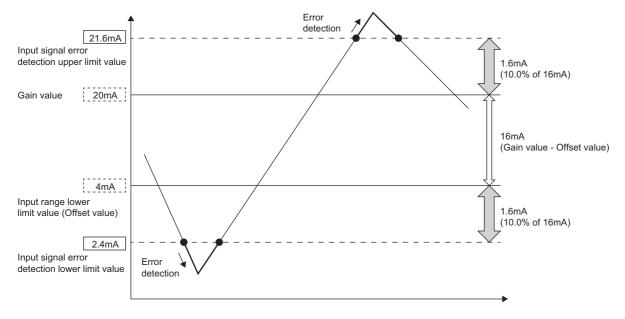
- · Input signal error detection lower limit value: 2.4mA
- Offset value: 4.0mAGain value: 20.0mA

Input signal error detection setting value = $\frac{4.0 - 2.4}{20.0 - 4.0} \times 1000$

Thus, set 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting value' (Un\G529) to 100 (10.0%).

When CH1 Input signal error detection setting (Un\G528) is set to Upper and lower limit detection (1), the input signal error detection setting value works as shown below.

Since the setting value is 100 (10.0%), an error is detected not only at 2.4mA (lower limit) but also at 21.6mA (upper limit).



1.12 Logging Function

This function stores 10000 points of digital output values or digital operation values per channel in the buffer memory area. In addition, the data collection can be stopped by using the status change of the data as a trigger. This function also helps the error analysis since the data before and after the occurrence of an error is held.

Using function blocks (FBs) enables saving the data stored in the buffer memory as a CSV file.

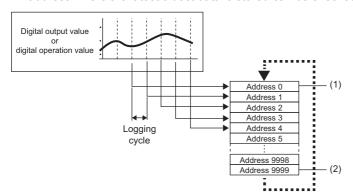
Logging function

■Collecting logging data

Logging data is collected as follows.

- 10000 points of the latest digital output values or digital operation values can be always collected for each channel.
- The data can be collected at intervals of 80µs at a minimum and of 3600s at a maximum.

An address where the latest/oldest data is stored can be checked with the latest/head pointer.



Head pointer
 The address of the oldest data in logging data can be checked.

Latest pointer
 The address of the latest data in logging data can be checked.

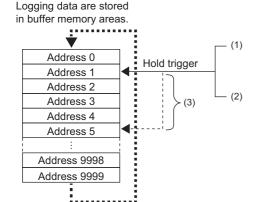
Logging data are stored in the buffer memory area. When the number of stored data points is 10001 or greater, data is sequentially overwritten from address 0 with new data.

■Stopping the logging operation

The logging data is refreshed at high speed during logging. Stop logging when the logging data needs to be referred without paying attention to the refreshing cycle.

Logging can be stopped by the hold trigger.

- A hold trigger allows two options: Logging hold request or Level trigger.
- The number of data points to be collected after a hold trigger occurs can be set.



(1) Logging hold requestA hold trigger is generated from a program at any timing.

(2) Level trigger

A hold trigger is generated when a stored value in a buffer memory area is monitored and the set condition is satisfied as follows.

Example: When the stored value exceeds or falls below the set value, a hold trigger is generated.

Stored value of a buffer memory area to be monitored

A trigger is generated.

Trigger setting value

Time

(3) Post-trigger logging points When the set points of data is collected after a hold trigger is generated, the logging operation is stopped.

■Saving logging data into a CSV file

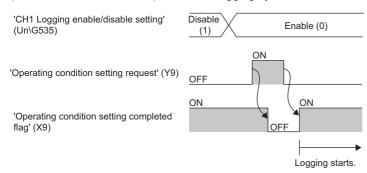
The data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) disappears when the module is powered off. However, the data can be saved in a CSV file by using function blocks (FBs).

Operation of logging

■Starting logging data collection

Logging data collection starts when 'CH1 Logging enable/disable setting' (Un\G535) is set to Enable (0) and 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off.

The data in 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400) or 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402) is stored in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) on the set logging cycle.



■Logging data

Logging data are stored in the following buffer memory areas.

When the number of stored data points is 10001 or greater, the data is overwritten with new data from the head of the storage area of the corresponding channel.

| Channel | Storage area for logging data |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| CH1 | Un\G10000 to Un\G19999 |
| CH2 | Un\G20000 to Un\G29999 |
| CH3 | Un\G30000 to Un\G39999 |
| CH4 | Un\G40000 to Un\G49999 |
| CH5*1 | Un\G50000 to Un\G59999 |
| CH6*1 | Un\G60000 to Un\G69999 |
| CH7*1 | Un\G70000 to Un\G79999 |
| CH8*1 | Un\G80000 to Un\G89999 |

^{*1} Only R60ADV8 and R60ADI8 use this channel.

If logging has been performed even once, all the logging data above are cleared to 0 at the timing when 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned off and on.

Logging data setting

Select a data type to be collected with 'CH1 Logging data setting' (Un\G536).

- Digital output value (0)
- Digital operation value (1)

Logging cycle

■Logging cycle setting

Set the logging cycle with 'CH1 Logging cycle setting value' (Un\G537) and 'CH1 Logging cycle unit setting' (Un\G538). The following table lists the setting range for each cycle.

| Setting value of CH1 Logging cycle unit setting | Setting range of CH1 Logging cycle setting value | |
|---|--|--|
| μs (0) | 80 to 32767 | |
| ms (1) | 1 to 32767 | |
| s (2) | 1 to 3600 | |

The logging cycle must be an integral multiple of the conversion cycle. Even if the setting is not an integral multiple, the actual logging cycle is adjusted to the integral multiple of the conversion cycle within a limit of the set logging cycle.

The following table lists the conversion cycle for each A/D conversion method.

| Conversion method | Conversion cycle |
|----------------------|--|
| Sampling processing | Number of conversion enabled channels \times Conversion speed |
| Time average | Time set in Time average/Count average/ Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed * Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed |
| Count average | (The count set to CH1 Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting (Un\G502)) × (Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed) |
| Moving average | Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed |
| Primary delay filter | Number of conversion enabled channels × Conversion speed |

^{*1} Values after the decimal point are omitted.



With the following settings, the conversion cycle is $320\mu s$ and the actual logging cycle is performed every $6720\mu s$ (integral multiple of $320\mu s$).

- Number of conversion enabled channels: CH1 to CH4
- · Conversion process specification: Sampling processing
- · Logging cycle setting value: 7000
- Logging cycle unit setting: μs

The following values are stored in 'CH1 Logging cycle monitor value' (Un\G441 to Un\G443).

| Address | Item | | Stored value |
|---------|---------------------------------|----|--------------|
| 441 | CH1 Logging cycle monitor value | s | 0 |
| 442 | (Un\G441 to Un\G443) | ms | 6 |
| 443 | | μs | 720 |

■When the logging function becomes disabled

The logging is not performed when even one of the following errors occurs after the logging function is enabled and 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off.

- Error code (192 H to 195 H): Setting errors of 'CH1 Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting' (Un\G502)
- Error code (1D0□H to 1D6□H): Setting errors of the logging function
- Error code (1D8□H to 1D9□H): Setting errors of the logging read function



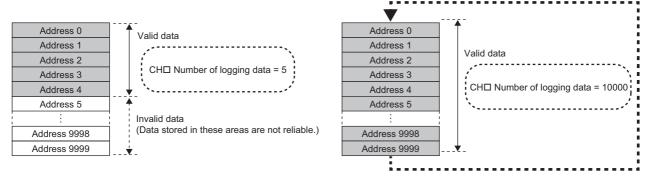
When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off on the condition that the logging cycle determined by 'CH1 Logging cycle setting value' (Un\G537) and 'CH1 Logging cycle unit setting' (Un\G538) is shorter than the conversion cycle, an error occurs and logging does not start. A logging cycle setting disable error (error code: 1D2 \square H) is stored in 'Latest error code' (Un\G0) to turn on 'Error flag' (XF) and the ERR LED.

■Number of logging data

With 'CH1 Number of logging data' (Un\G436), the number of valid data in 'CH1 Logging data' (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked.

When the number of collected data points is less than 10000

When the number of collected data points is 10001 or greater



The number of logging data increases by one each time new data is stored.

When CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) becomes full (Number of logging data = 10000), the next data is stored in the head address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999), and the logging operation continues overwriting the existing data. In this case, the number of logging data is fixed to 10000.

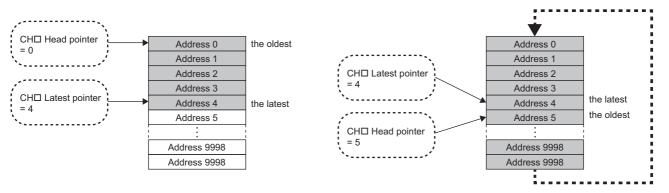
■Head pointer and latest pointer

The storage location of the oldest data and the latest data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with the following buffer memory areas.

| Buffer memory area | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| CH1 Head pointer (Un\G434) | The buffer memory address of the oldest data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with this buffer memory area. The offset value (0 to 9999) counted from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored. |
| CH1 Latest pointer (Un\G435) | The buffer memory address of the latest data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with this buffer memory area. The offset value (0 to 9999) counted from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored. |

When the number of collected data points is less than 10000

When the number of collected data points is 10001 or greater



The head pointer does not change (fixed to 0) until CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) becomes full after the logging start.

The head pointer moves by one point when CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) becomes full and overwriting the data starts from the head address.

■Checking logging data without stopping the logging operation

Logging data can be checked during the logging operation with 'CH1 Head pointer' (Un\G434), 'CH1 Latest pointer' (Un\G435), and 'CH1 Number of logging data' (Un\G436).

To check logging data during logging operation, follow the precautions below because logging data may be refreshed while data is being read out.

- Set the cycle to 'CH1 Logging cycle setting value' (Un\G537) so that data checking and reading surely complete before logging data is refreshed. If the logging cycle is short, logging data may be refreshed during data checking and reading.
- After obtaining the logging data which needs to be checked, monitor the variation of the head pointer and the number of logging data, and obtain logging data just after the stored value has changed.
- If the data refreshed and the data being checked do not synchronize due to the relationship between the logging cycle and the scan time of the CPU module, adjust the logging cycle.

Stop the logging operation when the logging data needs to be checked without paying attention to the logging cycle. (Fig. Page 49 Stopping the logging operation)

Stopping the logging operation

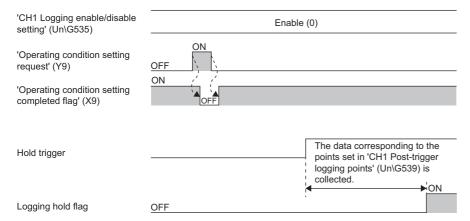
Logging operation stops (holds) when the preset trigger condition is satisfied and the set points of the data are collected. A trigger that is generated when the condition is satisfied is called a hold trigger.

To generate a hold trigger, the following two methods are available.

Page 52 Logging hold request

Page 53 Level trigger

When a hold trigger is detected during data collection, the logging operation stops after the points of the data set in 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539) are collected.



Post-trigger logging points

Set the number of data collected in the period from the detection of a hold trigger to logging operation stop to 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539).

Checking that the logging has stopped

Check that 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) is ON (1).

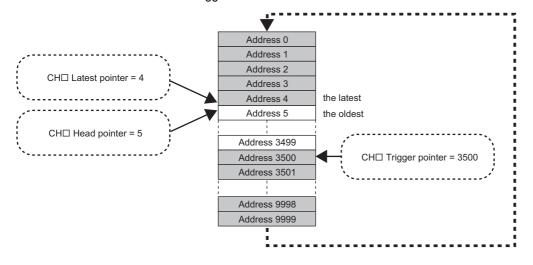
Checking data when a hold trigger has occurred

The storage location of the data when a hold trigger has occurred can be checked with 'CH1 Trigger pointer' (Un\G437). The offset value counted from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored in 'CH1 Trigger pointer' (Un\G437).



The value stored in Trigger pointer when the logging operation stops under the following conditions

- 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539): 6505 points
- The data location where a hold trigger has occurred: 3500th data



■Checking the trigger generation time

The trigger generation time can be checked with 'CH1 Trigger generation time' (Un\G444 to Un\G448).

Even when the logging cycle is set to a period less than 1 millisecond (Example: $80\mu s$), the minimum time unit recorded in 'CH1 Trigger generation time' (Un\G444 to Un\G448) is millisecond. Use the trigger generation time as an indication to refer to the logging data.



When 'CH1 Trigger generation time' (Un\G444 to Un\G448) is monitored

| | b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|----|----|---------------------------------|----|
| 'CH1 Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year)' (Un\G444) | | First two digits of the year | | | Last two digits of the year | |
| 'CH1 Trigger generation time (Month/Day)' (Un\G445) | | Month | | | Day | |
| 'CH1 Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute)' (Un\G446) | | Hour | | | Minute | |
| CH1 Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week)' (Un\G447) | | Second | | | Day of the week | |
| 'CH1 Trigger generation time (Millisecond)' (Un\G448) | | isecond (higher-order digits) | | М | illisecond (lower-order digits) | |

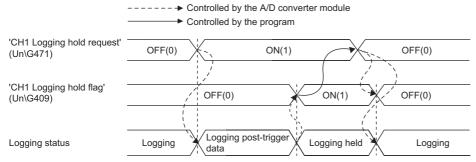
- First two digits of the year, last two digits of the year, month, day, hour, minute, second, and millisecond are all stored in the BCD code.
- In the day of the week segment, one of the following values in the BCD code indicating the corresponding day is stored. Sunday: 00H, Monday: 01H, Tuesday: 02H, Wednesday: 03H, Thursday: 04H, Friday: 05H, Saturday: 06H

Resuming the logging

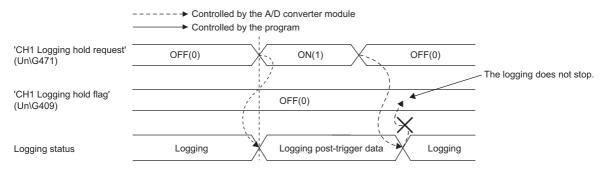
It may take time until ON (1) is stored in 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) after 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is changed from off to on.

To resume logging, check that ON (1) is stored in 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) and 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is changed from on to off. After logging resumes, the value is stored from the head buffer memory area of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999).

In addition, OFF (0) is stored in 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409).



Logging does not stop when 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is changed from on to off before ON (1) is stored in 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409).



■Buffer memory area status when logging resumes

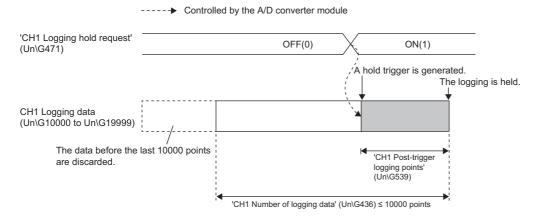
The following table shows the buffer memory area status when logging resumes.

| Buffer memory area | Value status |
|--|---|
| CH1 Head pointer (Un\G434) | Values are initialized. |
| CH1 Latest pointer (Un\G435) | |
| CH1 Number of logging data (Un\G436) | |
| CH1 Trigger pointer (Un\G437) | |
| CH1 Trigger generation time (Un\G444 to Un\G448) | |
| CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) | The values before logging resumes are not initialized. After logging resumes, values are stored from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999). To refer to the logging data, check which area has valid data with CH1 Number of logging data (Un\G436). |

Logging hold request

A hold trigger is generated from a program at any timing.

Logging starts when ON (1) is set to 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) and stops after a preset number of the data is collected.





• The following delay time occurs until the A/D converter module receives a hold trigger after the value in 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is changed from OFF (0) to ON (1).

Trigger delay = Logging cycle (Cycle at which logging is actually performed) + Scan time of the CPU module

- When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is changed from ON (1) to OFF (0) before 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) turns to ON (1), the data set in 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539) is not held after logging, and logging resumes soon.
- If a value other than OFF (0) and ON (1) is set to 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471), an error occurs. A logging hold request range error (error code: 1D7□H) is stored in 'Latest error code' (Un\G0) to turn on 'Error flag' (XF) and the ERR LED.

Checking that the logging has stopped

Check that 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) is ON (1).

Level trigger

When a value in the monitored buffer memory area of the A/D converter module satisfies a preset condition, a hold trigger is generated.

A level trigger is monitored on the refreshing cycle of the digital output value or the digital operation value.

Initial setting of a level trigger

■Setting a target to be monitored

As a condition to generate a hold trigger, set the buffer memory address to be monitored to 'CH1 Trigger data' (Un\G541).

| Item | Setting range |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| CH1 Trigger data (Un\G541) | 0 to 9999 |

To monitor a device value of a module other than the A/D converter module such as a device of the CPU module, set as follows.

- Set a value between 90 and 99 (Level data (Un\G90 to Un\G99)) to 'CH1 Trigger data' (Un\G541).
- Write a value of the monitored device to Level data (Un\G90 to Un\G99) by using the MOV instruction.

| Item | Setting range |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Level data□ (Un\G90 to Un\G99) | -32768 to 32767 |



Application example of Level data ☐ (Un\G90 to Un\G99)

To monitor the data register D100 in the CPU module and operate the level trigger in CH1, create a program as follows.

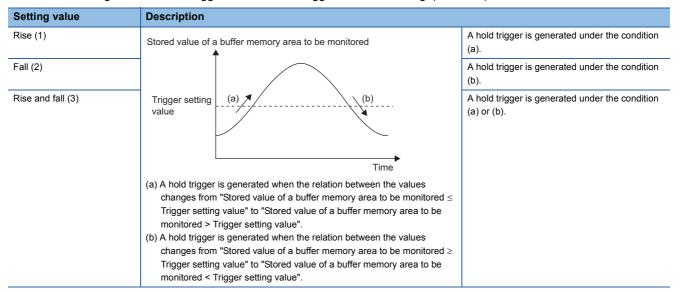
- 1. Set 91 (buffer memory address of Level data 1) to 'CH1 Trigger data' (Un\G541) (when Level data 1 is used).
- Store the storage data of D100 in 'Level data 1' (Un\G91) by the program continuously.



Specify an appropriate data such as 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400), 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402), or Level data (Un\G90 to Un\G99) to 'CH1 Trigger data' (Un\G541). When a setting area or a system area is specified, the normal operation is not guaranteed.

■Setting the monitoring condition

Set a condition to generate a hold trigger in 'CH1 Level trigger condition setting' (Un\G540).

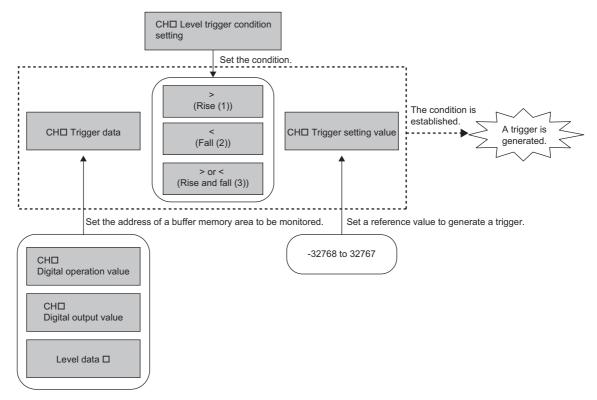


Set a value where a hold trigger is generated to 'CH1 Trigger setting value' (Un\G542).

| Item | Setting range |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| CH1 Trigger setting value (Un\G542) | -32768 to 32767 |



The following figure shows the relation between setting items to be configured for the initial setting of a level trigger.



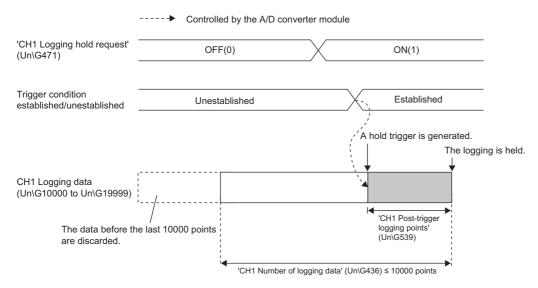
To generate a hold trigger when a value in CH1 Digital output value (Un\G400) is greater than 10000, set as follows.

- 'CH1 Level trigger condition setting' (Un\G540): Rise (1)
- 'CH1 Trigger data' (Un\G541): 400
- 'CH1 Trigger setting value' (Un\G542): 10000

Operation of a level trigger

To use a level trigger, set ON (1) to 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) in advance. At the point where ON (1) has been set to 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471), the module becomes the trigger condition wait status.

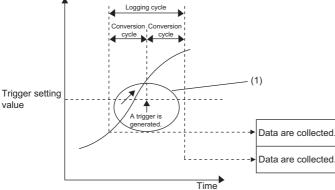
Data collection starts when the trigger condition has been satisfied, and stops when the set points of the data have been collected.





A level trigger is detected on the refreshing cycle of the digital output value or the digital operation value. Therefore, the data when a hold trigger is generated may not be stored in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) depending on the setting of the logging cycle. To store the data at the timing when a hold trigger is generated in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999), arrange related settings so that the conversion cycle of the monitoring target value (a trigger data) and the logging cycle (actual logging cycle) have the same time period.





(1) The data at the timing when a trigger is generated is not stored in the buffer memory area.

■Checking that the logging has stopped

Check that 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) is ON (1).

Initial settings of the logging function

The following describes the initial setting procedure to use the logging function.

Setting procedure

- 1. Set "A/D conversion enable/disable setting" to "A/D conversion enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "A/D conversion enable/disable setting function"
- 2. Set "Logging enable/disable setting" to "Enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Logging function"
- **3.** Set the target data to be logged in "Logging data setting". Set which of "Digital output value" or "Digital operation value" for each channel.
- 4. Set the cycle to store the logging data to "Logging cycle setting value".
- 5. Select a unit of the logging cycle setting value in "Logging cycle unit setting".
- **6.** Set a condition to generate a hold trigger in "Level trigger condition setting". To use 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471), set "Disable". To use the level trigger, set either of "Level trigger (condition: Rise)", "Level trigger (condition: Fall)", or "Level trigger (condition: Rise and fall)".
- 7. Set a number of the data points to be collected for the time period from the occurrence of a hold trigger to logging stop in "Post-trigger logging points".
- Set a buffer memory address to be monitored with a level trigger to "Trigger data".
- 9. Set whether to enable or disable the logging read function in "Read interrupt enable/disable setting"
- **10.** Set a level where a level trigger operates for "Trigger setting value".

Logging read function

More than 10000 points of logging data can be stored by transferring the device data to the file register of the CPU module without stopping logging. This function reduces the takt time in a test demanding high-speed conversion.

Overview of the logging read function

After logging starts, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module and an interrupt program is executed every time the preset number of data to be read is logged.

The A/D converter module has 16 points of the interrupt factor (SI) corresponding to the logging reading of each channel. For the setting of interrupt pointers, refer to the following.

Page 57 Setting interrupt pointers

Setting interrupt pointers

Assign the interrupt factors (SI) of the A/D converter module and interrupt pointers of the CPU module using the interrupt pointer setting of the engineering tool.

The interrupt function must be set when the logging read function is used.

Starting the logging read function

To use the logging read function, set 'CH1 Loading interrupt enable/disable setting' (Un\G544) to Enable (0) and set a number of logging points to generate an interrupt in 'CH1 Logging read points setting value' (Un\G545). This function starts when 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off.

■The number of logging read points

Set a value whose integral multiple is 10000 in 'CH1 Logging read points setting value' (Un\G545). The setting range is from 10 to 10000.

When a value whose integral multiple is not 10000 is set, the number of the actual logging read points is forced to become a maximum value whose integral multiple is 10000 within the set value. The value of the number of logging read points is stored in 'CH1 Logging read points monitor value' (Un\G440).

| The number of logging read points | Logging read points monitor value |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 100 | 100 |
| 90 | 80 |
| 110 | 100 |
| 650 | 625 |
| 4000 | 2500 |

Data checking method

■Current logging read pointer

- The head pointer read from CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) with the interrupt processing is stored in 'CH1 Current logging read pointer' (Un\G438).
- The default value of 'CH1 Current logging read pointer' (Un\G438) is -1.
- Every time the same number of data as the value stored in CH1 Logging read points monitor value (Un\G440) is logged, a value calculated by the following formula is stored in 'CH1 Current logging read pointer' (Un\G438).

CH1 Current logging read pointer = CH1 Latest pointer - CH1 Logging read points monitor value + 1

■Previous logging read pointer

- 'CH1 Current logging read pointer' (Un\G438) at the timing when the previous read pointer detection interrupt occurs is stored in 'CH1 Previous logging read pointer' (Un\G439).
- The default value of 'CH1 Previous logging read pointer' (Un\G439) is -1.
- 'CH1 Previous logging read pointer' (Un\G439) is used to detect the overlap of the logging read pointer detection interrupt processing.

Ex.

The values to be stored in each pointer at every detection interrupt when the logging read detection starts with 'CH1 Logging read points setting value' (Un\G545) being set to 1000

| Occurrence of read pointer detection interrupts | Previous logging read pointer | Current logging read pointer | Latest pointer | Relative address | Buffer memory area |
|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Default value | -1 | -1 | 0 | 0 | 1st data |
| First time | -1 | 0 | 999 | : | : |
| Second time | 0 | 1000 | 1999 | 999 | 1000th data |
| Third time | 1000 | 2000 | 2999 | 1000 | 1001st data |
| : | : | : | : | : | : |
| | | | | 1999 | 2000th data |
| 10th time | 8000 | 9000 | 9999 | 2000 | 2001st data |
| 11th time | 9000 | 0 | 999 | : | 1 |
| 12th time | 0 | 1000 | 1999 | 9999 | 10000th data |

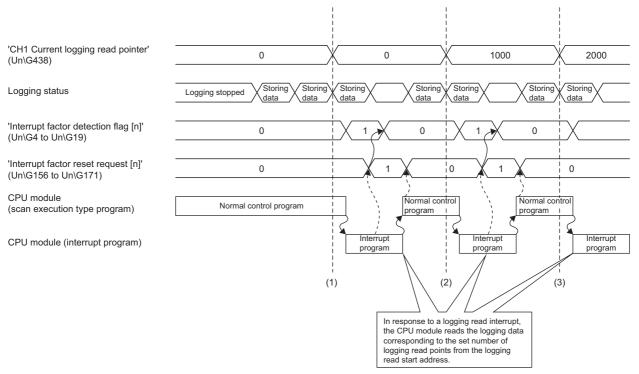
Operation

The logging read function starts by setting interrupt pointers and turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9). This function repeats its operation every time the same number of data as the logging read points monitor value is logged.



The following figure shows the operation when the logging read function is used under the following conditions.

- · A/D conversion-enabled channel: 1CH
- · Logging read points setting value: 1000 points



- (1) The timing that the first interrupt processing occurs
- (2) The timing that the second interrupt processing occurs
- (3) The timing that the third interrupt processing occurs

Setting procedure

To use the logging read function, both the logging read function and the interrupt setting must be set.

- **1.** Set "Condition target setting" to "Logging read".
- Navigation window

 □ [Parameter]

 □ [Module Information]

 □ Module model name

 □ [Module Parameter]

 □ "Interrupt setting"
- 2. Set "A/D conversion enable/disable setting" to "A/D conversion enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting" ⇒ "A/D conversion enable/disable setting"
- 3. Set "Logging enable/disable setting" to "Enable".
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting" ⇒ "Logging function"
- 4. Set the target data to be logged in "Logging data setting".
- **5.** Set the cycle to store the logging data to "Logging cycle setting value".
- **6.** Set "Read interrupt enable/disable setting" to "Enable".
- 7. Set the number of logging points that generate a read interrupt in "Logging read points setting value".

Setting example



When an interrupt program that is executed when the data of CH1 Logging read points monitor value is logged is assigned to the interrupt pointer I50

· Label settings

| Classification | Lab | el name | Des | Description | | | | Device | |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------|---------------|---------|-------------|---------|
| Module Label | RCPU.stSM.bAlways_ON | | | Alwa | ys (| NC | | | SM400 |
| | RCPU.stSM.bAfter_RUN1_Scan_ON (| | | | | ne scan after | Rl | JN | SM402 |
| | R60/ | AD_1.unInterruptFactorMask_D[1]. | 0 | Interr | rupt | factor mask | | | U0¥G124 |
| | R60/ | AD_1.unInterruptFactotDetectionFl | ag | Inter | rupt | factor detect | ion | flag? | U0¥G4 |
| | R60/ | AD_1.unInterruptFactorResetRequ | est_D[1].0 | Interr | rupt | factor reset | requ | uest | U0¥G156 |
| | R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D[1].wThisLoggingLoadPointer_D | | | | | rrent logging | U0\G438 | | |
| | R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D[1].uLoggingLLoadPointsMonitorValue | | | | | gging read po | U0\G440 | | |
| Labels to be defined | Defin | e global labels as shown below: | | | | | | | |
| | | Label Name | Data Type | | | Class | | Assign | I |
| | 1 | G_uLoggingReadPoints | Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [16-bit] | | | VAR_GLOBAL | • | D10 | Ī |
| | 2 | G_udLoggingReadPointsTemporary | Double Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [3 | 2-bit] | | VAR_GLOBAL | * | D12 | |
| | 3 | G_udWritePosition | Double Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [3 | 2-bit] | | VAR_GLOBAL | • | D20 | I |
| | 4 | G_udSaveFileRegisterMaxValue | Double Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [3 | 12-bit] | | VAR_GLOBAL | | D30 | I |
| | 5 | G_wThisTimeLoggingReadPointIndex | Word [Signed] | | | VAR_GLOBAL | * | Z0 | 1 |
| | 6 | G_udWritePositionIndex | Double Word [Unsigned]/Bit String [3 | 12-bit] | | VAR_GLOBAL | _ | Z4 | 1 |
| | 7 | G_wLoggingReadMonitorValuePlusIndex | Word [Signed] | | | VAR_GLOBAL | * | U0\G10000Z0 | 1 |
| | 8 | G_wSaveFileRegisterPlusIndex | Word [Signed] | | | VAR_GLOBAL | - | ZR0ZZ4 | |

· Program example

| (0 | RCPU.stSM.bAfter_RUN 1_Scan_ON SM402 | | SIMASK | 150 | K1 |
|------|--|--|--------|--------|---|
| | | | | | El |
| | | | MOV | К0 | G_uLoggingReadPoints |
| | | | DMOV | K0 | G_udWritePosition |
| | | | DMOV | K50000 | G_udSaveFileRegisterMax Value D30 |
| | | | | SET | R60AD_1.unInterruptFactor Mask_D[0].0 U0\G124.0 |
| (147 | 7) | | | | FEND |

| 150 | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | (149) | D>_U | G_udSaveFileReg isterMaxValue D30 | G_udWrite Position D20 | MOV | R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D [0].wThisLoggingLoadPointer_D U0\G438 | G_wThisTimeLoggingRead PointIndex Z0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | MOV | R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D [0].uLoggingLoadPointsMonitorValue_D | G_uLoggingReadPoints |
| | | | | | | U0\G440 | D10 |
| | | | | | | G_udWritePosition | G_udWritePositionIndex |
| | | | | | DMOV | D20 | Z4 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | BMOV G_wLoggingRea nitorValuePlusIn U0\G10000Z0 | | G_uLoggingReadPoints D10 |
| | | | | | 00(01000020 | ZNUZZ4 | Dio |
| | | | | | UINT2UDINT | G_uLoggingReadPoints D10 | G_udLoggingReadPointsT emporary D12 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | D+_U | G_udLoggingReadPointsTemporary | G_udWritePosition |
| | | | | L | | D12 | D20 |
| | (359) | R60AD_1.unInterruptFa ctorDetectionFlag_D[0].0 U0\G4.0 | | | | RST | R60AD_1.unInterruptFacto DetectionFlag_D[0].0 U0\G4.0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | SET | R60AD_1.unInterruptFactor ResetRequest_D[0].0 U0\G156.0 |
| | (405) | | | | | | |
| | (425) | | | | | | IRET |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (426) | | | | | | END]- |

(0) Enable only the interrupt pointer I50.

Initialize CH1 Logging read points monitor value and the write position of the save destination file register.

Set the maximum number of stored save destination file registers.

Clear Interrupt factor mask [0].

(149) Store CH1 Current logging read pointer in the index register.

Store CH1 Logging read points monitor value in the register.

Store the write position of the save destination file register in the index register.

Store CH1 Logging data for the logging read points monitor value in the save destination file register.

Add the points of the logging read points monitor value to the write position of the save destination file register and store the obtained value as the write position for the next logging.

(359) Turn off Interrupt factor mask [0] when Interrupt factor detection flag turns on.

Turn on Interrupt factor reset request [0].

Saving to a CSV file

The logging data stored in the buffer memory areas can be saved to a CSV file by using function blocks (FBs). The save data is sorted in a time series, where the logging data can be easily checked.

However, function blocks (FBs) can be executed only when the logging operation is stopped. During the logging operation, the execution of function blocks (FBs) is disabled.

Saving a CSV file

To save a CSV file, an SD memory card is required.

CSV files are saved in an SD memory card installed in the CPU module. CSV files cannot be saved in the built-in memory of the CPU module.

Saving procedure

- 1. Check that ON (1) is stored in 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409).
- **2.** Execute the function block (FB).



If the execution state of the function block (FB) is maintained, logging data can be saved in the CSV file every time logging stops.

Data to be saved in a CSV file

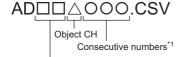
The logging data stored in the buffer memory areas is saved.

For how to check the logging data, refer to the following.

Page 49 Checking data when a hold trigger has occurred

CSV file name

CSV files saved with the function block (FB) are named as follows.



First two digits of the start I/O number of the A/D converter module (expressed in four hexadecimal digits)

*1 The maximum number of the consecutive numbers can be set with the input label i_Max_Number (maximum number of saving files) of the function block (FB).



The file name under the following condition is AD453006.CSV.

- Start I/O number of the A/D converter module: 0450H
- · Target channel: 3
- · Saving to a CSV file: 6th time.

Displaying logging data

The CSV file output with the logging function can be displayed graphically by reading the file through GX LogViewer. For how to display the logging data with GX LogViewer, refer to the following.

GX LogViewer Version 1 Operating Manual

Interrupt Function

This function executes an interrupt program of the CPU module when an interrupt factor such as an input signal error or alert

For the A/D converter module, the maximum number of interrupt pointers available is 16 per module.

Operation

■Detecting an interrupt factor

When an interrupt factor occurs, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module at the same time as 'Interrupt factor detection flag [n]' (Un\G4 to Un\G19) is turned to Interrupt factor (1).

■How to reset an interrupt factor

When Reset request (1) is set to 'Interrupt factor reset request [n]' (Un\G156 to Un\G171) corresponding to the interrupt factor, the specified interrupt factor is reset and 'Interrupt factor detection flag [n]' (Un\G4 to Un\G19) changes to No interrupt factor (0).

Setting procedure

To use the interrupt function, set "Condition target setting", "Condition target channel setting", "Interrupt factor transaction setting", and "Interrupt pointer" in the engineering tool. After completing the settings, write the project to enable the settings.



🦖 Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Interrupt setting"

The following table shows the setting items on the interrupt setting window.

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Condition target setting | Select a factor of the target for the interrupt detection. |
| Condition target channel setting | Select a target channel when the condition target setting for the interrupt detection is channel specification. |
| Interrupt factor transaction setting | Set an interrupt request for when the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection. |
| Interrupt pointer | Specify the number of an interrupt pointer that is initiated at the detection of an interrupt factor. |

■Condition target setting

Select a factor of the condition target setting for the interrupt detection.

For details on the factors to be detected, refer to the following.

Page 128 Condition target setting [n]

■Condition target channel setting

Select a target channel when the condition target setting for the interrupt detection is channel specification.

| Item | Setting value | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Condition target channel setting | 0: All channels | 1: CH1 | 2: CH2 | 3: CH3 | 4: CH4 | 5: CH5 | 6: CH6 | 7: CH7 | 8: CH8 |

■Interrupt factor transaction setting

Set an interrupt request for when the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection.

- With "Interrupt reissue requests (0)", if the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module again.
- · With "No interrupt reissue request (1)", if the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection, an interrupt request is not sent to the CPU module.

■Interrupt pointer

Specify the number of an interrupt pointer that is initiated at the detection of an interrupt factor. For details on the interrupt pointers, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)



- If 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247) is Disable (0), an interrupt request is not sent to the CPU module.
- To reset the interrupt factor, set Reset request (1) until 'Interrupt factor detection flag [n]' (Un\G4 to Un\G19) changes to No interrupt factor (0).
- Resetting interrupt factors is executed only when 'Interrupt factor reset request [n]' (Un\G156 to Un\G171) changes from No reset request (0) to Reset request (1).
- Multiple interrupt pointers can also share the same setting of 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247). When interrupts with the same settings occur in 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247), the interrupt program is executed in order of the priority of the interrupt pointers. For the priority of the interrupt pointers, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

• When All channels (0) is set for 'Condition target channel setting [n]' (Un\G264 to Un\G279) and an interrupt detection target is set for each channel of 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247), the interrupt requests that have the same interrupt factor are sent to the CPU module if alerts are issued in multiple channels. In this case, the CPU module executes multiple interrupt programs and judges that the program cannot be normally finished due to the scan monitoring function, and a CPU module error may occur. When a CPU error occurs, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

Setting example



If the interrupt program (I51) is executed when an error occurs in any channel

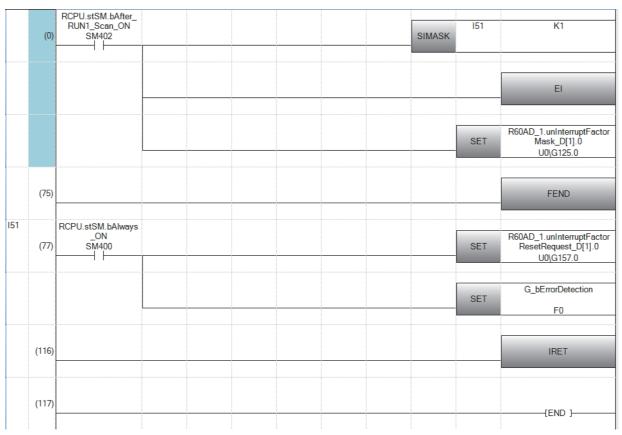
· Parameter setting

Set "Interrupt setting" of [Module Parameter] as follows.

| No. | Condition target setting | Condition target channel setting | Interrupt pointer | |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|
| 2 | Error flag | All channels | 151 | |

· Label settings

| Classification | Label name | Description | Device | | | |
|----------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| Module Label | RCPU.stSM.bAlways_ON | Always ON | SM400 | | | |
| | RCPU.stSM.bAfter_RUN1_Scan_ON | ON for one scan after RUN | SM402 | | | |
| | R60AD_1.unInterruptFactorMask_D[1].0 | Interrupt factor mask | U0\G125.0 | | | |
| | R60AD_1.unInterruptFactorResetRequest_D[1].0 | U0\G157.0 | | | | |
| Labels to be defined | Define global labels as shown below: | | | | | |
| | Label Name Data Type Class Assign (Device/Label) 1 G_bErrorDetection Bit VAR_GLOBAL ▼ F0 | | | | | |



- (0) Enable only the interrupt pointer I51.
- (77) Turn on 'Interrupt factor reset request [1]' (U0\G157).

 Performs the processing of when an error is detected.

1.14 Inter-Module Synchronization Function

This function allows the A/D conversion values to be held simultaneously among multiple modules in which the inter-module synchronization function is active.

The storage timing of the digital output values of each module is determined by the inter-module synchronization cycle set with the system parameter.

Setting procedure

■Setting the system parameter

For the setting of the system parameter, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Inter-Module Synchronization Function Reference Manual

■Setting the module parameter

Select "Normal mode (A/D conversion process)" in the operation mode setting.

■Reading synchronization latch digital operation values

When the inter-module synchronization function is used, the A/D conversion values acquired according to the inter-module synchronization cycle are stored in 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500). Read 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500) with an interrupt program.

For the setting of interrupt programs, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

■Setting the inter-module synchronization cycle

Set the inter-module synchronization cycle that establishes the following relation.

(Inter-module synchronization cycle) > (Run time of the inter-module synchronous interrupt program + Sampling cycle)



When CH1 to CH3 are enabled and CH4 is disabled

Sampling cycle = $80\mu s \times 3CH$ = $240\mu s$

In the condition that the above relation is not established, any of the following settings cause an inter-module synchronous cycle time setting enable lower limit shorter error (error code: 1EA0H), where the inter-module synchronization function does not operate.

- Changing the STOP state to the RUN state of the CPU module (A/D conversion enable/disable setting set in the module parameters is to be reflected.)
- Turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9)



The A/D converter module always executes A/D conversion according to the cycle of Number of channels where A/D conversion is enabled \times 80 μ s. By setting the inter-module synchronization cycle to an integral multiple of Number of channels where A/D conversion is enabled \times 80 μ s, 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500) is stored at a fixed timing in A/D conversion process.

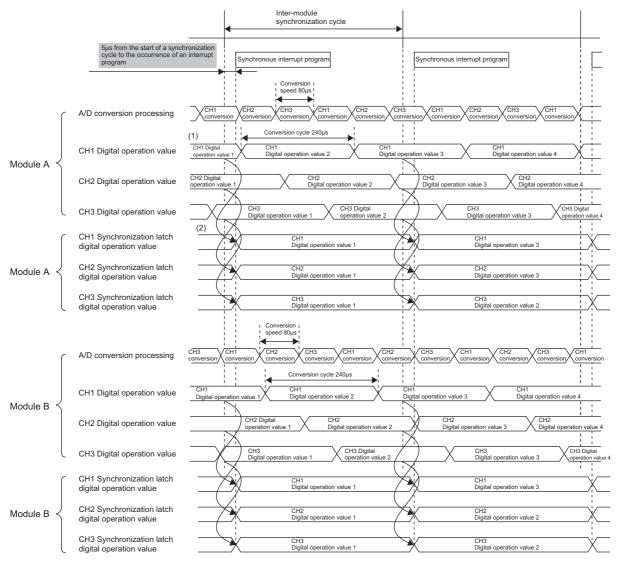
Operation

■Inter-module synchronization processing for the A/D converter module

When the inter-module synchronization function is enabled, the latest A/D conversion value is stored in 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500) in 5μ s where an inter-module synchronization cycle and the inter-module synchronous interrupt program are executed. The stored 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500) is kept during the cycle.

Ex.

Inter-module synchronous processing on two A/D converter modules (module A and module B)



- (1) CHD Digital operation value is stored in the A/D converter module according to the conversion speed.
- (2) CHD Digital operation value acquired in (1) is stored in CHD Synchronization latch digital operation value according to the inter-module synchronization cycle.

■Abnormal operation during synchronization

The phenomenon that the A/D converter module cannot receive inter-module synchronization signals at a normal cycle is called "synchronization deviation". When a synchronization deviation occurs, an inter-module synchronization signal error (error code: 2610H) occurs. When this error occurs, the synchronization operation of the A/D converter module stops and the previous stored value is stored in 'CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value' (Un\G9500).

■Monitor function

When the inter-module synchronization function is used, the inter-module synchronization status can be monitored. For details, refer to the following.

Page 168 Synchronization status monitor

Precautions

- When the offset/gain setting mode is set in the operation mode setting, an inter-module synchronization selection offset/gain setting error (error code: 1EA1H) occurs and the module does not operate.
- When a mode switching setting value is set for 'Mode switching setting' (Un\G296, Un\G297) and 'Operating condition setting request (Y9)' is turned on, an inter-module synchronization mode switching request error (alarm code: 0D00H) occurs and the ALM LED turns on. In this case, the mode is not switched and the synchronization processing continues.
 Turn on and off 'Error clear request' (YF) to clear the alarm that occurred.
- When performing the offset/gain setting, set the module as a synchronization non-target, and switch to normal mode to shift offset/gain setting mode.
- · Dedicated instructions cannot be used.

The following shows the operation when a dedicated instruction is executed.

When the G(P).OFFGAN instruction is executed, an inter-module synchronization mode switching request error (alarm code: 0D00H) occurs.

The G(P).OGLOAD instruction is disabled.

When the G(P).OGSTOR instruction is executed, a G(P).OGSTOR instruction execution error in offset/gain setting mode (error code: 1860H) is stored in the dedicated instruction completion status.

For details on the dedicated instructions, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Instructions, Standard Functions/Function Blocks)

1.15 Error History Function

This function stores up to the latest 16 errors and alarms that occurred in the A/D converter module to the buffer memory area.

Operation

When an error occurs, the error code and the error time are stored from Error history 1 (Un\G3600 to Un\G3609) in order. When an alarm occurs, the alarm code and the alarm time are stored from Alarm history 1 (Un\G3760 to Un\G3769) in order.

• Detail of the error code assignment

| | b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 | | | |
|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| Un\G3600 | | Error code | | | | | | | |
| Un\G3601 | First two digits of the year | | | La | Last two digits of the year | | | | |
| Un\G3602 | | Month | | | Day | | | | |
| Un\G3603 | | Hour | | | Minute | | | | |
| Un\G3604 | | Second | | | Day of the week | | | | |
| Un\G3605 | N | lillisecond (higher-order di | gits) | Milli | second (lower-order digit | s) | | | |
| Un\G3606 | | | | | | | | | |
| ÷ | System area | | | | | | | | |
| Un\G3609 | | | | | | | | | |

· Detail of the alarm code assignment

| | b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 | | |
|----------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|----|----------------------------------|----|--|--|
| Un\G3760 | | Alarm code | | | | | | |
| Un\G3761 | | First two digits of the year | | | Last two digits of the year | | | |
| Un\G3762 | | Month | | | Day | | | |
| Un\G3763 | | Hour | | | Minute | | | |
| Un\G3764 | | Second | | | Day of the week | | | |
| Un\G3765 | 1 | Millisecond (higher-order digits) | | | Millisecond (lower-order digits) | | | |
| Un\G3766 | | | | | | | | |
| ÷ | | System area | | | | | | |
| Un\G3769 | | | | | | | | |

Ex.

Storing example of error history and alarm history

| Item | Storage contents | Storage example*1 |
|--|---|-------------------|
| First two digits of the year/Last two digits of the year | Stored in BCD code. | 2014H |
| Month/Day | | 630H |
| Hour/Minute | | 1234H |
| Second | | 56H |
| Day of the week | One of the following values is stored in BCD code. Sunday: 0, Monday: 1, Tuesday: 2, Wednesday: 3 Thursday: 4, Friday: 5, Saturday: 6 | 1H |
| Millisecond (upper) | Stored in BCD code. | 7H |
| Millisecond (lower) | | 89H |

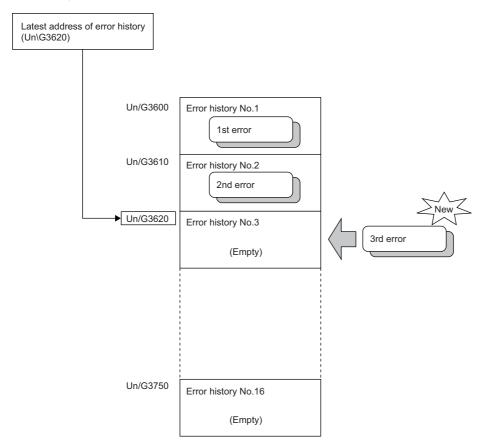
^{*1} Values stored when an error occurs at 12:34:56.789 on Monday, June 30th, 2014.

The start address of Error history where the latest error is stored can be checked in 'Latest address of error history' (Un\G1). The start address of Alarm history where the latest alarm is stored can be checked in 'Latest address of alarm history' (Un\G3).

Ex.

When the third error occurs:

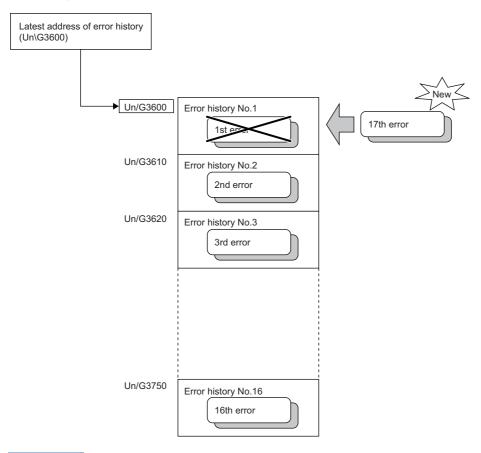
The third error is stored in Error history 3, and the value 3620 (start address of Error history 3) is stored to Latest address of error history.





When the 17th error occurs:

The 17th error is stored in Error history 1, and the value 3600 (start address of Error history 1) is stored to Latest address of error history.





- Once the error history storage area becomes full, subsequent error information will overwrite the existing data, starting from Error history 1 (Un\G3600 to Un\G3609), and continues sequentially thereafter. The overwritten history is deleted.
- The same processing is performed for Alarm history when an alarm occurs.
- The stored error history is cleared when the A/D converter module is powered off, or when the CPU module is reset.

1.16 Event History Function

This function collects generated errors, alarms or executed operations in the A/D converter module as event information in the CPU module.

The CPU module collects the event information occurred in the A/D converter module and keeps them in the data memory inside of the CPU module.

The event information collected by the CPU module can be displayed on an engineering tool to check the occurrence history in a time series.

| Event type | Classification | Description | | |
|--------------|----------------|---|--|--|
| System Error | | An error detected by the self diagnostics in each module. | | |
| | Warning | A warning (alarm) detected in each module. | | |
| | Information | The operation by the normal detection of the system that is not classified as Error or Warning, or the operation performed automatically by the system. | | |
| Security | Warning | Operation that is judged as an unauthorized access to each module. | | |
| | Information | Operation that is hard to be judged as the success of unlocking passwords or an unauthorized access. | | |
| Operation | Warning | Deleting (data clear) operations that may change the action. (These operations are not judged as errors by the self diagnostics.) | | |
| | Information | Operations performed by users to change the system operation or configuration in the offset/gain setting. | | |

Setting procedure

The event history function can be set from the event history setting window of the engineering tool. For the setting method, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

Displaying event history

Access to the menu window of the engineering tool. For details on the operating procedure and how to view the contents, refer to the following.

GX Works3 Operating Manual

List of event history data

The following table lists the events that would occur in the A/D converter module when the event type is set to "Operation"

| Event code | Event class | Event name | Event detail | Additional information |
|------------|-------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| 20010 | Information | Offset/gain setting execution | In the user range setting, offset/gain values has been set. | Total number of writes, offset/gain set channel, set range |
| 20100 | Information | Error clear | Error clear request has been issued. | I/O number |

1.17 Backing up, Saving, and Restoring Offset/Gain Values

The A/D converter module is capable of backing up, saving, and restoring offset/gain values of the user range.

- · Backup: Creates a module-specific backup parameter and saves offset/gain values.
- Save: Saves the offset/gain information, registered in this module by making the offset/gain setting, in the CPU module.
- Restoration: Writes the information backed up and saved in the CPU module to this module.

In the event that the A/D converter module fails and needs to be replaced, the offset/gain values of the failed A/D converter module can be restored onto the replaced A/D converter module.

In addition, if multiple A/D converter modules are connected on a system, the offset/gain settings in one of the A/D converter modules can be applied to the other systems.

However, if the offset/gain values are saved and restored, the accuracy after the restoration decreases by approximately three times compared to that before the restoration. Reconfigure the offset/gain setting when required.

Only when the model where the offset/gain values are to be saved and the model where the offset/gain values are to be restored are the same, the offset/gain values can be saved and restored.

Each procedure differs depending on whether a module-specific backup parameter is used or not.

When a module-specific backup parameters is used

At the time of replacement by means of online module change, the offset/gain values are automatically restored. For details on the online module change, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Online Module Change Manual

Details of the module-specific backup parameter

A module-specific backup parameter is a file created in an SD memory card or the data memory of the control CPU. The contents of the parameter are the offset/gain values of the user range stored in the flash memory of the A/D converter module.

The file name of a module-specific backup parameter is determined as follows based on the start I/O number of the A/D converter module.

UBPmmmnn.BPR

- mmm indicates a value calculated by dividing the module I/O No. by 10H (3 digits in hexadecimal).
- nn indicates a consecutive number of the module-specific backup parameters for each module and fixed to 00.

Creating and updating a module-specific backup parameter

A module-specific backup parameter is created or updated when the offset/gain values stored in the flash memory of the A/D converter module are updated.

| Timing when backup data is created or updated | Description |
|--|--|
| When the offset/gain setting is completed with "Offset/gain setting" of the engineering tool | A module-specific backup parameter is created or updated when the offset/gain setting is completed with "Offset/gain setting" of the engineering tool. |
| When 'User range write request' (YA) is turned on in the offset/gain setting mode | A module-specific backup parameter is created or updated when the offset/gain values of the user range are changed in the offset/gain setting mode. |
| When 'User range write request' (YA) is turned on in the normal mode | When 'User range write request' (YA) is turned on in the normal mode, the offset/gain values of the user range are restored based on the settings of the buffer memory areas (Save data type, CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain value (H)). At this timing, module-specific backup parameters are updated. |
| When the G(P).OGSTOR instruction is executed in the normal mode | When the G(P).OGSTOR instruction is executed in the normal mode, the offset/gain values of the user range are restored. At this timing, module-specific backup parameters are updated. |
| When a new module is recognized after the online module change | When a new module is mounted and recognized after the online module change, the offset/gain values of the user range are restored. At this timing, module-specific backup parameters are updated. |

When no module-specific backup parameter exists in the data memory of the control CPU and a module-specific backup parameter needs to be created with the current setting, change the mode of the A/D converter module to the offset/gain setting mode and turn on 'User range write request' (YA). A module-specific backup parameter is created with the current setting of the flash memory.

■Precautions

If the creation of a module-specific backup parameter fails because the data memory of the control CPU does not have sufficient free space or the module-specific backup parameter is being used, a module-specific backup parameter creation error (error code: 17E1H) occurs.

Reading of module-specific backup parameters

To read a module-specific backup parameter and restore offset/gain values, set "Auto restore of Offset/gain setting with the module change" of the module parameter to "Enable" in advance.



∀ Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting"

□ "Online module change"

■Reading timing

Module-specific backup parameters are read when a new module is mounted and recognized after the online module change. If the module is replaced with the programmable controller powered off, module-specific backup parameters are not read.

■Precautions

When the module-specific backup parameter for the target slot does not exist in an SD memory card or the data memory of the control CPU, the subsequent restoration of the offset/gain values is not performed. If the offset/gain values cannot be restored even though the module-specific backup parameter exists, a module-specific backup parameter restore error (error code: 17E0H) occurs.

Restoration of the offset/gain values of the user range

Upon the successful completion of reading module-specific backup parameters, the values are converted (restored) into the offset/gain values of the user range for the new module, and stored in the flash memory. At the same time, the modulespecific backup parameter in the data memory of the control CPU is updated with the setting of the new module.

Restrictions on the module-specific backup parameter

The back up and restoration by means of module-specific backup parameters fails in the following cases.

- · When the control CPU is not the process CPU
- · When replacing the A/D converter module with the programmable controller powered off
- When "Auto restore of Offset/gain setting with the module change" of the module parameter is set to "Disable" In any of the cases above, back up or restore offset/gain values by the following method.

Page 75 When the module-specific backup parameter is not used

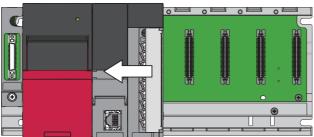
When the module-specific backup parameter is not used

Back up or restore offset/gain values by one of the following methods.

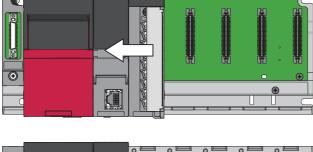
- · Saving and restoring by dedicated instructions
- · Saving and restoring by reading from and writing to the buffer memory

With the method above, offset/gain values can be restored to a new module, or the offset/gain values set in one module can be applied to the other modules in the same system.

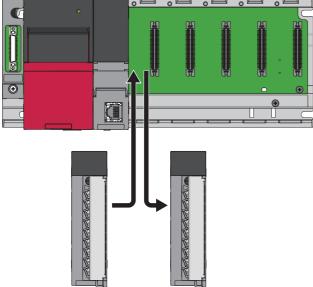
• To restore offset/gain values onto a new replaced module:



1. Save the offset/gain values.



2. Replace the A/D converter module.

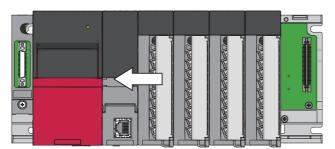


3. Restore the offset/gain values.

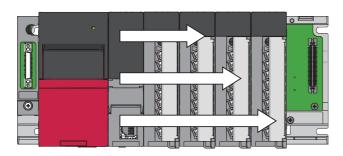
• To apply the offset/gain values set in one module to the other modules in the same system:



When the offset/gain values in module No.1 are applied to modules No.2 to No.4



1. Save the offset/gain values of module No.1.



2. Apply the offset/gain values to modules No.2 to No.4.

Methods for saving and restoring offset/gain values

The offset/gain values can be saved and restored by the following two types of operations.

- · Saving and restoring by dedicated instructions
- · Saving and restoring by reading from and writing to the buffer memory

■Saving and restoring by dedicated instructions

Use the dedicated instruction G(P). OGLOAD to temporarily save the offset/gain values of the source A/D converter module to the internal device of the CPU, then use G(P). OGSTOR to write the values to the destination A/D converter module.

Prevent the saved offset/gain setting data from being deleted, by one of the following methods before replacing the modules:

- · Use latch settings for the internal device of the destination module.
- Save the data onto an SD memory card. (To write data: use the SP.FWRITE instruction. To read data: use the SP.FREAD instruction.)
- · Store the saved data.

For use of dedicated instructions, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Instructions, Standard Functions/Function Blocks)

■Saving and restoring by reading from and writing to the buffer memory

Use Save data type setting, CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain value (H), and 'User range write request' (YA) to read the offset/gain values from the source A/D converter module. Use the buffer memory again to write the values to the destination A/D converter module.

The following describes the procedure for using the buffer memory.

• To restore offset/gain values onto a new replaced module:

When restoring offset/ gain values onto the source A/D converter module

- - 2 Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9).
- source A/D converter Save the stored values of Save data type setting and CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain walue (H).

When the power of the module is off

Peplace the A/D converter module.

When restoring offset gain values onto the destination A/D converter module

- When restoring offset/ **⑤** Write the data saved in Save data type setting and CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain value gain values onto the (H).
 - **1** Turn on 'User range write request' (YA).
 - Theck that 'Offset/gain setting mode status flag' (XA) is on.
 - 3 Turn on and off 'User range write request (YA)'.
 - Check whether the destination A/D converter module operates with the offset/gain values that are restored.



When replacing modules, prevent the saved offset/gain setting data from being deleted, by one of the following methods before powering off the module.

- Use latch settings for the internal device of the destination module.
- Save the data onto an SD memory card. (To write data: use the SP.FWRITE instruction. To read data: use the SP.FREAD instruction.)
- · Store the saved data.
- To apply the offset/gain values set in one module to the other modules in the same system:

When restoring offsets gain values onto the source A/D converter module

- - 2 Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9).
 - Save the stored values of Save data type setting and CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain value (H).

When restoring offset gain values onto the destination A/D converter module

- When restoring offset/ Write the data saved in Save data type setting and CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) to CH8 User range setting gain value gain values onto the (H).
 - **5** Turn on 'User range write request' (YA).
 - 6 Check that 'Offset/gain setting mode status flag' (XA) is on.
 - 7 Turn on and off 'User range write request (YA)'.
 - 3 Check whether the destination A/D converter module operates with the offset/gain values that are restored.

Range reference table

The following describes the range reference tables used for saving and restoring offset/gain values.

■Factory default setting

The following describes the buffer memory addresses of the factory default setting.

R60AD4: CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) (Un\G4004) to CH4 Factory default setting gain value (H) (Un\G4019) R60ADV8, R60ADI8: CH1 Factory default setting offset value (L) (Un\G4004) to CH8 Factory default setting gain value (H) (Un\G4035)

• For R60AD4

| Address (decimal) | | | | Description | Save data type | Analog value | Reference value |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | | setting*1 | | (hexadecimal) |
| 4004 | 4008 | 4012 | 4016 | Factory default setting | Voltage specification | 0V | 800000H |
| 4005 | 4009 | 4013 | 4017 | offset value | Current specification | 0mA | 800000H |
| 4006 | 4010 | 4014 | 4018 | Factory default setting | Voltage specification | 10V | B33333H |
| 4007 | 007 4011 4015 4019 gair | gain value | Current specification | 20mA | 999999H | | |

^{*1} The reference values differ depending on the setting of Save data type setting (Un\G4002) (voltage or current).

For R60ADV8

| Addres | Address (decimal) | | | | | | Description | Analog value | Reference | |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | value (hexadecimal) |
| 4004 4005 | 4008 4009 | 4012 4013 | 4016 4017 | 4020 4021 | 4024 4025 | 4028 4029 | 4032 4033 | Factory default setting offset value | 0V | 800000H |
| 4006 4007 | 4010 4011 | 4014 4015 | 4018 4019 | 4022 4023 | 4026 4027 | 4030 4031 | 4034 4035 | Factory default setting gain value | 10V | B33333H |

• For R60ADI8

| Addres | Address (decimal) | | | | | | Description | Analog value | Reference | |
|--------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 | | | value (hexadecimal) |
| 4004 4005 | 4008 4009 | 4012 4013 | 4016 4017 | 4020 4021 | 4024 4025 | 4028 4029 | 4032 4033 | Factory default setting offset value | 0mA | 800000H |
| 4006 4007 | 4010 4011 | 4014 4015 | 4018 4019 | 4022 4023 | 4026 4027 | 4030 4031 | 4034 4035 | Factory default setting gain value | 20mA | 999999H |

■User range setting

The following describes the buffer memory addresses of the user range setting.

R60AD4: CH1 User range setting offset value (L) (Un\G4020) to CH4 User range setting gain value (H) (Un\G4035) R60ADV8, R60ADI8: CH1 User range setting offset value (L) (Un\G4036) to CH8 User range setting gain value (H) (Un\G4067)

| Offset/gain value | | Reference value (hexadecimal) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Voltage | 0V*1 | 800000H |
| | 1V | 851EB8H |
| | 5V | 999999Н |
| | 10V*2 | В33333Н |
| Current | 0mA | 800000H |
| | 4mA ^{*3} | 851EB8H |
| | 20mA ^{*4} | 999999H |

^{*1} This value is stored in User range setting offset value by default of the R60ADV8.

^{*2} This value is stored in User range setting gain value by default of the R60ADV8.

^{*3} This value is stored in User range setting offset value by default of the R60AD4 or R60AD18.

^{*4} This value is stored in User range setting gain value by default of the R60AD4 or R60AD18.

1.18 Q Compatible Mode Function

This function controls an operation state with the buffer memory layout of the A/D converter module converted to equivalent one of the addresses of the compatible modules of the MELSEC-Q series.

This compatibility makes it possible to reuse sequence programs that have exhibited high performance on the A/D converter module of the MELSEC-Q series.

The following table lists the compatible modules of the MELSEC-Q series.

| A/D converter module of the MELSEC iQ-R series | Compatible A/D converter module |
|--|---------------------------------|
| R60AD4 | Q64AD |
| R60ADV8 | Q68ADV |
| R60ADI8 | Q68ADI |

Operation

Only the buffer memory assignment is changed in the Q compatible mode.

• The I/O signal assignment is the same as that of the R mode. Temperature drift correction flag (X1) of the MELSEC-Q series is deleted and High resolution mode status flag (X8) is changed to 'Alert output signal' (X8). However, the signals that change the module operation maintain the compatibility. Therefore, when the MELSEC-Q series program is diverted, a significant modification is not required.



- When the MELSEC-Q series program is diverted, check digital output values and the operation timing and modify the program if necessary because the specifications such as the resolution and update timing are changed.
- When the MELSEC-Q series program is diverted and an error code is set as the operating condition or interlock condition, the program does not operate normally.
- When the Q compatible mode function is enabled, a program that uses FB or labels cannot be created. When FB or labels is used, create a program in the R mode.

Setting procedure

- 1. When adding a new module, select the module whose module name has "(Q)" at the end.
- ∀ Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Right-click ⇒ [Add New Module]
- 2. Configure the same parameter setting as the one of when the R mode is used.
- 3. Restart the CPU module after the module parameter is written.



- During the module operation, the mode cannot be switched between the R mode and Q compatible mode.
- The project of the compatible A/D converter module created by GX Works2 can be read with the other
 format read function of GX Works3. The read project keeps various settings of the compatible A/D converter
 module as the settings of the A/D converter module of the MELSEC iQ-R series. The settings to be kept are
 the switch setting, parameter setting, auto refresh setting, and I/O assignment.

2 PARAMETER SETTINGS

Set the parameters of each channel.

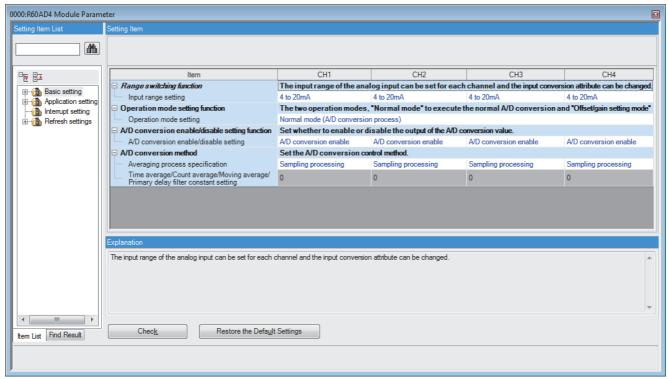
Setting parameters here eliminates the need to program them.

2.1 Basic Setting

Setting procedure

Open "Basic setting" of the engineering tool.

- 1. Start Module parameter.
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Basic setting"



- 2. Click the item to be changed to enter the setting value.
- · Item where a value is selected from the pull-down list

Click [▼] button of the item to be set, and from the pull-down list that appears, select the value.

· Item where a value is entered into the text box

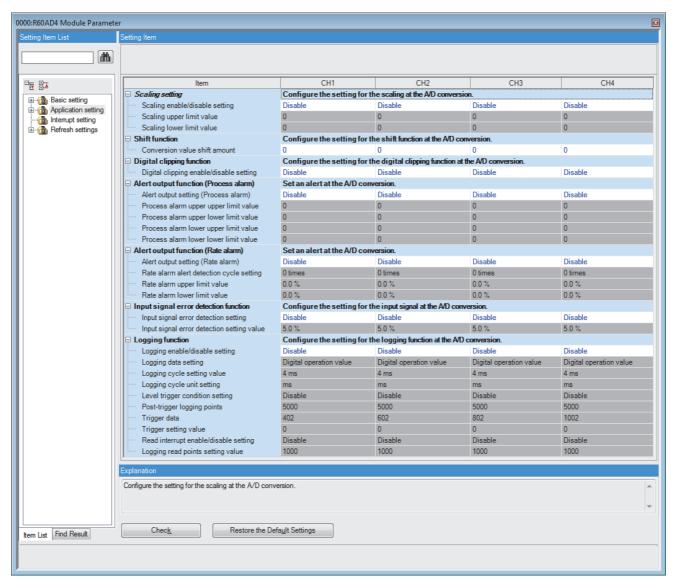
Double-click the item to be set to enter the numeric value.

2.2 Application Setting

Setting procedure

Open "Application setting" of the engineering tool.

- **1.** Start Module parameter.
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Application setting"



- **2.** Click the item to be changed to enter the setting value.
- · Item where a value is selected from the pull-down list

Click [▼] button of the item to be set, and from the pull-down list that appears, select the value.

· Item where a value is entered into the text box

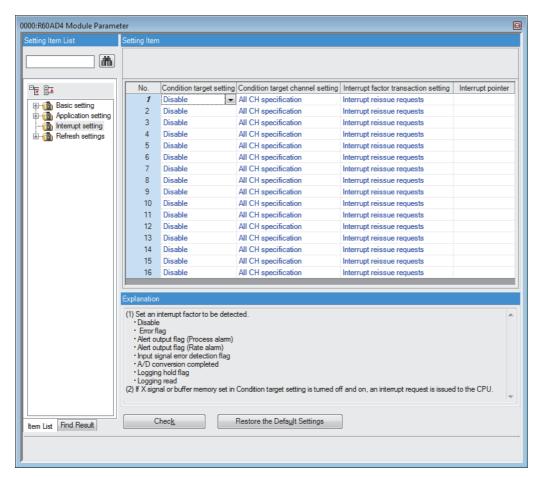
Double-click the item to be set to enter the numeric value.

2.3 Interrupt Setting

Setting procedure

Open "Interrupt setting" of the engineering tool.

- **1.** Start Module parameter.
- Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Interrupt setting"



- 2. Click the interrupt setting number (No.1 to 16) to be changed to enter the setting value.
- Item where a value is selected from the pull-down list

Click [▼] button of the item to be set, and from the pull-down list that appears, select the value.

· Item where a value is entered into the text box

Double-click the item to be set to enter the numeric value.

2.4 Refresh Setting

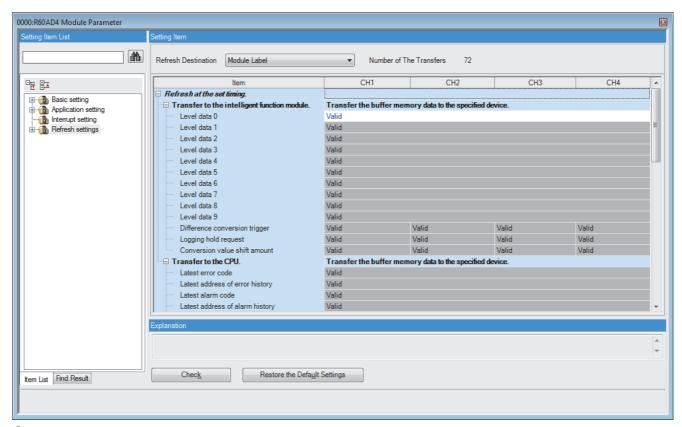
Setting procedure

Set the buffer memory area of the A/D converter module to be refreshed.

This refresh setting eliminates the need for reading/writing data by programming.

1. Start Module parameter.

Navigation window ⇒ [Parameter] ⇒ [Module Information] ⇒ Module model name ⇒ [Module Parameter] ⇒ "Refresh setting"



- **2.** Click "Target", and set the auto refresh destination.
- When "Refresh Destination" is "Module Label"

Set whether to enable or disable the refresh by setting "Level data 0" to Valid or Invalid.

• When "Refresh Destination" is "Refresh Data Register (RD)"

The transfer destinations of all items are automatically set by setting the start device to "Top Device Name".

• When "Refresh Destination" is "Specified Device"

Double-click the item to be set to enter the refresh destination device.

3. Click "Refresh Group" to set the timing to refresh.

Set "Refresh Group" to "At the Execution Time of END Instruction" or "At the Execution Time of Specified Program". When "At the Execution Time of Specified Program" is set, double-click "Group [n] (n: 1-64)" and set a value of 1 to 64.



- When the inter-module synchronization function is used and the refresh target is set to "Specified Device", the auto refresh destination device must be written into "Inter-module synchronous interrupt function".
- With refresh enabled, the value of the refresh destination takes effect at the timing of refresh which is set up
 by the engineering tool. As this happens, the buffer memory is overwritten with the value of the refresh
 destination. To change the value of a buffer memory area to be refreshed, change the value of module label
 or device at the refresh destination in the program.

Refresh processing time

A refresh processing time $[\mu s]$ is a constituent of the scan time of the CPU module. For details on the scan time, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

The refresh processing time $[\mu s]$, which is taken for refresh, is given by:

 Refresh processing time [μs] = Refresh read time (time for transferring refresh data to the CPU module) + Refresh write time (time for transferring refresh data to the intelligent function module)

The refresh read time and refresh write time vary depending on the settings of "Target".

With the inter-module synchronization function used, the refresh read time and refresh write time are also added to the execution time of an inter-module synchronous interrupt program.

When "Target" is "Module Label" or "Refresh Data Register (RD)"

The following table shows the refresh read time and refresh write time with an R□CPU used.

| Model | Classification | When using the refresh settings | When using the inter-module synchronization function |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| R60AD4 | Refresh read time | 20.65μs | 14.01μs |
| | Refresh write time | 12.22μs | 0μs |
| R60ADV8, R60ADI8 | Refresh read time | 26.57μs | 14.41μs |
| | Refresh write time | 14.66μs | 0μs |
| R60AD4 (Q compatible mode) | Refresh read time | 23.02μs | 14.01μs |
| | Refresh write time | 11.64µs | 0μs |
| R60ADV8, R60ADI8 (Q compatible | Refresh read time | 24.02μs | 14.41μs |
| mode) | Refresh write time | 11.76μs | 0μs |

When "Target" is "Device"

Calculate the refresh read time and refresh write time according to the number of items and the number of their transfer data (in units of word) that are set to be refreshed. For the calculation method, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R CPU Module User's Manual (Application)

In addition, substitute the following values in the calculation formula to calculate the refresh processing time.

| Item | Description | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Refresh read time | Number of devices used | |
| Refresh time (A) of each of the first to nth set items | | 0.05μs per one word ^{*1} |
| Refresh write time | e Number of refresh write settings | |
| | Refresh time (B) of each of the first to nth set items | |

^{*1} These values are the time with an R□CPU used.



If all the 50 items (50 words in total) are set in the refresh read settings of the R60AD4

 $50 \times 0.98 + 0.05 \times 50 + 11.6 = 63.1 \mu s$

The refresh read time, therefore, is 63.1µs.



If all the 22 items (22 words in total) are set in the refresh write settings of the R60AD4

 $22 \times 0.58 + +0.01 \times 22 + +9.10 = 22.08 \mu s$

The refresh write time, therefore, is $22.08\mu s$.

3 TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter describes errors that may occur in the use of the A/D converter module and those troubleshooting.

3.1 Troubleshooting with the LEDs

Check the state of the LEDs to narrow down the possible causes of the trouble. This step is the first diagnostics before using the engineering tool.

A state of the A/D converter module can be checked with the RUN LED, ERR LED, and ALM LED. The following table shows the correspondence of these LEDs and a state of the A/D converter module.

| Name | Description |
|---------|--|
| RUN LED | Indicates the operating status of the module. On: Normal operation Flashing (1s cycles): In offset/gain setting mode Flashing (400ms cycles): Selected as a module for the online module change Off: 5V power supply interrupted, watchdog timer error occurred, or exchanging the module is allowed in the process of the online module change. |
| ERR LED | Indicates the error status of the module.*1 On: Error occurred Off: Normal operation |
| ALM LED | Indicates the alarm status of the module.*2 On: Alert (process alarm or rate alarm) issued Flashing: Input signal error detected Off: Normal operation |

^{*1} For details, refer to the following.

Page 90 List of Error Codes

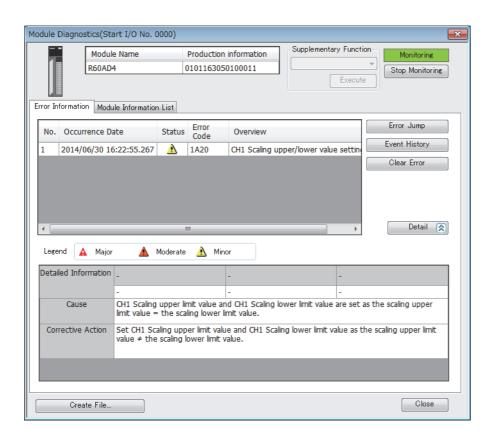
3.2 Checking the State of the Module

Open the module diagnostics window of the engineering tool to check the error codes (alarm codes) and error history of the A/D converter module.

∑ [Diagnostics] ⇒ [System Monitor] ⇒ Right-click the module to be checked. ⇒ "Module Diagnostics"

^{*2} For details, refer to the following.

Page 94 List of Alarm Codes



3.3 Troubleshooting by Symptom

When the RUN LED flashes or turns off

| W | hen | flas | hing |
|---|-----|------|------|
| | | | |

| Check item | Cause | Action |
|--|--|--|
| Check whether the module is in offset/gain setting mode. | In the module parameter setting of the engineering tool, the programmable controller power supply has been turned off and on, or the CPU has been reset when the operation mode is offset/gain setting mode. | In the module parameter setting of the engineering tool, set the operation mode to normal mode and turn off and on the programmable controller power supply, or reset the CPU. |
| | The G(P).OFFGAN instruction has been executed with the mode switched to offset/gain setting mode. | Review the program that uses the G(P).OFFGAN instruction to check whether the mode has been switched erroneously. |
| | The value in the mode switching setting has been changed and the mode has been switched to offset/gain setting mode. | Review the program that uses the mode switching setting to check whether the mode has been switched erroneously. |

When turning off

| Check item | Action | |
|--|---|--|
| Check whether the power is supplied. | Check that the supply voltage of the power supply module is within the rated range. | |
| Check whether the capacity of the power supply module is enough. | Calculate the current consumption of mounted modules, such as the CPU module, I/O modules, and intelligent function modules to check that the power capacity is enough. | |
| Check whether the module is mounted properly. | Check the mounting state of the module. | |
| Cases other than the above | Reset the programmable controller CPU, and check if the RUN LED turns on. If the RUN LED still remains off, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. | |

When the ERR LED turns on

When turning on

| Check item | Action | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Check whether any error has occurred. | Check Latest error code and take actions described in the list of error codes. | |
| | Page 90 List of Error Codes | |

When the ALM LED turns on or flashes

When turning on

| Check item | Action |
|--|--|
| Check whether any alert has been issued. | Check Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit), Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit), Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit), and Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit). Take actions described in the list of alarm codes. Page 94 List of Alarm Codes |

When flashing

| Check item | Action |
|--|---|
| Check whether any input signal error has occurred. | Check Input signal error detection signal (XC) or Input signal error detection flag. Take actions described in the list of alarm codes. Page 94 List of Alarm Codes |

When a digital output value cannot be read

| Check item | Action |
|--|--|
| Check whether there is any problem with the wiring, such as looseness or disconnection of analog signal lines. | Identify the faulty area of signal lines by a visual check and continuity check. |
| Check whether the CPU module is in the STOP state. | Change the state of the CPU module to RUN. |
| Check whether the offset/gain setting is correct. | If the input range setting is the user range setting, turn on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9), check CH User range setting offset value and CH User range setting gain value comparing with the range reference table. If the stored values are not desired offset/gain values, perform the offset/gain setting again. For the range reference table, refer to the following. Page 77 Range reference table |
| Check whether the input range setting is correct. | Check CH□ Range setting monitor using the engineering tool. If the input range is incorrect, correctly set the input range setting of the engineering tool and/or CH□ Range setting. |
| Check whether A/D conversion disable is set in A/D conversion enable/disable setting of the channel where a value is to be input. | Check CH□ A/D conversion enable/disable setting and set to A/D conversion enable using a sequence program or the engineering tool. |
| Check whether Operating condition setting request (Y9) has been executed. | Turn on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)*1 and check that a digital output value is stored in CHD Digital output value. If the stored value is correct, further check the sequence program to verify the description of Operating condition setting request (Y9). |
| Check whether the terminals (V+) and (I+) are connected at the current input. (R60AD4 only) | For the current input of the R60AD4, be sure to connect the terminals (V+) and (I+) by referring to the external wiring example. MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual (Startup) |
| Check whether the setting value of the time average is correct when the time average is selected in Averaging process specification. | When the time average is selected for processing, set the time average value in CH \square Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting so that the value satisfies the following condition: Time average value ≥ 4 (times) \times 80 μ s \times The number of conversion enabled channels If the condition above is not satisfied, the digital output value results in 0. |
| Check whether there is any potential difference between the AG terminal and the external device GND. | A potential difference may occur between the AG terminal and the external device GND by a cause such as a long wiring distance, resulting in an incorrect A/D conversion. Connect the AG terminal and the external device GND to eliminate the potential difference. |
| Check whether external devices to be connected at each channel share the same GND. | If the external device GND is shared across channels, noise can sneak in between channels, which may cause some error in A/D conversion. Connect the AG terminal and the external device GND to eliminate the errors. |
| Check whether the program for reading digital output values has an error. | Check CHD Digital output value using the engineering tool. If the digital output value is stored without being converted from the analog input value, review and correct the read program. |
| Check whether the refresh setting is correct. | If the refresh is set so that the value in CH \square Digital output value is transferred to the device of the CPU module, review and correct the auto refresh setting. |
| Check whether any input signal error has occurred. | The digital output value and digital operation value are not updated during the occurrence of an input signal error. If Input signal error detection flag indicates an input signal error, check the values in CH□ Input signal error detection setting and CH□ Input signal error detection setting value to examine the validity of the input signal error detection upper limit value and the input signal error detection lower limit value. Page 39 Input Signal Error Detection Function If the values are valid, change the analog input value so that an input signal error does not occur. |

If Operating condition setting request (Y9) is in an on state, A/D conversion does not start. In such a case, turn off and on it to check the off state of Operating condition setting completed flag (X9), and then be sure to turn on and off it.



If digital output values cannot be read even after the above actions are taken, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative.

When the digital output value does not fall within the range of accuracy

| Check item | Action |
|---|---|
| Check whether any measures have been taken to reduce noise. | To reduce noise, take measures such as the use of shielded cables for |
| | connection. |

When the synchronization latch digital operation value does not change

| Check item | | Action | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Checking the system parameter settings of GX Works3 | Check whether the module is selected as the target module to be synchronized. | Check the synchronization status monitor. If the monitor status is "0: No Synchronous Target between Modules", the module is not selected as the target module to be synchronized. Set the module as the target to be synchronized in the system parameter settings of GX Works3. | |
| Checking the module parameter settings of GX Works3 | Check whether the operation mode setting is correct. | Check that Offset/gain setting mode flag (XA) is off, and the operation mode setting is normal mode. If the operation mode setting is not normal mode (A/D conversion processing), set to normal mode in the module parameter setting of GX Works3. | |
| Checking the operating status of the CPU module | Check whether the operation switch indicates the STOP state or stop error. | Set the operation switch to RUN. For the stop error, take actions described in the list of error codes. Page 90 List of Error Codes | |
| Checking the program | Check whether A/D conversion disable is set in CH□ A/D conversion enable/disable setting of the channel where a value is to be input. | Check CH□ A/D conversion enable/disable setting to set to A/D conversion enable. | |
| | Check whether Operating condition setting request (Y9) has been executed. | Turn on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9) to enable the parameter setting of the functions. | |
| | Check whether the inter-module synchronous interrupt program (I44) is prepared. | When obtaining the synchronization latch digital operation value, run the intermodule synchronous interrupt program to refresh the value. | |
| | Check whether the El instruction has been executed. | To run the inter-module synchronous interrupt program, execute the EI instruction in the program. | |

3.4 List of Error Codes

If an error occurs during operation, the A/D converter module stores the error code into Latest error code of the buffer memory. In addition, Error flag (XF) turns on. Turning on Error clear request (YF) allows clearing of the error code of Latest error code, where Error flag (XF) turns off.

Error codes of the A/D converter module are classified in minor errors or moderate errors.

- Minor error: This error is caused by the setting failure of programs and parameters. The A/D conversion continues with the parameter setting before the change. (1000H to 1FFFH)
- Moderate error: Hardware failures and errors at the execution of the inter-module synchronization function are included. The A/D conversion do not continue. (2000H to 2FFFH, 3000H to 3FFFH)

The following table lists the error codes that may be stored.

□: This symbol indicates the number of the channel where an error has occurred. A numerical value of 0 to 7 is used to correspond to CH1 to 8.

(CH1: 0, CH2: 1, CH3: 2, CH4: 3, CH5: 4, CH6: 5, CH7: 6, CH8: 7)

 \triangle : For what this symbol indicates, refer to Description and cause of error.

| Error code | Error name | Description and cause | Action |
|------------|---|---|---|
| 0000H | _ | There is no error. | _ |
| 1080H | Number of writes to offset/ gain settings reach limit error | The number of the offset/gain settings has exceeded the guaranteed maximum number. | Any further setting of offset/gain values may not be reflected correctly. |
| 17E0H | Module-specific backup parameter restore error | Offset/gain values cannot be restored with the module-specific backup parameter. | The module-specific backup parameter file may be damaged. Readjust the user range. |
| 17E1H | Module-specific backup parameter creation error | The module-specific backup parameter has not been created. | Check the free space on the data memory of the control CPU and the SD memory card, and recreate a module-specific backup parameter. For how to create module-specific backup parameters, refer to the following. Page 73 Backing up, Saving, and Restoring Offset/Gain Values |
| 180△H | Interrupt factor generation setting range error | A value other than 0 to 1 is set in Interrupt factor generation setting [n]. △ indicates the interrupt setting related in the error as below: 0: Setting 1 to F: Setting 16 | Set Interrupt factor generation setting [n] to 0 or 1. |
| 181∆H | Condition target setting range error | A value other than 0 to 7 is set in Condition target setting [n]. △ indicates the interrupt setting related in the error as below: 0: Setting 1 to F: Setting 16 | Set Condition target setting [n] to 0 to 7. |
| 182△H | Condition target channel setting range error | A value other than 0 to 8 is set in Condition target channel setting [n] (for R60AD4, a value other than 0 to 4). △ indicates the interrupt setting related in the error as below: 0: Setting 1 to F: Setting 16 | Set Condition target channel setting [n] to 0 to 8 (for R60AD4, 0 to 4). |
| 1860H | G(P).OGSTOR instruction execution error in offset/gain setting mode | The G(P).OGSTOR instruction has been executed in offset/gain setting mode. | Do not execute the G(P).OGSTOR instruction in the offset/gain setting mode. |
| 1861H | Offset/gain setting continuous write occurrence error | The G(P).OGSTOR instruction has been executed continuously or a setting value has been continuously written to the flash memory 26 times or more in the offset/gain setting. | For the G(P).OGSTOR instruction, execute it only once per module. For the offset/gain setting, write the setting value only once per setting. |
| 1862H | Model mismatch error at the execution of OGSTOR | The G(P).OGSTOR instruction has been executed on a module different from the one on which the G(P).OGLOAD instruction was executed. The G(P).OGSTOR instruction has been executed ahead of the G(P).OGLOAD instruction. | Execute the G(P).OGLOAD and G(P).OGSTOR instructions on the same module. As the other way, execute the G(P).OGLOAD instruction on the module whose data is to be restored, and then execute the G(P).OGSTOR instruction on the module to which the data is to be restored. |

| Error code | Error name | Description and cause | Action |
|------------|--|---|--|
| 190□H | Range setting range error | A value out of the range is set in CH□ Range setting. | Set CH□ Range setting to the following values: R60AD4: 0 to 5, A, B, F (hexadecimal) R60ADV8: 0, 2 to 5, B, F (hexadecimal) R60ADI8: 0, 1, A, F (hexadecimal) |
| 191□H | Averaging process specification setting range error | A value other than 0 to 4 is set in CH□ Averaging process specification. | Set CH□ Averaging process specification to 0 to 4. |
| 192□H | Time average setting range error | When the time average is selected in CH□ Averaging process specification, CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting is set to the following value: When the number of channels used is 1 to 6: any value other than 2 to 5000 When the number of channels used is 7 to 8: any value other than 3 to 5000 | Set CHI Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting to the following value: When the number of channels used is 1 to 6: 2 to 5000 When the number of channels used is 7 to 8: 3 to 5000 |
| 193□H | Count average setting range error | When the count average is selected in CH□ Averaging process specification, a value other than 4 to 62500 is set in CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting. | Set CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting to 4 to 62500. |
| 194□H | Moving average setting range error | When the moving average is selected in CH□ Averaging process specification, a value other than 2 to 1000 is set in CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting. | Set CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting to 2 to 1000. |
| 195□H | Primary delay filter constant setting range error | When the primary delay filter is selected in CH□ Averaging process specification, a value other than 1 to 500 is set in CH□ Time average/Count average/ Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting. | Set CHI Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting to 1 to 500. |
| 1A0□H | Scaling enable/disable setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Scaling enable/disable setting. | Set CH□ Scaling enable/disable setting to 0 or 1. |
| 1A1□H | Scaling setting range error | A value other than -32000 to 32000 is set in CH□ Scaling lower limit value and/or CH□ Scaling upper limit value. | Set CH□ Scaling lower limit value and CH□ Scaling upper limit value to -32000 to 32000. |
| 1A2□H | Scaling upper/lower limit value setting error | CH□ Scaling upper limit value and CH□ Scaling lower limit value are set as the scaling upper limit value = the scaling lower limit value. | Set CH□ Scaling upper limit value and CH□ Scaling lower limit value as the scaling upper limit value ≠ the scaling lower limit value. |
| 1A5□H | Digital clipping enable/ disable setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Digital clipping enable/disable setting. | Set CH□ Digital clipping enable/disable setting to 0 or 1. |
| 1A7□H | Difference conversion trigger setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Difference conversion trigger. | Set CH□ Difference conversion trigger to 0 or 1. |
| 1B0□H | Alert output setting (Process alarm) range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Alert output setting (Process alarm). | Set CH□ Alert output setting (Process alarm) to 0 or 1. |
| 1В△□Н | Process alarm upper lower limit value setting range error | The values set in CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value to CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value do not satisfy the following condition: Upper upper limit value ≥ Upper lower limit value ≥ Lower upper limit value ≥ Lower lower limit value △ indicates that the set values are as follows: 1: Process alarm lower lower limit value > Process alarm lower upper limit value 2: Process alarm lower upper limit value > Process alarm upper lower limit value 3: Process alarm upper lower limit value > Process alarm upper upper limit value | Set CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value to CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value so that the values satisfy the following condition: Upper upper limit value ≥ Upper lower limit value ≥ Lower upper limit value ≥ Lower lower limit value |
| 1B8□H | Alert output setting (Rate alarm range error) | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Alert output setting (Rate alarm). | Set CH□ Alert output setting (Rate alarm) to 0 or 1. |
| 1B9□H | Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting range error | A value other than 1 to 32000 is set in CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting. | Set CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting to 1 to 32000. |
| 1ВА□Н | Rate alarm upper/lower limit setting value inversion error | CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value and CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value are set as Lower limit value ≥ Upper limit value. | Set CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value and CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value as Lower limit value < Upper limit value. |
| 1C0□H | Input signal error detection setting range error | A value other than 0 to 4 is set in CH□ Input signal error detection setting. | Set CH□ Input signal error detection setting value to 0 to 4. |

| Error code | Error name | Description and cause | Action |
|------------|---|--|--|
| 1C1□H | Input signal error detection setting value range error | A value other than 0 to 250 is set in CH□ Input signal error detection setting. | Set CH□ Input signal error detection setting value to 0 to 250. |
| 1C6□H | Disconnection detection enabled range setting range error | Simple disconnection detection is set in CH□ Input signal error detection setting, and the value set in CH□ Input range setting is other than the following: • 4 to 20mA (extended mode) • 1 to 5V (extended mode) | For channels for simple disconnection detection using the input signal error detection function, set CHI Input range setting to either of the following: • 4 to 20mA (extended mode) • 1 to 5V (extended mode) |
| 1D0□H | Logging enable/disable setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Logging enable/disable setting. | Set CH□ Logging enable/disable setting to 0 or 1. |
| 1D1□H | Logging cycle setting value range error | A value out of the range is set in CH□ Logging cycle setting value and/or CH□ Logging cycle unit setting. | Set one or both of CH□ Logging cycle setting value and CH□ Logging cycle unit setting to the values within the range. |
| 1D2□H | Logging cycle setting disable error | CH□ Logging cycle setting value and CH□ Logging cycle unit setting are set so that the set logging cycle falls below the conversion cycle. | Set CH Logging cycle setting value and CH Logging cycle unit setting so that the logging cycle is not less than the conversion cycle of the object to be logged. |
| 1D3□H | Logging data setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Logging data setting. | Set CH□ Logging data setting to 0 or 1. |
| 1D4□H | Post-trigger logging points setting range error | A value other than 1 to 10000 is set in CH□ Post-trigger logging points. | Set CH□ Post-trigger logging points to 1 to 10000. |
| 1D5□H | Level trigger condition setting range error | A value other than 0 to 3 is set in CH□ Level trigger condition setting. | Set CH□ Level trigger condition setting to 0 to 3. |
| 1D6□H | Trigger data setting range error | A value other than 0 to 9999 is set in CH□ Trigger data. | Set CH□ Trigger data to 0 to 9999. |
| 1D7□H | Logging hold request range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Logging hold request. | Set CH□ Logging hold request to 0 or 1. |
| 1D8□H | Loading interrupt enable/ disable setting range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting. | Set CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting to 0 or 1. |
| 1D9□H | Logging read points setting value range error | A value other than 10 to 10000 is set in CH□ Logging read points setting value. | Set CH□ Logging read points setting value to 10 to 10000. |
| 1E50H | Offset/gain setting channel specification error | In the offset/gain setting, "1: Setting channel" is set for both CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) and CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification), or "0: Disable" is set. | Correctly set CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) and CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification). |
| 1E51H | User range data invalid (CH identification disabled) | An invalid value is set in the offset/gain setting. The number of the channel in which this error occurs cannot be identified. | Perform the offset/gain setting again for all channels where the user range is set. If the error occurs again, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |
| 1E6□H | User range data invalid (CH identification enabled, the range setting of the CH where the error occurred is User range) | An invalid value is set in CH□ Offset/gain setting. | Perform the offset/gain setting again for the channels where the error has occurred. If the error occurs again, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |
| 1E7□H | Offset/gain value inversion error | The offset value and gain value to be saved in the flash memory are as follows: Offset value ≥ Gain value | Perform the offset/gain setting again so that the following condition is satisfied: Offset value < Gain value |
| 1E8□H | Offset/gain setting channel range error | A value other than 0 and 1 is set in CH Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) and CH Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification). | Set CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) and CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification) to 0 or 1. |
| 1EA0H | Synchronous cycle time setting enable lower limit shorter error | The sampling cycle is longer than the value in the inter-module synchronization cycle setting in the system parameters. | Set a long cycle for the inter-module synchronization cycle setting in the system parameters, and/or disable the conversion of the A/D conversion enabled channels that are not used so that the following condition is satisfied: Inter-module synchronization cycle setting > Run time of the inter-module synchronous interrupt program + Sampling cycle |

| Error code | Error name | Description and cause | Action |
|------------|--|--|---|
| 1EA1H | Inter-module synchronization selection offset/gain setting error | Synchronization output mode is set and offset/gain setting mode is set for the operation mode setting. As the other cause, a mode switching program has been executed during synchronization output mode | When using synchronization output mode, select normal mode (A/D conversion processing) for the operation mode setting. When performing the offset/gain setting, set the module as a synchronization non-target in the system parameters. In addition, do not execute a mode switching program during synchronization output mode. |
| 1F00H | Hardware failure (minor) | A hardware failure (minor) has occurred in the module. | The module may be affected by noise. Review and adjust the cable wiring and the installation environment of the programmable controllers. After the adjustment, turn on and off Error clear request (YF) to eliminate this error and resume the conversion. If the error occurs again, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |
| 2610H | Inter-module synchronization signal error | Synchronization loss is detected with the intermodule synchronization function operating. | The module may be affected by noise. Review and adjust the cable wiring and the installation environment of the programmable controllers, and restart the system. If the error reoccurs even after the adjustment, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |
| 3001H | Hardware failure (moderate) | A hardware failure (moderate) has occurred in the module. | Power off and on the module. If the error occurs again, the possible cause is a failure of the module. Please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |
| 3030H | Flash memory error | The data in the flash memory is abnormal. | Check the digital output values. If the values are abnormal, please consult your local Mitsubishi representative. |

3.5 List of Alarm Codes

If an alarm occurs during operation, the A/D converter module stores the alarm code into Latest alarm code of the buffer memory. Turning on Error clear request (YF) allows clearing of the alarm code of Latest alarm code.

The following table lists the alarm codes that may be stored.

□: This symbol indicates the number of the channel where an alarm has occurred (0: CH1, 1: CH2, 2: CH3, 3: CH4, 4: CH5, 5: CH6, 6: CH7, 7: CH8).

| Alarm code | Alarm name | Description and cause | Action |
|------------|---|--|---|
| 080□H | Process alarm (upper limit) | The process alarm (upper limit) has occurred in CH□. | Adjust CH□ Digital operation value to fall within the range. As a result, the corresponding bit of |
| 081□H | Process alarm (lower limit) | The process alarm (lower limit) has occurred in CH□. | CH□ Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit) and/or CH□ Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit), and Alert output signal (X8) turn off automatically. |
| 082□H | Rate alarm (upper limit) | The rate alarm (upper limit) has occurred in CH□. | Adjust the change rate in CH□ Digital output |
| 083□H | Rate alarm (lower limit) | The rate alarm (lower limit) has occurred in CH□. | value to fall within the range. As a result, the corresponding bit of CH□ Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit) or CH□ Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit), and Alert output signal (X8) turn off automatically. |
| 090□H | Input signal error detection (upper limit) | An input signal error (upper limit) has been detected in CH□. | Adjust the analog input value to fall within the range, and then turn on and off Error clear request |
| 091□H | Input signal error detection (lower limit) | An input signal error (lower limit) has been detected in CH□. | (YF). As a result, the corresponding bit of CH ☐ Input signal error detection flag and Input signal |
| 0A0□H | Input signal error detection (disconnection) | An input signal error (disconnection) has been detected in CH□. | error detection signal (XC) turn off. |
| ОДООН | Inter-module synchronization mode switching request error | A mode switching request has been issued for a target module to be synchronized. | Target modules to be synchronized cannot shift to offset/gain setting mode. When performing the offset/gain setting, set the module as a synchronization non-target in the system parameters, and switch to normal mode (A/D conversion processing) to shift offset/gain setting mode. Turn on and off Error clear request (YF) to clear the alarm. |

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Module Label

The functions of the A/D converter module can be set by using module labels.

Module labels of I/O signals

The module label name of an I/O signal is defined with the following structure:

"Module name"_"Module number".b"Label name" or "Module name"_"Module number".b"Label name"_D



R60AD 1.bModuleREADY D

■Module name

The character string of a module model name is given.

■Module number

A number starting from 1 is added to identify modules that have the same module name.

■Label name

The label identifier unique to a module is given.

D

This string indicates that the module label is for the direct access input (DX) or direct access output (DY). A module label without the string is for the input (X) or output (Y) of the refresh processing.

Module labels of buffer memory areas

The module label name of a buffer memory area is defined with the following structure:

"Module name"_"Module number"."Data type"_D["(Channel)"]."Data format""Label name"_D



R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D[0].wDigitalOutputValue_D

■Module name

The character string of a module model name is given.

■Module number

A number starting from 1 is added to identify modules that have the same module name.

■Data type

The data type to sort a buffer memory area is given. Each data type is as follows:

| Data type | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|
| stnMonitor | Monitor |
| stnControl | Control |
| stnSetting | Setting |
| stnSynchronous | Synchronization |

■Channel

The channel number corresponding to a module label is given. A numerical value of 0 to 7 is used to correspond to CH1 to 8. (CH1: 0, CH2: 1, CH3: 2, CH4: 3, CH5: 4, CH6: 5, CH7: 6, CH8: 7)

■Data format

The string that represents the data size of a buffer memory area is given. Each data format is as follows:

| Data format | Description |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| u | Word [Unsigned]/Bit string [16-bit] |
| w | Word [Signed] |

■Label name

The label identifier unique to a module is given.

This string indicates that the module label is for the direct access. A module label without the string is for the auto refresh. The following table shows the differences between the auto refresh and direct access.

| Туре | Description | Access timing | Example |
|---------------|---|---|---|
| Auto refresh | Values that are read from or written to the module label are reflected in the module collectively at the auto refresh. The run time of the program can be reduced. To use the auto refresh, set "Target" to "Module Label" in "Refresh settings" of "Module Parameter". | At auto refresh | R60AD_1.stnMonitor[0].wDig italOutputValue |
| Direct access | Values that are read from or written to the module label is reflected in the module instantly. Compared with the auto refresh, the run time of the program becomes longer. However, the responsiveness is high. | At reading/writing from/to the module label | R60AD_1.stnMonitor_D[0].w DigitalOutputValue_D |

Appendix 2 I/O Signals

List of I/O signals

The following table lists the I/O signals of the A/D converter module.

For details on the I/O signals, refer to the following.

Page 98 Details of input signals

Page 104 Details of output signals



- The I/O number (X/Y) described below shows the case that the start I/O number of the A/D converter module is set to "0".
- Do not use the "Use prohibited" signals shown below because the system uses them. If users use (turn off and on) the signals, the functions of the A/D converter module cannot be guaranteed.

Input signal

| Device number | Signal name |
|---------------|--|
| X0 | Module READY |
| X1 to X7 | Use prohibited |
| X8 | Alert output signal |
| X9 | Operating condition setting completed flag |
| XA | Offset/gain setting mode status flag |
| XB | Channel change completed flag |
| XC | Input signal error detection signal |
| XD | Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag |
| XE | A/D conversion completed flag |
| XF | Error flag |

Output signal

| Device number | Signal name |
|---------------|---|
| Y0 to Y8 | Use prohibited |
| Y9 | Operating condition setting request |
| YA | User range write request |
| YB | Channel change request |
| YC | Use prohibited |
| YD | Maximum value/minimum value reset request |
| YE | Use prohibited |
| YF | Error clear request |

Details of input signals

The following describes the details of the input signals for the A/D converter module which are assigned to the CPU module. The I/O numbers (X/Y) described in Appendix 2 are for the case when the start I/O number of the A/D converter module is set to 0.



This section describes buffer memory addresses for CH1.

For details on the buffer memory addresses after CH2, refer to the following.

Page 106 List of buffer memory addresses

Module READY

Module READY (X0) turns on to indicate the preparation for the A/D conversion is completed after the power-on or after the reset operation of the CPU module, and the A/D conversion is performed.

In the following cases, 'Module READY' (X0) turns off.

- In the offset/gain setting mode (In this case, the A/D conversion is performed.)
- When a watchdog timer error occurs in the A/D converter module (In this case, the A/D conversion is not performed.)

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Module READY | X0 | | | | | | | |

Alert output signal

'Alert output signal' (X8) turns on when the process alarm or rate alarm has been detected. When the alert output function is disabled for all channels, 'Alert output signal' (X8) always turns off.

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output signal | X8 | | | | | | | |

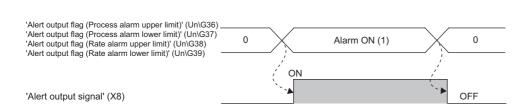
■Process alarm

- Alert output signal (X8) turns on when digital operation values of the A/D conversion enabled channels exceed the ranges set for 'CH1 Process alarm upper upper limit value' (Un\G514) to 'CH1 Process alarm lower lower limit value' (Un\G520) after the alert output setting (process alarm) is enabled. The ALM LED also turns on along with the on of the signal.
- Alert output signal (X8) turns off when the digital operation values fall within the setting range for all the A/D conversion enabled channels. The ALM LED also turns off along with the off of the signal.

■Rate alarm

- Alert output signal (X8) turns on when the change rate of digital output values of the A/D conversion enabled channels
 exceed the ranges set for 'CH1 Rate alarm upper limit value' (Un\G524) to 'CH1 Rate alarm lower limit value' (Un\G526)
 after the alert output setting (rate alarm) is enabled. The ALM LED also turns on along with the on of the signal.
- Alert output signal (X8) turns off when the change rate of the digital output values falls within the setting range for all the A/D conversion enabled channels. The ALM LED also turns off along with the off of the signal.

----- Controlled by the A/D converter module



Operating condition setting completed flag

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

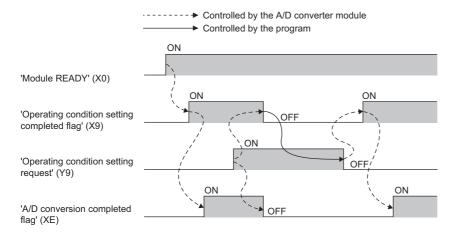
| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Operating condition setting completed flag X9 | | | | | | | | |

When changing values of the buffer memory, use Operating condition setting completed flag (X9) as an interlock condition to turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9). For the buffer memory addresses which require turning on and off of 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the changed values, refer to the following.

Page 106 List of buffer memory addresses

When 'Operating condition setting completed flag' (X9) is off, the A/D conversion is not performed.

When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is on, 'Operating condition setting completed flag' (X9) turns off.



Offset/gain setting mode status flag

■Device number

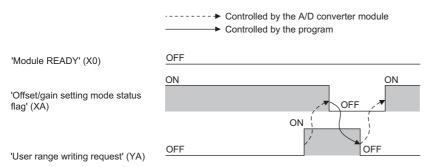
The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Offset/gain setting mode status flag | XA | | | | | | | |

■In the offset/gain setting mode

When registering the value, which has been adjusted with the offset/gain setting, use Offset/gain setting mode status flag (XA) as an interlock condition to turn on and off 'User range write request' (YA). For the offset/gain setting, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual (Startup)

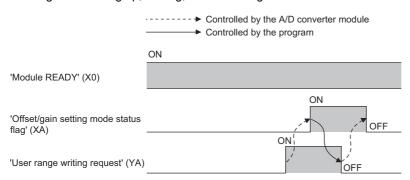


■In the normal mode

In the user range setting restoration, use Offset/gain setting mode status flag (XA) as an interlock condition to turn on and off 'User range write request' (YA).

For user range setting restoration, refer to the following.

Page 73 Backing up, Saving, and Restoring Offset/Gain Values



Channel change completed flag

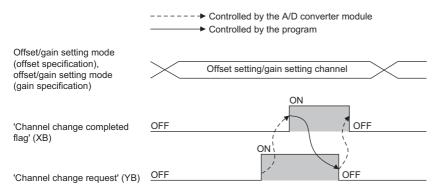
When changing a channel to perform the offset/gain setting, use Channel change completed flag (XB) as an interlock condition to turn on and off 'Channel change request' (YB).

When the offset/gain setting is configured from the offset/gain setting window of an engineering tool, the setting is performed properly on the window. Therefore, a program is not required to perform the setting.

To configure the offset/gain setting creating a program, use this flag.

For details, refer to the following.

Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual



■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Channel change completed flag | XB | | • | • | • | • | • | |

Input signal error detection signal

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Input signal error detection signal | XC | | | | | | | |

■Turning on Input signal error detection signal (XC)

Input signal error detection signal (XC) turns on when an analog input value exceeds the range set with 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting value' (Un\G529) in any channel which has been A/D conversion-enabled, after the detection condition is set in 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting' (Un\G528). When the simple disconnection detection is set, the signal ignores the setting for 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting value' (Un\G529) is ignored and turns on at the disconnection detection.

When Input signal error detection signal (XC) turns on, the following operations are performed.

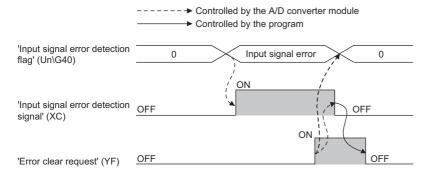
- 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400) and 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402) hold the digital value just before the error
 was detected.
- · The ALM LED flashes.

■Turning off Input signal error detection signal (XC)

'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) turns off by turning on and off 'Error clear request' (YF) after the analog input value returns to the setting range.

When 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) turns off, the following operations are performed.

- · The ALM LED turns off.
- · 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2) is cleared.

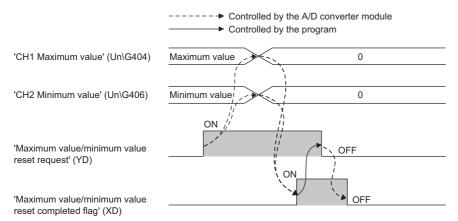




- Averaging processing starts over after the A/D conversion resumes.
- 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) operates only when the input signal error detection function is enabled. When the input signal error detection function is disabled, 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) always turns off.

Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag

Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag (XD) turns on after the maximum and minimum values stored in 'CH1 Maximum value' (Un\G404) and 'CH1 Minimum value' (Un\G406) are reset by turning on and off 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD).



■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag | XD | | | | | | | |

A/D conversion completed flag

A/D conversion completed flag (XE) turns on when all conversion enabled channels are converted.

■Device number

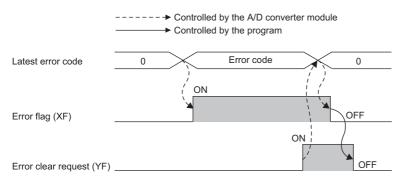
The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| A/D conversion completed flag | XE | | | | | | | |

Error flag

'Error flag' (XF) turns on when an error occurs.

Turn on and off 'Error clear request' (YF) to clear 'Latest error code' (Un\G0) and 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2).



■Device number

The following shows the device number of this input signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Error flag | XF | | | | | | | |

Details of output signals

The following describes the details of the output signals for the A/D converter module which are assigned to the CPU module. The I/O numbers (X/Y) described in Appendix 2 are for the case when the start I/O number of the A/D converter module is set to 0.



This section describes buffer memory addresses for CH1.

For details on the buffer memory addresses after CH2, refer to the following.

Page 106 List of buffer memory addresses

Operating condition setting request

Turn on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9) to enable the setting of the A/D converter module.

For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 99 Operating condition setting completed flag

For details on the buffer memory areas to be enabled, refer to the following.

Page 106 List of buffer memory addresses

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this output signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Operating condition setting request | Y9 | | | | | | | |

User range write request

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this output signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| User range write request | YA | | | | | | | |

■In the offset/gain setting mode

Turn on and off User range write request (YA) to register values adjusted with the offset/gain setting in the A/D converter module. The data is written to the flash memory when this signal is turned off and on.

For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 100 In the offset/gain setting mode

■In the normal mode

Turn on and off User range write request (YA) to restore the user range.

For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 100 In the normal mode

Channel change request

Turn on and off Channel change request (YB) to change a channel to perform the offset/gain setting.

For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 101 Channel change completed flag

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this output signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Channel change request | YB | | | | | | | |

Maximum value/minimum value reset request

Turn on and off 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) to clear the maximum and minimum values stored in 'CH1 Maximum value' (Un\G404) and 'CH1 Minimum value' (Un\G406).

For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 103 Maximum value/minimum value reset completed flag

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this output signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Maximum value/minimum value reset request | YD | | | | | | | |

Error clear request

Turn on and off Error clear request (YF) to clear 'Error flag' (XF), 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC), 'Latest error code' (Un\G0), and 'Latest alarm code' (Un\G2). For the timing of turning the signal on and off, refer to the following.

Page 102 Input signal error detection signal

Page 103 Error flag

■Device number

The following shows the device number of this output signal.

| Signal name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Error clear request | YF | | | | | | | |

Appendix 3 Buffer Memory Areas

List of buffer memory addresses

The following table lists the buffer memory addresses of the A/D converter module. For details on the buffer memory addresses, refer to the following.

Page 120 Details of buffer memory addresses



Do not write data to the system areas and areas whose data types are monitor in the buffer memory. Writing data into these areas can cause the malfunction of the module.

In R mode

■Un\G0 to Un\G399

| Address (decimal) | Address (hexadecimal) | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | 0H | Latest error code | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 1 | 1H | Latest address of error history | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 2 | 2H | Latest alarm code | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 3 | 3H | Latest address of alarm history | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 4 to 19 | 4H to 13H | Interrupt factor detection flag [n]*2 | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 20 to 35 | 14H to 23H | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 36 | 24H | Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit) | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 37 | 25H | Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit) | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 38 | 26H | Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit) | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 39 | 27H | Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit) | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 40 | 28H | Input signal error detection flag | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 41 | 29H | System area | 0000H | _ | - | _ |
| 42 | 2AH | A/D conversion completed flag | 0000H | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 43 to 89 | 2BH to 59H | System area | _ | _ | - | _ |
| 90 | 5AH | Level data 0 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 91 | 5BH | Level data 1 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 92 | 5CH | Level data 2 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 93 | 5DH | Level data 3 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 94 | 5EH | Level data 4 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 95 | 5FH | Level data 5 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 96 | 60H | Level data 6 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 97 | 61H | Level data 7 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 98 | 62H | Level data 8 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 99 | 63H | Level data 9 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 100 to 123 | 64H to 7BH | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 124 to 139 | 7CH to 8BH | Interrupt factor mask [n]*2 | 0 | Control | × | _ |
| 140 to 155 | 8CH to 9BH | System area | _ | _ | - | _ |
| 156 to 171 | 9CH to ABH | Interrupt factor reset request [n]*2 | 0 | Control | × | _ |
| 172 to 199 | ACH to C7H | System area | _ | _ | - | _ |
| 200 to 215 | C8H to D7H | Interrupt factor generation setting [n]*2 | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 216 to 231 | D8H to E7H | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 232 to 247 | E8H to F7H | Condition target setting [n]*2 | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 248 to 263 | F8H to 107H | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 264 to 279 | 108H to 117H | Condition target channel setting [n] ^{*2} | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 280 to 295 | 118H to 127H | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 296, 297 | 128H, 129H | Mode switching setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 298 to 399 | 130H to 18FH | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

- *1 Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)
- *2 [n] in the table indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Un\G400 to Un\G3599

| Addres Decima | s al (hexad | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | - | | | | |
| 400 (190H) | 600 (258H) | 800 (320H) | 1000 (3E8H) | 1200 (4B0H) | 1400 (578H) | 1600 (640H) | 1800 (708H) | CH□ Digital output value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 401 (191H) | 601 (259H) | 801 (321H) | 1001 (3E9H) | 1201 (4B1H) | 1401 (579H) | 1601 (641H) | 1801 (709H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 402 (192H) | 602 (25AH) | 802 (322H) | 1002 (3EAH) | 1202 (4B2H) | 1402 (57AH) | 1602 (642H) | 1802 (70AH) | CH□ Digital operation value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 403 (193H) | 603 (25BH) | 803 (323H) | 1003 (3EBH) | 1203 (4B3H) | 1403 (57BH) | 1603 (643H) | 1803 (70BH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 404 (194H) | 604 (25CH) | 804 (324H) | 1004 (3ECH) | 1204 (4B4H) | 1404 (57CH) | 1604 (644H) | 1804 (70CH) | CH□ Maximum value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 405 (195H) | 605 (25DH) | 805 (325H) | 1005 (3EDH) | 1205 (4B5H) | 1405 (57DH) | 1605 (645H) | 1805 (70DH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 406 (196H) | 606 (25EH) | 806 (326H) | 1006 (3EEH) | 1206 (4B6H) | 1406 (57EH) | 1606 (646H) | 1806 (70EH) | CH□ Minimum value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 407 (197H) | 607 (25FH) | 807 (327H) | 1007 (3EFH) | 1207 (4B7H) | 1407 (57FH) | 1607 (647H) | 1807 (70FH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 408 (198H) | 608 (260H) | 808 (328H) | 1008 (3F0H) | 1208 (4B8H) | 1408 (580H) | 1608 (648H) | 1808 (710H) | CH□ Difference conversion status flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 409 (199H) | 609 (261H) | 809 (329H) | 1009 (3F1H) | 1209 (4B9H) | 1409 (581H) | 1609 (649H) | 1809 (711H) | CH□ Logging hold flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 410 to 429 (19AH to 1ADH) | 610 to 629 (262H to 275H) | 810 to 829 (32AH to 33DH) | 1010 to 1029 (3F2H to 405H) | 1210 to 1229 (4BAH to 4CDH) | 1410 to 1429 (582H to 595H) | 1610 to 1629 (64AH to 65DH) | 1810 to 1829 (712H to 725H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 430 (1AEH) | 630 (276H) | 830 (33EH) | 1030 (406H) | 1230 (4CEH) | 1430 (596H) | 1630 (65EH) | 1830 (726H) | CH□ Range setting monitor | 0000H ^{*2} | Monitor | × | _ |
| 431 (1AFH) | 631 (277H) | 831 (33FH) | 1031 (407H) | 1231 (4CFH) | 1431 (597H) | 1631 (65FH) | 1831 (727H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 432 (1B0H) | 632 (278H) | 832 (340H) | 1032 (408H) | 1232 (4D0H) | 1432 (598H) | 1632 (660H) | 1832 (728H) | CH□ Difference conversion reference value | 0000H | Monitor | × | _ |
| 433 (1B1H) | 633 (279H) | 833 (341H) | 1033 (409H) | 1233 (4D1H) | 1433 (599H) | 1633 (661H) | 1833 (729H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 434 (1B2H) | 634 (27AH) | 834 (342H) | 1034 (40AH) | 1234 (4D2H) | 1434 (59AH) | 1634 (662H) | 1834 (72AH) | CH□ Head pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 435 (1B3H) | 635 (27BH) | 835 (343H) | 1035 (40BH) | 1235 (4D3H) | 1435 (59BH) | 1635 (663H) | 1835 (72BH) | CH□ Latest pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 436 (1B4H) | 636 (27CH) | 836 (344H) | 1036 (40CH) | 1236 (4D4H) | 1436 (59CH) | 1636 (664H) | 1836 (72CH) | CH□ Number of logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 437 (1B5H) | 637 (27DH) | 837 (345H) | 1037 (40DH) | 1237 (4D5H) | 1437 (59DH) | 1637 (665H) | 1837 (72DH) | CH□ Trigger pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 438 (1B6H) | 638 (27EH) | 838 (346H) | 1038 (40EH) | 1238 (4D6H) | 1438 (59EH) | 1638 (666H) | 1838 (72EH) | CH□ Current logging read pointer | -1 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 439 (1B7H) | 639 (27FH) | 839 (347H) | 1039 (40FH) | 1239 (4D7H) | 1439 (59FH) | 1639 (667H) | 1839 (72FH) | CH□ Previous logging read pointer | -1 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 440 (1B8H) | 640 (280H) | 840 (348H) | 1040 (410H) | 1240 (4D8H) | 1440 (5A0H) | 1640 (668H) | 1840 (730H) | CH□ Logging read points monitor value | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 441 (1B9H) | 641 (281H) | 841 (349H) | 1041 (411H) | 1241 (4D9H) | 1441 (5A1H) | 1641 (669H) | 1841 (731H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (s) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 442 (1BAH) | 642 (282H) | 842 (34AH) | 1042 (412H) | 1242 (4DAH) | 1442 (5A2H) | 1642 (66AH) | 1842 (732H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (ms) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 443 (1BBH) | 643 (283H) | 843 (34BH) | 1043 (413H) | 1243 (4DBH) | 1443 (5A3H) | 1643 (66BH) | 1843 (733H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (μs) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 444 (1BCH) | 644 (284H) | 844 (34CH) | 1044 (414H) | 1244 (4DCH) | 1444 (5A4H) | 1644 (66CH) | 1844 (734H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |

| Addres | s al (hexad | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 445 (1BDH) | 645 (285H) | 845 (34DH) | 1045 (415H) | 1245 (4DDH) | 1445 (5A5H) | 1645 (66DH) | 1845 (735H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Month/Day) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 446 (1BEH) | 646 (286H) | 846 (34EH) | 1046 (416H) | 1246 (4DEH) | 1446 (5A6H) | 1646 (66EH) | 1846 (736H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 447 (1BFH) | 647 (287H) | 847 (34FH) | 1047 (417H) | 1247 (4DFH) | 1447 (5A7H) | 1647 (66FH) | 1847 (737H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 448 (1C0H) | 648 (288H) | 848 (350H) | 1048 (418H) | 1248 (4E0H) | 1448 (5A8H) | 1648 (670H) | 1848 (738H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Millisecond) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 449 to 469 (1C1H to 1D5H) | 649 to 669 (289H to 29DH) | 849 to 869 (351H to 365H) | 1049 to 1069 (419H to 42DH) | 1249 to 1269 (4E1H to 4F5H) | 1449 to 1469 (5A9H to 5BDH) | 1649 to 1669 (671H to 685H) | 1849 to 1869 (739H to 74DH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 470 (1D6H) | 670 (29EH) | 870 (366H) | 1070 (42EH) | 1270 (4F6H) | 1470 (5BEH) | 1670 (686H) | 1870 (74EH) | CH□ Difference conversion trigger | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 471 (1D7H) | 671 (29FH) | 871 (367H) | 1071 (42FH) | 1271 (4F7H) | 1471 (5BFH) | 1671 (687H) | 1871 (74FH) | CH□ Logging hold request | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 472 (1D8H) | 672 (2A0H) | 872 (368H) | 1072 (430H) | 1272 (4F8H) | 1472 (5C0H) | 1672 (688H) | 1872 (750H) | CH□ Conversion value shift amount | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 473 to 499 (1D9H to 1F3H) | 673 to 699 (2A1H to 2BBH) | 873 to 899 (369H to 383H) | 1073 to 1099 (431H to 44BH) | 1273 to 1299 (4F9H to 513H) | 1473 to 1499 (5C1H to 5DBH) | 1673 to 1699 (689H to 6A3H) | 1873 to 1899 (751H to 76BH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 500 (1F4H) | 700 (2BCH) | 900 (384H) | 1100 (44CH) | 1300 (514H) | 1500 (5DCH) | 1700 (6A4H) | 1900 (76CH) | CH□ A/D conversion enable/disable setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 501 (1F5H) | 701 (2BDH) | 901 (385H) | 1101 (44DH) | 1301 (515H) | 1501 (5DDH) | 1701 (6A5H) | 1901 (76DH) | CH□ Averaging process specification | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 502 (1F6H) | 702 (2BEH) | 902 (386H) | 1102 (44EH) | 1302 (516H) | 1502 (5DEH) | 1702 (6A6H) | 1902 (76EH) | CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/ Primary delay filter constant setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 503 (1F7H) | 703 (2BFH) | 903 (387H) | 1103 (44FH) | 1303 (517H) | 1503 (5DFH) | 1703 (6A7H) | 1903 (76FH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 504 (1F8H) | 704 (2C0H) | 904 (388H) | 1104 (450H) | 1304 (518H) | 1504 (5E0H) | 1704 (6A8H) | 1904 (770H) | CH□ Scaling enable/ disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 505 (1F9H) | 705 (2C1H) | 905 (389H) | 1105 (451H) | 1305 (519H) | 1505 (5E1H) | 1705 (6A9H) | 1905 (771H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 506 (1FAH) | 706 (2C2H) | 906 (38AH) | 1106 (452H) | 1306 (51AH) | 1506 (5E2H) | 1706 (6AAH) | 1906 (772H) | CH□ Scaling upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 507 (1FBH) | 707 (2C3H) | 907 (38BH) | 1107 (453H) | 1307 (51BH) | 1507 (5E3H) | 1707 (6ABH) | 1907 (773H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 508 (1FCH) | 708 (2C4H) | 908 (38CH) | 1108 (454H) | 1308 (51CH) | 1508 (5E4H) | 1708 (6ACH) | 1908 (774H) | CH□ Scaling lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 509 (1FDH) | 709 (2C5H) | 909 (38DH) | 1109 (455H) | 1309 (51DH) | 1509 (5E5H) | 1709 (6ADH) | 1909 (775H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 510 (1FEH) | 710 (2C6H) | 910 (38EH) | 1110 (456H) | 1310 (51EH) | 1510 (5E6H) | 1710 (6AEH) | 1910 (776H) | CH□ Digital clipping enable/disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 511 (1FFH) | 711 (2C7H) | 911 (38FH) | 1111 (457H) | 1311 (51FH) | 1511 (5E7H) | 1711 (6AFH) | 1911 (777H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 512 (200H) | 712 (2C8H) | 912 (390H) | 1112 (458H) | 1312 (520H) | 1512 (5E8H) | 1712 (6B0H) | 1912 (778H) | CH□ Alert output setting (Process alarm) | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 513 (201H) | 713 (2C9H) | 913 (391H) | 1113 (459H) | 1313 (521H) | 1513 (5E9H) | 1713 (6B1H) | 1913 (779H) | CH□ Alert output setting (Rate alarm) | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 514 (202H) | 714 (2CAH) | 914 (392H) | 1114 (45AH) | 1314 (522H) | 1514 (5EAH) | 1714 (6B2H) | 1914 (77AH) | CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 515 (203H) | 715 (2CBH) | 915 (393H) | 1115 (45BH) | 1315 (523H) | 1515 (5EBH) | 1715 (6B3H) | 1915 (77BH) | System area | _ | _ | | |

| Addres Decima | s Il (hexade | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 516 (204H) | 716 (2CCH) | 916 (394H) | 1116 (45CH) | 1316 (524H) | 1516 (5ECH) | 1716 (6B4H) | 1916 (77CH) | CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 517 (205H) | 717 (2CDH) | 917 (395H) | 1117 (45DH) | 1317 (525H) | 1517 (5EDH) | 1717 (6B5H) | 1917 (77DH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 518 (206H) | 718 (2CEH) | 918 (396H) | 1118 (45EH) | 1318 (526H) | 1518 (5EEH) | 1718 (6B6H) | 1918 (77EH) | CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 519 (207H) | 719 (2CFH) | 919 (397H) | 1119 (45FH) | 1319 (527H) | 1519 (5EFH) | 1719 (6B7H) | 1919 (77FH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 520 (208H) | 720 (2D0H) | 920 (398H) | 1120 (460H) | 1320 (528H) | 1520 (5F0H) | 1720 (6B8H) | 1920 (780H) | CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 521 (209H) | 721 (2D1H) | 921 (399H) | 1121 (461H) | 1321 (529H) | 1521 (5F1H) | 1721 (6B9H) | 1921 (781H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 522 (20AH) | 722 (2D2H) | 922 (39AH) | 1122 (462H) | 1322 (52AH) | 1522 (5F2H) | 1722 (6BAH) | 1922 (782H) | CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 523 (20BH) | 723 (2D3H) | 923 (39BH) | 1123 (463H) | 1323 (52BH) | 1523 (5F3H) | 1723 (6BBH) | 1923 (783H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 524 (20CH) | 724 (2D4H) | 924 (39CH) | 1124 (464H) | 1324 (52CH) | 1524 (5F4H) | 1724 (6BCH) | 1924 (784H) | CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 525 (20DH) | 725 (2D5H) | 925 (39DH) | 1125 (465H) | 1325 (52DH) | 1525 (5F5H) | 1725 (6BDH) | 1925 (785H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 526 (20EH) | 726 (2D6H) | 926 (39EH) | 1126 (466H) | 1326 (52EH) | 1526 (5F6H) | 1726 (6BEH) | 1926 (786H) | CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 527 (20FH) | 727 (2D7H) | 927 (39FH) | 1127 (467H) | 1327 (52FH) | 1527 (5F7H) | 1727 (6BFH) | 1927 (787H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 528 (210H) | 728 (2D8H) | 928 (3A0H) | 1128 (468H) | 1328 (530H) | 1528 (5F8H) | 1728 (6C0H) | 1928 (788H) | CH□ Input signal error detection setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 529 (211H) | 729 (2D9H) | 929 (3A1H) | 1129 (469H) | 1329 (531H) | 1529 (5F9H) | 1729 (6C1H) | 1929 (789H) | CH□ Input signal error detection setting value | 50 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 530 to 534 (212H to 216H) | 730 to 734 (2DAH to 2DEH) | 930 to 934 (3A2H to 3A6H) | 1130 to 1134 (46AH to 46EH) | 1330 to 1334 (532H to 536H) | 1530 to 1534 (5FAH to 5FEH) | 1730 to 1734 (6C2H to 6C6H) | 1930 to 1934 (78AH to 78EH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 535 (217H) | 735 (2DFH) | 935 (3A7H) | 1135 (46FH) | 1335 (537H) | 1535 (5FFH) | 1735 (6C7H) | 1935 (78FH) | CH□ Logging enable/ disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 536 (218H) | 736 (2E0H) | 936 (3A8H) | 1136 (470H) | 1336 (538H) | 1536 (600H) | 1736 (6C8H) | 1936 (790H) | CH□ Logging data setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 537 (219H) | 737 (2E1H) | 937 (3A9H) | 1137 (471H) | 1337 (539H) | 1537 (601H) | 1737 (6C9H) | 1937 (791H) | CH□ Logging cycle setting value | 4 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 538 (21AH) | 738 (2E2H) | 938 (3AAH) | 1138 (472H) | 1338 (53AH) | 1538 (602H) | 1738 (6CAH) | 1938 (792H) | CH□ Logging cycle unit setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 539 (21BH) | 739 (2E3H) | 939 (3ABH) | 1139 (473H) | 1339 (53BH) | 1539 (603H) | 1739 (6CBH) | 1939 (793H) | CH□ Post-trigger logging points | 5000 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 540 (21CH) | 740 (2E4H) | 940 (3ACH) | 1140 (474H) | 1340 (53CH) | 1540 (604H) | 1740 (6CCH) | 1940 (794H) | CH□ Level trigger condition setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 541 (21DH) | 741 (2E5H) | 941 (3ADH) | 1141 (475H) | 1341 (53DH) | 1541 (605H) | 1741 (6CDH) | 1941 (795H) | CH□ Trigger data | *3 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 542 (21EH) | 742 (2E6H) | 942 (3AEH) | 1142 (476H) | 1342 (53EH) | 1542 (606H) | 1742 (6CEH) | 1942 (796H) | CH□ Trigger setting value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 543 (21FH) | 743 (2E7H) | 943 (3AFH) | 1143 (477H) | 1343 (53FH) | 1543 (607H) | 1743 (6CFH) | 1943 (797H) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 544 (220H) | 744 (2E8H) | 944 (3B0H) | 1144 (478H) | 1344 (540H) | 1544 (608H) | 1744 (6D0H) | 1944 (798H) | CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 545 (221H) | 745 (2E9H) | 945 (3B1H) | 1145 (479H) | 1345 (541H) | 1545 (609H) | 1745 (6D1H) | 1945 (799H) | CH□ Logging read points setting value | 1000 | Setting | × | 0 |

| Addres Decima | s Il (hexado | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 546 to 597 (222H to 255H) | 746 to 797 (2EAH to 31DH) | 946 to 997 (3B2H to 3E5H) | 1146 to 1197 (47AH to 4ADH) | 1346 to 1397 (542H to 575H) | 1546 to 1597 (60AH to 63DH) | 1746 to 1797 (6D2 to 705H) | 1946 to 1997 (79AH to 7CDH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 598 (256H) | 798 (31EH) | 998 (3E6H) | 1198 (4AEH) | 1398 (576H) | 1598 (63EH) | 1798 (706H) | 1998 (7CEH) | CH□ Range setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 599 (257H) | 799 (31FH) | 999 (3E7H) | 1199 (4AFH) | 1399 (577H) | 1599 (63FH) | 1799 (707H) | 1999 (7CFH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2000 to 3 (7D0H to | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

R60ADV8: 0005H

CH1: 402, CH2: 602, CH3: 802, CH4: 1002, CH5: 1202, CH6: 1402, CH7: 1602, CH8: 1802

^{*2} The following shows the default values. R60AD4 and R60ADI8: 0000H

^{*3} The following shows the default values.

■Error history (Un\G3600 to Un\G3759)

| Address (decimal) | Address (hexadecimal) | Name | | | | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| 3600 | E10H | Error history 1 | Error code | | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3601 | E11H | | Error time | First two digits of the year | Last two digits of the year | | | | |
| 3602 | E12H | | | Month | Day | | | | |
| 3603 | E13H | | | Hour | Minute | | | | |
| 3604 | E14H | | | Second | Day of the week | | | | |
| 3605 | E15H | | | Millisecond | | | | | |
| 3606 to 3609 | E16H to E19H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3610 to 3615 | E1AH to E1FH | Error history 2 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3616 to 3619 | E20H to E23H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3620 to 3625 | E24H to E29H | Error history 3 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3626 to 3629 | E2AH to E2DH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3630 to 3635 | E2EH to E33H | Error history 4 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3636 to 3639 | E34H to E37H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3640 to 3645 | E38H to E3DH | Error history 5 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3646 to 3649 | E3EH to E41H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3650 to 3655 | E42H to E47H | Error history 6 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3656 to 3659 | E48H to E4BH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3660 to 3665 | E4CH to E51H | Error history 7 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3666 to 3669 | E52H to E55H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3670 to 3675 | E56H to E5BH | Error history 8 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3676 to 3679 | E5CH to E5FH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3680 to 3685 | E60H to E65H | Error history 9 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3686 to 3689 | E66H to E69H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3690 to 3695 | E6AH to E6FH | Error history 10 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3696 to 3699 | E70H to E73H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3700 to 3705 | E74H to E79H | Error history 11 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3706 to 3709 | E7AH to E7DH | System area | • | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3710 to 3715 | E7EH to E83H | Error history 12 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3716 to 3719 | E84H to E87H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3720 to 3725 | E88H to E8DH | Error history 13 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3726 to 3729 | E8EH to E91H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3730 to 3735 | E92H to E97H | Error history 14 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3736 to 3739 | E98H to E9BH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3740 to 3745 | E9CH to EA1H | Error history 15 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3746 to 3749 | EA2H to EA5H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3750 to 3755 | EA6H to EABH | Error history 16 | Same as erro | r history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3756 to 3759 | EACH to EAFH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Alarm history (Un\G3760 to Un\G3999)

| Address (decimal) | Address (hexadecimal) | Name | | | | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 3760 | EB0H | Alarm history 1 | Alarm code | | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3761 | EB1H | | Alarm time | First two digits of the year | Last two digits of the year | - | | | |
| 3762 | EB2H | | | Month | Day | | | | |
| 3763 | EB3H | | | Hour | Minute | | | | |
| 3764 | EB4H | | | Second | Day of the week | | | | |
| 3765 | EB5H | | | Millisecond | | | | | |
| 3766 to 3769 | EB6H to EB9H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3770 to 3775 | EBAH to EBFH | Alarm history 2 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3776 to 3779 | EC1H to EC3H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3780 to 3785 | EC4H to EC9H | Alarm history 3 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3786 to 3789 | ECAH to ECDH | System area | 1 | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3790 to 3795 | ECEH to ED3H | Alarm history 4 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3796 to 3799 | ED4H to ED7H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3800 to 3805 | ED8H to EDDH | Alarm history 5 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3806 to 3809 | EDEH to EE1H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3810 to 3815 | EE2H to EE7H | Alarm history 6 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3816 to 3819 | EE8H to EEBH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3820 to 3825 | EECH to EF1H | Alarm history 7 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3826 to 3829 | EF2H to EF5H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3830 to 3835 | EF6H to EFBH | Alarm history 8 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3836 to 3839 | EFCH to EFFH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3840 to 3845 | F00H to F05H | Alarm history 9 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3846 to 3849 | F06H to F09H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3850 to 3855 | F0AH to F0FH | Alarm history 10 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3856 to 3859 | F10H to F13H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3860 to 3865 | F14H to F19H | Alarm history 11 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3866 to 3869 | F1AH to F1DH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3870 to 3875 | F1EH to F23H | Alarm history 12 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3876 to 3879 | F24H to F27H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3880 to 3885 | F28H to F2DH | Alarm history 13 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3886 to 3889 | F2EH to F31H | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3890 to 3895 | F32H to F37H | Alarm history 14 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3896 to 3899 | F38H to F3BH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3900 to 3905 | F3CH to F41H | Alarm history 15 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3906 to 3909 | F42H to F45H | System area | | _ | _ | _ | _ | | |
| 3910 to 3915 | F46H to F4BH | Alarm history 16 | Same as ala | rm history 1 | | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3916 to 3999 | F4CH to F9FH | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Offset/gain setting (for R60AD4) (Un\G4000 to Un\G4131)

| Address Decimal (hex | (adecimal) | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СН3 | CH4 | | | | | |
| 4000 to 4001 (F | A0H to FA1H) | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4002 (FA2H) | | | | Save data type setting | 0000H | Setting | × | 0 |
| 4003 (FA3H) | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4004 (FA4H) | 4008 (FA8H) | 4012 (FACH) | 4016 (FB0H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4005 (FA5H) | 4009 (FA9H) | 4013 (FADH) | 4017 (FB1H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4006 (FA6H) | 4010 (FAAH) | 4014 (FAEH) | 4018 (FB2H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4007 (FA7H) | 4011 (FABH) | 4015 (FAFH) | 4019 (FB3H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4020 (FB4H) | 4024 (FB8H) | 4028 (FBCH) | 4032 (FC0H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4021 (FB5H) | 4025 (FB9H) | 4029 (FBDH) | 4033 (FC1H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4022 (FB6H) | 4026 (FBAH) | 4030 (FBEH) | 4034 (FC2H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4023 (FB7H) | 4027 (FBBH) | 4031 (FBFH) | 4035 (FC3H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4036 to 4131 (F | C4H to 1023H) | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Offset/gain setting (for R60ADV8 and R60ADI8) (Un\G4000 to Un\G4131)

| Addres Decima | s Il (hexade | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 4000 to 4 | 1003 (FA0H | to FA3H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4004 (FA4H) | 4008 (FA8H) | 4012 (FACH) | 4016 (FB0H) | 4020 (FB4H) | 4024 (FB8H) | 4028 (FBCH) | 4032 (FC0H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4005 (FA5H) | 4009 (FA9H) | 4013 (FADH) | 4017 (FB1H) | 4021 (FB5H) | 4025 (FB9H) | 4029 (FBDH) | 4033 (FC1H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4006 (FA6H) | 4010 (FAAH) | 4014 (FAEH) | 4018 (FB2H) | 4022 (FB6H) | 4026 (FBAH) | 4030 (FBEH) | 4034 (FC2H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4007 (FA7H) | 4011 (FABH) | 4015 (FAFH) | 4019 (FB3H) | 4023 (FB7H) | 4027 (FBBH) | 4031 (FBFH) | 4035 (FC3H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4036 (FC4H) | 4040 (FC8H) | 4044 (FCCH) | 4048 (FD0H) | 4052 (FD4H) | 4056 (FD8H) | 4060 (FDCH) | 4064 (FE0H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4037 (FC5H) | 4041 (FC9H) | 4045 (FCDH) | 4049 (FD1H) | 4053 (FD5H) | 4057 (FD9H) | 4061 (FDDH) | 4065 (FE1H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4038 (FC6H) | 4042 (FCAH) | 4046 (FCEH) | 4050 (FD2H) | 4054 (FD6H) | 4058 (FDAH) | 4062 (FDEH) | 4066 (FE2H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4039 (FC7H) | 4043 (FCBH) | 4047 (FCFH) | 4051 (FD3H) | 4055 (FD7H) | 4059 (FDBH) | 4063 (FDFH) | 4067 (FE3H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4068 to 4 | 1131 (FE4H | to 1023H |) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Un\G4132 to Un\G9499

| Address | s (hexaded | cimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 | | | | | |
| 4132 (1024H) | 4134 (1026H) | 4136 (1028H) | 4138 (102AH) | 4140 (102CH) | 4142 (102EH) | 4144 (1030H) | 4146 (1032H) | CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4133 (1025H) | 4135 (1027H) | 4137 (1029H) | 4139 (102BH) | 4141 (102DH) | 4143 (102FH) | 4145 (1031H) | 4147 (1033H) | CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4148 to 4 | 163 (1034H | to 1043H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4164 (1044H) | 4165 (1045H) | 4166 (1046H) | 4167 (1047H) | _ | _ | _ | _ | CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (range specification)*2 | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 4168 to 94 | 499(1048H | to 251BH) | • | | | | • | System area | _ | - | _ | _ |

- *1 Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)
- *2 When the R60ADV8 or R60ADI8 is used, these areas are used as system areas.

■Un\G9500 to Un\G9999

| Address Decimal | s (hexade | cimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 9500 (251CH) | 9502 (251EH) | 9504 (2520H) | 9506 (2522H) | 9508 (2524H) | 9510 (2526H) | 9512 (2528H) | 9514 (252AH) | CHI Synchronization latch digital operation value | 0 | Monitor | Ο | _ |
| 9501 9503 9505 9507 9509 9511 9513 9515 (251DH) (251FH) (2521H) (2523H) (2525H) (2527H) (2529H) (252BH) 9516 to 9599 (252CH to 257FH) | | | | | | | 9515 (252BH) | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 9600 (258 | 80H) | | | | | | Synchronization status monitor | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ | |
| 9601 to 9 | 999 (2581H | I to 270FH) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G89999)

| Address Decimal | to 20000 to 30000 to 40000 to 50000 to 69999 79999 899 (4E20H (7530H (9C40H (C350H (EA60H (1170H (138 | | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|---|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH8 | | | | | | |
| 10000 to 19999 (2710H to 4E1FH) | 29999 | 39999 | 49999 | 59999 | 69999 | 79999 | 80000 to 89999 (13880H to 15F8FH) | CH□ Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

In Q compatible mode

■Un\G0 to Un\G199

| Addres Decima | ss al (hexad | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | 1 | | | | |
| 0 (0H) | | | | ' | | | | A/D conversion enable/ disable setting | 00FFH | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1 (1H) | 2 (2H) | 3 (3H) | 4 (4H) | 5 (5H) | 6 (6H) | 7 (7H) | 8 (8H) | CH□ Time Average/ Count Average setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 9 (9H) | | | | | | | | Averaging process specification (for Q series) | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 10 (AH) | . , | | | | | | A/D conversion completed flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ | |
| 11 (BH) | 12 (CH) | 13 (DH) | 14 (EH) | 15 (FH) | 16 (10H) | 17 (11H) | 18 (12H) | CH□ Digital output value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 19 (13H) |) | | | | | | | Latest error code | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 20 (14H) |) | | | 21 (15H) | | | | CH□ Range setting monitor | *2 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 22 (16H) |) | | | | | | | Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 23 (17H) |) | | | | | | | Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 24 (18H) |) | | | 25 (19H) | | | | Averaging process setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 26 (1AH | 26 (1AH) | | | | Offset/gain setting mode (range specification) | 0 | Setting | × | _ | | | |
| 27 (1BH | 7 (1BH) 28 (1CH) | | | | | Input signal error detection setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 | | |
| 29 (1DH | (1DH) | | | | | | Digital clipping enable/ disable setting | 00FFH | Setting | × | 0 | |

| Addres Decima | ss al (hexad | ecimal) | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 30 (1EH) | 32 (20H) | 34 (22H) | 36 (24H) | 38 (26H) | 40 (28H) | 42 (2AH) | 44 (2CH) | CH□ Maximum value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 31 (1FH) | 33 (21H) | 35 (23H) | 37 (25H) | 39 (27H) | 41 (29H) | 43 (2BH) | 45 (2DH) | CH□ Minimum value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 46, 47 (2 | 2EH, 2FH) | | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 48 (30H) (b15 to b | | arm/b7 to I | o0: Process | s alarm) | | | | Alert output setting (Process alarm) Alert output setting (Rate alarm) | FFFFH | Setting | × | 0 |
| 49 (31H) |) | | | | | | | Input signal error detection flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 50 (32H) |) | | | | | | | Alert output flag (Process alarm) | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 51 (33H) |) | | | | | | | Alert output flag (Rate alarm) | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 52 (34H) |) | | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 53 (35H) |) | | | | | | Scaling enable/disable 00FFH Setting × setting | | × | 0 | | |
| 54 (36H) | 55 (37H) | 56 (38H) | 57 (39H) | 58 (3AH) | 59 (3BH) | 60 (3CH) | 61 (3DH) | CH□ Digital operation value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 62 (3EH) | 64 (40H) | 66 (42H) | 68 (44H) | 70 (46H) | 72 (48H) | 74 (4AH) | 76 (4CH) | CH□ Scaling lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 63 (3FH) | 65 (41H) | 67 (43H) | 69 (45H) | 71 (47H) | 73 (49H) | 75 (4BH) | 77 (4DH) | CH□ Scaling upper limit 0 Setting | | × | 0 | |
| 78 to 85 | (4EH to 55 | 5H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 86 (56H) | 90 (5AH) | 94 (5EH) | 98 (62H) | 102 (66H) | 106 (6AH) | 110 (6EH) | 114 (72H) | CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 87 (57H) | 91 (5BH) | 95 (5FH) | 99 (63H) | 103 (67H) | 107 (6BH) | 111 (6FH) | 115 (73H) | CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 88 (58H) | 92 (5CH) | 96 (60H) | 100 (64H) | 104 (68H) | 108 (6CH) | 112 (70H) | 116 (74H) | CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 89 (59H) | 93 (5DH) | 97 (61H) | 101 (65H) | 105 (69H) | 109 (6DH) | 113 (71H) | 117 (75H) | CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 118 (76H) | 119 (77H) | 120 (78H) | 121 (79H) | 122 (7AH) | 123 (7BH) | 124 (7CH) | 125 (7DH) | CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 126 (7EH) | 128 (80H) | 130 (82H) | 132 (84H) | 134 (86H) | 136 (88H) | 138 (8AH) | 140 (8CH) | CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 127 (7FH) | 129 (81H) | 131 (83H) | 133 (85H) | 135 (87H) | 137 (89H) | 139 (8BH) | 141 (8DH) | CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 142 (8EH) | 143 (8FH) | 144 (90H) | 145 (91H) | 146 (92H) | 147 (93H) | 148 (94H) | 149 (95H) | CH□ Input signal error detection setting value | 50 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 150 (96H) | 151 (97H) | 152 (98H) | 153 (99H) | 154 (9AH) | 155 (9BH) | 156 (9CH) | 157 (9DH) | CH□ Conversion value shift amount | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 158, 159 | 9 (9EH, 9FI | H) | | | | | | Mode switching setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| | 71 (A0H to | | 1 | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 172 (ACH) | 173 (ADH) | 174 (AEH) | 175 (AFH) | 176 (B0H) | 177 (B1H) | 178 (B2H) | 179 (B3H) | CH□ Difference conversion trigger | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 180 (B4H) | 181 (B5H) | 182 (B6H) | 183 (B7H) | 184 (B8H) | 185 (B9H) | 186 (BAH) | 187 (BBH) | CH□ Difference conversion reference value | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 188, 189 | BCH, BD |)H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 190 (BEH) | 191 (BFH) | 192 (C0H) | 193 (C1H) | 194 (C2H) | 195 (C3H) | 196 (C4H) | 197 (C5H) | CH□ Difference conversion status flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | - |
| 198, 199 |) (C6H, C7 | H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

R60AD4 and R60ADI8: 0000H

R60ADV8: 5555H

^{*2} The following shows the default values.

■Offset/gain setting (for R60AD4) (Un\G200 to Un\G399)

| Address Decimal | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | | | | | |
| 200 (C8H) | | | | Save data type setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 201 (C9H) | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 202 (CAH) | 206 (CEH) | 210 (D2H) | 214 (D6H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 203 (CBH) | 207 (CFH) | 211 (D3H) | 215 (D7H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 204 (CCH) | 208 (D0H) | 212 (D4H) | 216 (D8H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 205 (CDH) | 209 (D1H) | 213 (D5H) | 217 (D9H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 218 (DAH) | 222 (DEH) | 226 (E2H) | 230 (E6H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 219 (DBH) | 223 (DFH) | 227 (E3H) | 231 (E7H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 220 (DCH) | 224 (E0H) | 228 (E4H) | 232 (E8H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 221 (DDH) | 225 (E1H) | 229 (E5H) | 233 (E9H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 234 to 399 (I | EAH to 18FH) | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Offset/gain setting (for R60ADV8 and R60ADI8) (Un\G200 to Un\G399)

| Addres | | | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 200 (C8 | H) | • | • | • | • | • | • | Save data type setting | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 201 (C9 | H) | | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 202 (CAH) | 206 (CEH) | 210 (D2H) | 214 (D6H) | 218 (DAH) | 222 (DEH) | 226 (E2H) | 230 (E6H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 203 (CBH) | 207 (CFH) | 211 (D3H) | 215 (D7H) | 219 (DBH) | 223 (DFH) | 227 (E3H) | 231 (E7H) | CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 204 (CCH) | 208 (D0H) | 212 (D4H) | 216 (D8H) | 220 (DCH) | 224 (E0H) | 228 (E4H) | 232 (E8H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 205 (CDH) | 209 (D1H) | 213 (D5H) | 217 (D9H) | 221 (DDH) | 225 (E1H) | 229 (E5H) | 233 (E9H) | CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 234 (EAH) | 238 (EEH) | 242 (F2H) | 246 (F6H) | 250 (FAH) | 254 (FEH) | 258 (102H) | 262 (106H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 235 (EBH) | 239 (EFH) | 243 (F3H) | 247 (F7H) | 251 (FBH) | 255 (FFH) | 259 (103H) | 263 (107H) | CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 236 (ECH) | 240 (F0H) | 244 (F4H) | 248 (F8H) | 252 (FCH) | 256 (100H) | 260 (104H) | 264 (108H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 237 (EDH) | 241 (F1H) | 245 (F5H) | 249 (F9H) | 253 (FDH) | 257 (101H) | 261 (105H) | 265 (109H) | CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 0 | Setting | × | _ |
| 266 to 3 | 99 (10AH t | o 18FH) | • | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

■Un\G400 to Un\G4999

| Addres: Decima | | | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 | - | | | | |
| 400, 401 | (190H, 19 | 1H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 402 (192 | H) | | | 403 (193 | H) | | | Range setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 404 to 99 | 9 (194H to | 3E7H) | | 1 | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1000 (3E8H) | 1001 (3E9H) | 1002 (3EAH) | 1003 (3EBH) | 1004 (3ECH) | 1005 (3EDH) | 1006 (3EEH) | 1007 (3EFH) | CH□ Logging enable/ disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1008 (3F0H) | 1009 (3F1H) | 1010 (3F2H) | 1011 (3F3H) | 1012 (3F4H) | 1013 (3F5H) | 1014 (3F6H) | 1015 (3F7H) | CH□ Logging hold request | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 1016 (3F8H) | 1017 (3F9H) | 1018 (3FAH) | 1019 (3FBH) | 1020 (3FCH) | 1021 (3FDH) | 1022 (3FEH) | 1023 (3FFH) | CH□ Logging hold flag | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 1024 (400H) | 1025 (401H) | 1026 (402H) | 1027 (403H) | 1028 (404H) | 1029 (405H) | 1030 (406H) | 1031 (407H) | CH□ Logging data setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1032 (408H) | 1033 (409H) | 1034 (40AH) | 1035 (40BH) | 1036 (40CH) | 1037 (40DH) | 1038 (40EH) | 1039 (40FH) | CH□ Logging cycle setting value | 4 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1040 (410H) | 1041 (411H) | 1042 (412H) | 1043 (413H) | 1044 (414H) | 1045 (415H) | 1046 (416H) | 1047 (417H) | CH□ Logging cycle unit setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1048 (418H) | 1049 (419H) | 1050 (41AH) | 1051 (41BH) | 1052 (41CH) | 1053 (41DH) | 1054 (41EH) | 1055 (41FH) | CH□ Post-trigger logging points | 5000 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1056 (420H) | 1057 (421H) | 1058 (422H) | 1059 (423H) | 1060 (424H) | 1061 (425H) | 1062 (426H) | 1063 (427H) | CH□ Level trigger condition setting | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1064 (428H) | 1065 (429H) | 1066 (42AH) | 1067 (42BH) | 1068 (42CH) | 1069 (42DH) | 1070 (42EH) | 1071 (42FH) | CH□ Trigger data | *2 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1072 to 1 | 081 (430H | l to 439H) | | | | | | Level data 0 to 9 | 0 | Control | 0 | _ |
| 1082 (43AH) | 1083 (43BH) | 1084 (43CH) | 1085 (43DH) | 1086 (43EH) | 1087 (43FH) | 1088 (440H) | 1089 (441H) | CH□ Trigger setting value | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1090 (442H) | 1091 (443H) | 1092 (444H) | 1093 (445H) | 1094 (446H) | 1095 (447H) | 1096 (448H) | 1097 (449H) | CH□ Head pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1098 (44AH) | 1099 (44BH) | 1100 (44CH) | 1101 (44DH) | 1102 (44EH) | 1103 (44FH) | 1104 (450H) | 1105 (451H) | CH□ Latest pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1106 (452H) | 1107 (453H) | 1108 (454H) | 1109 (455H) | 1110 (456H) | 1111 (457H) | 1112 (458H) | 1113 (459H) | CH□ Number of logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1114 (45AH) | 1115 (45BH) | 1116 (45CH) | 1117 (45DH) | 1118 (45EH) | 1119 (45FH) | 1120 (460H) | 1121 (461H) | CH□ Trigger pointer | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1122 (462H) | 1125 (465H) | 1128 (468H) | 1131 (46BH) | 1134 (46EH) | 1137 (471H) | 1140 (474H) | 1143 (477H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (s) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1123 (463H) | 1126 (466H) | 1129 (469H) | 1132 (46CH) | 1135 (46FH) | 1138 (472H) | 1141 (475H) | 1144 (478H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (ms) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1124 (464H) | 1127 (467H) | 1130 (46AH) | 1133 (46DH) | 1136 (470H) | 1139 (473H) | 1142 (476H) | 1145 (479H) | CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (μs) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1146 to 1 | 153 (47AF | l to 481H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1154 (482H) | 1158 (486H) | 1162 (48AH) | 1166 (48EH) | 1170 (492H) | 1174 (496H) | 1178 (49AH) | 1182 (49EH) | CH□ Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1155 (483H) | 1159 (487H) | 1163 (48BH) | 1167 (48FH) | 1171 (493H) | 1175 (497H) | 1179 (49BH) | 1183 (49FH) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Month/Day) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1156 (484H) | 1160 (488H) | 1164 (48CH) | 1168 (490H) | 1172 (494H) | 1176 (498H) | 1180 (49CH) | 1184 (4A0H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1157 (485H) | 1161 (489H) | 1165 (48DH) | 1169 (491H) | 1173 (495H) | 1177 (499H) | 1181 (49DH) | 1185 (4A1H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1186 (4A2H) | 1187 (4A3H) | 1188 (4A4H) | 1189 (4A5H) | 1190 (4A6H) | 1191 (4A7H) | 1192 (4A8H) | 1193 (4A9H) | CH□ Trigger generation time (Millisecond) | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1194 to 1 | 199 (4AAH | to 4AFH) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1200 (4B0H) | 1201 (4B1H) | 1202 (4B2H) | 1203 (4B3H) | 1204 (4B4H) | 1205 (4B5H) | 1206 (4B6H) | 1207 (4B7H) | CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting | 1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1208 (4B8H) | 1209 (4B9H) | 1210 (4BAH) | 1211 (4BBH) | 1212 (4BCH) | 1213 (4BDH) | 1214 (4BEH) | 1215 (4BFH) | CH□ Logging read points setting value | 1000 | Setting | × | 0 |

| Addres Decima | | | | | | | | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9*1 |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 | | | | | |
| 1216 (4C0H) | 1217 (4C1H) | 1218 (4C2H) | 1219 (4C3H) | 1220 (4C4H) | 1221 (4C5H) | 1222 (4C6H) | 1223 (4C7H) | CH□ Current logging read pointer | -1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1224 (4C8H) | 1225 (4C9H) | 1226 (4CAH) | 1227 (4CBH) | 1228 (4CCH) | 1229 (4CDH) | 1230 (4CEH) | 1231 (4CFH) | CH□ Previous logging read pointer | -1 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 1232 (4D0H) | 1233 (4D1H) | 1234 (4D2H) | 1235 (4D3H) | 1236 (4D4H) | 1237 (4D5H) | 1238 (4D6H) | 1239 (4D7H) | CH□ Logging read points monitor value | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1240 to 1 | 40 to 1799 (4D8H to 707H) | | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1800 (70 | 8H) | | | | | | | Latest address of error history | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 1801 to 1 | 1809 (709H | I to 711H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | × | _ |
| 1810 to 1 | 969 (712H | I to 7B1H) | | | | | | Error history 1 to 16 | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 1970 to 1 | 1999 (7B2F | to 7CFH) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2000 (7D0H) | 2002 (7D2H) | 2004 (7D4H) | 2006 (7D6H) | 2008 (7D8H) | 2010 (7DAH) | 2012 (7DCH) | 2014 (7DEH) | CH□ Synchronization latch digital operation value | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 2015 to 2 | 2099 (7DFF | H to 833H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 2100 (83 | 4H) | | | | | | | Synchronization status monitor | 0 | Monitor | 0 | |
| 2101 to 3 | 3749 (835H | I to EA5H) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3750 (EA | (6H) | | | | | | | Latest alarm code | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 3751 (EA | (7H) | | | | | | | Latest address of alarm history | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 3752 to 3 | 3759 (EA8H | to EAFH) |) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 3760 to 3 | 3919 (EB0H | to F4FH) | | | | | | Alarm history 1 to 16 | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 3920 to 3 | 3999 (F50H | I to F9FH) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4000 to 4 | 1015 (FA0F | I to FAFH) | | | | | | Interrupt factor detection flag [n]*3 | 0 | Monitor | 0 | _ |
| 4016 to 4 | 1031 (FB0H | to FBFH) | ı | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4032 to 4 | 1047 (FC0H | to FCFH) |) | | | | | Interrupt factor mask [n]*3 | 0 | Control | × | _ |
| 4048 to 4 | 1063 (FD0H | to FDFH) |) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4064 to 4 | 1079 (FE0H | l to FEFH) | ı | | | | | Interrupt factor reset request [n]*3 | 0 | Control | × | _ |
| 4080 to 4 | 1095 (FF0H | I to FFFH) | | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4096 to 4 | 1111 (1000) | H to 100FH | H) | | | | | Interrupt factor generation setting [n]*3 | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 4112 to 4 | 127 (1010 | H to 101Fh | H) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4128 to 4 | 143 (1020 | H to 102FI | ⊣) | | | | | Condition target setting [n] ^{*3} | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 4144 to 4 | 159 (1030 | H to 103Fl | H) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 4160 to 4 | 175 (1040 | H to 104FI | ⊣) | | | | | Condition target channel setting [n]*3 | 0 | Setting | × | 0 |
| 4176 to 4 | 1999 (1050 | H to 1387F | H) | | | | | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

^{*2} The following shows the default values.

CH1: 54, CH2: 55, CH3: 56, CH4: 57, CH5: 58, CH6: 59, CH7: 60, CH8: 61

^{*3} [n] in the table indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Logging data (Un\G5000 to Un\G84999)

| Address Decimal | Name | Default value | Data type | Auto refresh | Enabled by Y9 ^{*1} |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| 5000 to 14999 (1388H to 3A97H) | CH1 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 15000 to 24999 (3A98H to 61A7H) | CH2 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 25000 to 34999 (61A8H to 88B7H) | CH3 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 35000 to 44999 (88B8H to AFC7H) | CH4 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 45000 to 54999 (AFC8H to D6D7H) | CH5 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 55000 to 64999 (D6D8H to FDE7H) | CH6 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 65000 to 74999 (FDE8H to 124F7H) | CH7 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |
| 75000 to 84999 (124F8H to 14C07H) | CH8 Logging data | 0 | Monitor | × | _ |

^{*1} Item enabled by turning on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9)

Details of buffer memory addresses

The following describes the details of the buffer memory addresses of the A/D converter module.



This section describes buffer memory addresses for CH1.

Latest error code

The latest error code detected in the A/D converter module is stored. For details, refer to the following.

Page 90 List of Error Codes

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Latest error code | 0 | | | | | | | |
| Latest error code (in Q compatible mode) | 19 | | | | | | | |

■Clearing an error

Turn on and off 'Error clear request' (YF).

Latest address of error history

Among Error history □ (Un\G3600 to Un\G3759), a buffer memory address which stores the latest error code is stored.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Latest address of error history | 1 | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| Latest address of error history (in Q compatible mode) | 1800 | | | | | | | |

Latest alarm code

The latest alarm code detected in the A/D converter module is stored. For details, refer to the following.

Page 94 List of Alarm Codes

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Latest alarm code | 2 | | | | | | | |
| Latest alarm code (in Q compatible mode) | 3750 | | | | | | | |

■Clearing an alarm

Turn on and off Error clear request (YF).

Latest address of alarm history

 $Among \ Alarm \ history \ \square \ (Un\backslash G3760 \ to \ Un\backslash G3999), \ a \ buffer \ memory \ address \ which \ stores \ the \ latest \ alarm \ code \ is \ stored.$

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|--|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Latest address of alarm history | 3 | | | | | | | |
| Latest address of alarm history (in Q compatible mode) | 3751 | | | | | | | |

Interrupt factor detection flag [n]

The detection status of the interrupt factor is stored.

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|---------------------|
| 0 | No interrupt factor |
| 1 | Interrupt factor |

When an interrupt factor occurs, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module at the same time as 'Interrupt factor detection flag [n]' (Un\G4 to Un\G19) is turned to Interrupt factor (1).

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

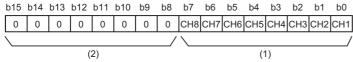
■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Interrupt factor detection flag [n] | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| Interrupt factor detection flag [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4000 | 4001 | 4002 | 4003 | 4004 | 4005 | 4006 | 4007 | 4008 | 4009 | 4010 | 4011 | 4012 | 4013 | 4014 | 4015 |

Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)

The upper limit alarm of the process alarm can be checked for each channel.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit) | 36 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

- When the value is out of the range specified in the process alarm upper upper limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Process alarm upper limit)' (Un\G36) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Process alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- · When the digital operation value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)

The lower limit alarm of the process alarm can be checked for each channel.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit) | 37 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

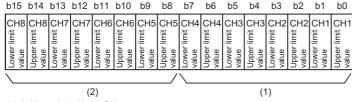
- When the value is out of the range specified in the process alarm lower lower limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Process alarm lower limit)' (Un\G37) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Process alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- · When the digital operation value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- · When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Alert output flag (Process alarm) [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, the upper/lower limit alarm of the process alarm can be checked.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON

(2) b8 to b15 of the R60AD4 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Process alarm) (in Q compatible mode) | 50 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

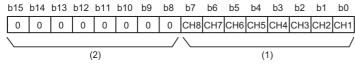
- When the value is out of the range specified in the process alarm upper upper limit value or process alarm lower lower limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in Alert output flag (Process alarm) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Process alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- · When the digital operation value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)

The upper limit alarm of the rate alarm can be checked for each channel.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0 $\,$

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit) | 38 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

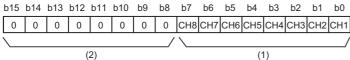
- When the value is out of the range specified in the rate alarm upper limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm upper limit)' (Un\G38) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Rate alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- · When the change rate of the digital output value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)

The lower limit alarm of the rate alarm can be checked for each channel.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit) | 39 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

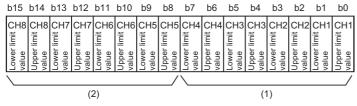
- When the value is out of the range specified in the rate alarm lower limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in 'Alert output flag (Rate alarm lower limit)' (Un\G39) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Rate alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- When the change rate of the digital output value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- · When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Alert output flag (Rate alarm) [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, the upper/lower limit alarm of the rate alarm can be checked.



- (1) 0: Normal, 1: Alarm ON
- (2) b8 to b15 of the R60AD4 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output flag (Rate alarm) (in Q compatible mode) | 51 | | | | | | | |

■Alert output flag status

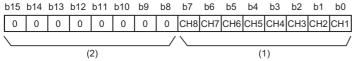
- When the value is out of the range specified in the rate alarm upper limit value or rate alarm lower limit value, Alarm ON (1) is stored in Alert output flag (Rate alarm) corresponding to each channel.
- When an alert is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the alert output setting (Process alarm) are enabled, 'Alert output signal' (X8) also turns on.

■Cleaning Alert output flag

- · When the change rate of the digital output value returns within the setting range, the flag is automatically cleared.
- · When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the flag is cleared.

Input signal error detection flag

The status of an input signal can be checked for each channel.



- (1) 0: Normal, 1: Input signal error
- (2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Input signal error detection flag | 40 | | | | | | | |
| Input signal error detection flag (in Q compatible mode) | 49 | | | | | | | |

■Input signal error detection flag status

- When an analog input value out of the setting range for 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting value' (Un\G528) is detected, Input signal error (1) is stored in 'Input signal error detection flag' (Un\G40) corresponding to each channel.
- When an error is detected in any channel where the A/D conversion and the input signal error detection are enabled, 'Input signal error detection signal' (XC) turns on.

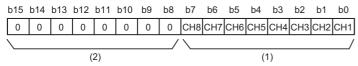
■Clearing Input signal error detection flag

Input signal error detection flag is turned off by turning on and off 'Error clear request' (YF) after the analog input value returns within the setting range.

When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, Input signal error detection flag is cleared.

A/D conversion completed flag

The A/D conversion status can be checked.



(1) 0: Normal, 1: A/D conversion completed

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| A/D conversion completed flag | 42 | | | | | | | |
| A/D conversion completed flag (in Q compatible mode) | 10 | | | | | | | |

■A/D conversion completed flag status

When the first A/D conversion is completed in the channel where the A/D conversion is enabled, the flag turns to A/D conversion completed (1). 'A/D conversion completed flag' (XE) turns on when the conversion of all the channels where the A/D conversion is enabled is completed.

■Cleaning A/D conversion completed flag

Turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) turns the flag back to the default (During A/D conversion or unused (0)), and when the first A/D conversion has completed, the flag turns to A/D conversion completed (1) again.

Level data 0 to 9

This area stores data to be monitored when a level trigger of the logging function is used. Ten types of data are available: 'Level data 0' (Un\G90) to 'Level data 9' (Un\G99). Use the area to generate triggers while monitoring the values of devices other than the A/D converter module.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Level data□ | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 |
| Level data□ (in Q | 1072 | 1073 | 1074 | 1075 | 1076 | 1077 | 1078 | 1079 | 1080 | 1081 |
| compatible mode) | | | | | | | | | | |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

Interrupt factor mask [n]

Set Interrupt factor mask to be used.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | Mask (Interrupt unused) |
| 1 | Mask clear (Interrupt used) |

When 'Interrupt factor mask [n]' (Un\G124 to Un\G139) is changed to Mask clear (Interrupt used) (1) and an interrupt factor occurs, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module. When the set value is two or larger, the setting is regarded as Mask clear (Interrupt used) (1).

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Interrupt factor mask [n] | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 138 | 139 |
| Interrupt factor mask [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4032 | 4033 | 4034 | 4035 | 4036 | 4037 | 4038 | 4039 | 4040 | 4041 | 4042 | 4043 | 4044 | 4045 | 4046 | 4047 |

■Default value

The default value is set to Mask (Interrupt unused) (0) for all channels.

Interrupt factor reset request [n]

An interrupt factor reset request is sent.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|------------------|
| 0 | No reset request |
| 1 | Reset request |

When Reset request (1) is set to 'Interrupt factor reset request [n]' (Un\G156 to Un\G171) corresponding to the interrupt factor, the interrupt factor corresponding to the specified interrupt is reset. After that, 'Interrupt factor reset request [n]' (Un\G156 to Un\G171) turns to No reset request (0). When the set value is two or larger, the setting is regarded as Reset request (1). Interrupt factors can be reset by turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9).

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Interrupt factor reset request [n] | 156 | 157 | 158 | 159 | 160 | 161 | 162 | 163 | 164 | 165 | 166 | 167 | 168 | 169 | 170 | 171 |
| Interrupt factor reset request [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4064 | 4065 | 4066 | 4067 | 4068 | 4069 | 4070 | 4071 | 4072 | 4073 | 4074 | 4075 | 4076 | 4077 | 4078 | 4079 |

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

Interrupt factor generation setting [n]

Set an interrupt request for when the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | Interrupt resend request |
| 1 | No interrupt resend request |

- When 'Interrupt factor generation setting [n]' (Un\G200 to Un\G215) is Interrupt resend request (0) and the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module again.
- When 'Interrupt factor generation setting [n]' (Un\G200 to Un\G215) is No interrupt resend request (1) and the same interrupt factor occurs during the interrupt factor detection, an interrupt request is not sent to the CPU module.

If a value other than the above is set, an interrupt factor generation setting error (error code: $180 \triangle H$) occurs.

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Interrupt factor generation setting [n] | 200 | 201 | 202 | 203 | 204 | 205 | 206 | 207 | 208 | 209 | 210 | 211 | 212 | 213 | 214 | 215 |
| Interrupt factor generation setting [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4096 | 4097 | 4098 | 4099 | 4100 | 4101 | 4102 | 4103 | 4104 | 4105 | 4106 | 4107 | 4108 | 4109 | 4110 | 4111 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off Operating condition setting request (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

Condition target setting [n]

Set an interrupt factor to be detected.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | Disable |
| 1 | Error flag (XF) |
| 2 | Alert output flag (Process alarm) |
| 3 | Alert output flag (Rate alarm) |
| 4 | Input signal error detection flag |
| 5 | A/D conversion completed |
| 6 | Logging hold flag |
| 7 | Logging read |

If a value other than the above is set, a condition target setting range error (error code: $181\triangle H$) occurs.

When an input signal (X) or a buffer memory area set to 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247) turns off and on, an interrupt request is sent to the CPU module.

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Condition target setting [n] | 232 | 233 | 234 | 235 | 236 | 237 | 238 | 239 | 240 | 241 | 242 | 243 | 244 | 245 | 246 | 247 |
| Condition target setting [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4128 | 4129 | 4130 | 4131 | 4132 | 4133 | 4134 | 4135 | 4136 | 4137 | 4138 | 4139 | 4140 | 4141 | 4142 | 4143 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

Condition target channel setting [n]

Set a channel where an interrupt is detected.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | All channels |
| 1 | CH1 |
| 2 | CH2 |
| 3 | CH3 |
| 4 | CH4 |
| 5 | CH5 |
| 6 | CH6 |
| 7 | CH7 |
| 8 | CH8 |

When a factor for the channel specification is set to 'Condition target setting [n]' (Un\G232 to Un\G247), an interrupt factor in the channel set by this area is monitored. When a factor of the input signal (X) is set, the setting in this area is ignored. If a value other than the above is set, a condition target setting range error (error code: $182\triangle H$) occurs.

"n" indicates an interrupt setting number. (n = 1 to 16)

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Condition target channel setting [n] | 264 | 265 | 266 | 267 | 268 | 269 | 270 | 271 | 272 | 273 | 274 | 275 | 276 | 277 | 278 | 279 |
| Condition target channel setting [n] (in Q compatible mode) | 4160 | 4161 | 4162 | 4163 | 4164 | 4165 | 4166 | 4167 | 4168 | 4169 | 4170 | 4171 | 4172 | 4173 | 4174 | 4175 |

■Setting range

For R60AD4, the setting range is from 0 to 4.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

Mode switching setting

Set a setting value for the mode to be switched.

| Switching mode | Setting value | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Buffer memory address | 296 | 297 | | | | | | | |
| Normal mode | 5260H | 4144H | | | | | | | |
| Offset/gain setting mode | 4144H | 5260H | | | | | | | |

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Mode switching setting | 296, 297 | | | | | | | |
| Mode switching setting (in Q compatible mode) | 158, 159 | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■After the mode is switched

When the mode is switched, this area is cleared to 0 and 'Operating condition setting completed flag' (X9) turns off.

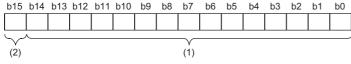
After checking that 'Operating condition setting completed flag' (X9) is off, turn off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9).



When a value out of the above is written and 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the mode setting is not performed and only the operating condition is changed.

CH1 Digital output value

The A/D-converted digital output value is stored in 16-bit signed binary value.



- (1) Data section
- (2) Sign bit 0: Positive, 1: Negative

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Digital output value | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1400 | 1600 | 1800 |
| CH□ Digital output value (in Q compatible mode) | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |

■Refreshing cycle

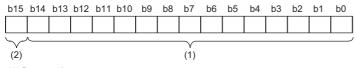
If averaging processing is performed, values are updated at every averaging process cycle, but if not performed, values are updated at every sampling cycle.



The initial value of 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400) is 0. However, since 'CH1 A/D conversion enable/ disable setting' (Un\G500) is A/D conversion enable (0), a digital output value is stored right after the module startup.

CH1 Digital operation value

A digital operation value obtained by the scaling function, shift function, digital clipping function, or difference conversion function is stored in 16-bit signed binary value.



(1) Data section

(2) Sign bit 0: Positive, 1: Negative

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Digital operation value | 402 | 602 | 802 | 1002 | 1202 | 1402 | 1602 | 1802 |
| CH□ Digital operation value (in Q compatible mode) | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 |



When the scaling function, shift function, digital clipping function, or difference conversion function is not used, a value which is the same as the one in 'CH1 Digital output value' (Un\G400) is stored.

CH1 Maximum value

The maximum value of the digital operation value is stored in 16-bit signed binary value.

In the following cases, 'CH1 Maximum value' (Un\G404) is updated with the current value.

- · When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off and the setting is changed
- · When 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) is turned on and off

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Maximum value | 404 | 604 | 804 | 1004 | 1204 | 1404 | 1604 | 1804 |
| CH□ Maximum value (in Q compatible mode) | 30 | 32 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 44 |

CH1 Minimum value

The minimum value of the digital operation value is stored in 16-bit signed binary value.

In the following cases, 'CH1 Minimum value' (Un\G406) is updated with the current value.

- · When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off and the setting is changed
- When 'Maximum value/minimum value reset request' (YD) is turned on and off

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Minimum value | 406 | 606 | 806 | 1006 | 1206 | 1406 | 1606 | 1806 |
| CH□ Minimum value (in Q compatible mode) | 31 | 33 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 41 | 43 | 45 |



- For the channel to which the averaging processing is specified, the maximum and minimum values are stored at every averaging processing time.
- When the scaling function, shift function, digital clipping function, or difference conversion function is used, values calculated by each function are stored in Maximum value and Minimum value.

CH1 Difference conversion status flag

The difference conversion status can be checked.

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| 0 | Not converted |
| 1 | Converting difference |

When the difference conversion starts after 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) is changed from No request (0) to Trigger request (1), 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) corresponding to the channel turns to Converting difference (1).

When 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) is changed from Trigger request (1) to No request (0), 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) is changed from Converting difference (1) to Not converted (0).

'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) is Converting difference (1) during the difference conversion; Not converted (0) if not during the difference conversion.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Difference conversion status flag | 408 | 608 | 808 | 1008 | 1208 | 1408 | 1608 | 1808 |
| CH□ Difference conversion status flag (in Q compatible mode) | 190 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 |

CH1 Logging hold flag

The logging holding status can be checked.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|-------------|
| 0 | OFF |
| 1 | ON |

When a state that data is collected in 'CH1 Logging data' (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) changes to the stop state, 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) is turned to ON (1).

When logging restarts by changing 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) from ON (1) to OFF (0), 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409) is turned to OFF (0).

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging hold flag | 409 | 609 | 809 | 1009 | 1209 | 1409 | 1609 | 1809 |
| CH□ Logging hold flag (in Q compatible mode) | 1016 | 1017 | 1018 | 1019 | 1020 | 1021 | 1022 | 1023 |

CH1 Range setting monitor

The input range value set to the input range setting or 'CH1 Range setting' (Un\G598) can be checked.

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| 0H | 4 to 20mA |
| 1H | 0 to 20mA |
| 2H | 1 to 5V |
| 3H | 0 to 5V |
| 4H | -10 to 10V |
| 5H | 0 to 10V |
| AH | 4 to 20mA (extended mode) |
| ВН | 1 to 5V (extended mode) |
| FH | User range setting |

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Range setting monitor | 430 | 630 | 830 | 1030 | 1230 | 1430 | 1630 | 1830 |

Range setting monitor [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, the input range value set in the input range setting can be checked.

| | b15 | | b12 b | 11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
|---|-----|-----|-------|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| CH□ Setting range monitor (Un\G20 (setting range: CH1 to CH4) | 0) | CH4 | | | СНЗ | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | b15 | | b12 b | 11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
| CH□ Setting range monitor (Un\G21 (setting range: CH5 to CH8) | 1) | CH8 | | | CH7 | | | CH6 | | | CH5 | |
| , | | | | | | | | | | | | / |
| | | | | | | (1 |) | | | | | |

(1) The buffer memory address 21 of R60AD4 is fixed to 0.

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| 0H | 4 to 20mA |
| 1H | 0 to 20mA |
| 2H | 1 to 5V |
| 3H | 0 to 5V |
| 4H | -10 to 10V |
| 5H | 0 to 10V |
| AH | 4 to 20mA (extended mode) |
| ВН | 1 to 5V (extended mode) |
| FH | User range setting |

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CH□ Range setting monitor | 20 | | | | 21 | • | • | |

CH1 Difference conversion reference value

This area stores 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402) at the start of the difference conversion as the difference conversion reference value.

The difference conversion reference value is updated when 'CH1 Difference conversion trigger' (Un\G470) is turned from No request (0) to Trigger request (1).

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Difference conversion reference value | 432 | 632 | 832 | 1032 | 1232 | 1432 | 1632 | 1832 |
| CH□ Difference conversion reference value (in Q compatible mode) | 180 | 181 | 182 | 183 | 184 | 185 | 186 | 187 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.



Even if 'CH1 Difference conversion status flag' (Un\G408) is turned from Converting difference (1) to Not converted (0), 'CH1 Difference conversion reference value' (Un\G432) is not cleared.

CH1 Head pointer

The buffer memory address of the oldest data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with this buffer memory area.

The offset value counted from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored.

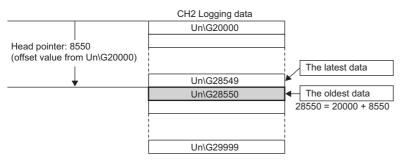
■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Head pointer | 434 | 634 | 834 | 1034 | 1234 | 1434 | 1634 | 1834 |
| CH□ Head pointer (in Q compatible mode) | 1090 | 1091 | 1092 | 1093 | 1094 | 1095 | 1096 | 1097 |



When the value of 'CH2 Head pointer' (Un\G634) is 8550



■Default value



- The value in 'CH1 Head pointer' (Un\G434) is fixed to 0 since the oldest data is stored in the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) while the data of the first 10000 points is being logged from beginning of the logging. On and after the 10001st data, 'CH1 Head pointer' (Un\G434) increases one by one each time data is stored.
- When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off, 'CH1 Head pointer' (Un\G434) is cleared to 0.

CH1 Latest pointer

The buffer memory address of the latest data in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with this buffer memory area.

The offset value counted from the start address of CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored.

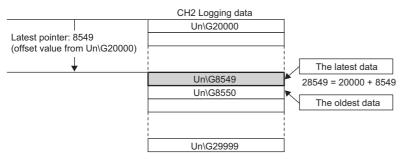
■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Latest pointer | 435 | 635 | 835 | 1035 | 1235 | 1435 | 1635 | 1835 |
| CH□ Latest pointer (in Q compatible mode) | 1098 | 1099 | 1100 | 1101 | 1102 | 1103 | 1104 | 1105 |



When the value of CH2 Latest pointer (Un\G635) is 8549



■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.



- 'CH1 Latest pointer' (Un\G435) increases one by one each time data is stored from beginning of the logging.
- When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off, 'CH1 Latest pointer' (Un\G435) is cleared to 0.

CH1 Number of logging data

The number of data stored in the logging data storage area can be checked during the logging.

'CH1 Number of logging data' (Un\G436) increases one by one each time data is stored from beginning of the logging.

When the value in the logging data storage area reaches 10000, 'CH1 Number of logging data' (Un\G436) is fixed to 10000 since the value is overwritten from the head again.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Number of logging data | 436 | 636 | 836 | 1036 | 1236 | 1436 | 1636 | 1836 |
| CH□ Number of logging data (in Q compatible mode) | 1106 | 1107 | 1108 | 1109 | 1110 | 1111 | 1112 | 1113 |



When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off, 'CH1 Number of logging data' (Un\G436) is cleared to 0.

CH1 Trigger pointer

The buffer memory address of the data of when a hold trigger is executed in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) can be checked with this buffer memory area.

The difference between the address of buffer memory which stores the data of when a hold trigger is executed and the start address in CH1 Logging data (Un\G10000 to Un\G19999) is stored.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Trigger pointer | 437 | 637 | 837 | 1037 | 1237 | 1437 | 1637 | 1837 |
| CH□ Trigger pointer (in Q compatible mode) | 1114 | 1115 | 1116 | 1117 | 1118 | 1119 | 1120 | 1121 |

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.



When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off, 'CH1 Trigger pointer' (Un\G437) is cleared to 0.

CH1 Current logging read pointer

Each time an amount equivalent to the logging read points monitor value is logged, a value calculated by the following formula is stored.

CH1 Current logging read pointer = CH1 Latest pointer - CH1 Logging read points monitor value + 1

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Current logging read pointer | 438 | 638 | 838 | 1038 | 1238 | 1438 | 1638 | 1838 |
| CH□ Current logging read pointer (in Q compatible mode) | 1216 | 1217 | 1218 | 1219 | 1220 | 1221 | 1222 | 1223 |

■Default value

The default value is -1 for all channels.

CH1 Previous logging read pointer

A before-update current logging read pointer is stored just before an interrupt to the CPU module causes the update. For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Previous logging read pointer | 439 | 639 | 839 | 1039 | 1239 | 1439 | 1639 | 1839 |
| CH□ Previous logging read pointer (in Q compatible mode) | 1224 | 1225 | 1226 | 1227 | 1228 | 1229 | 1230 | 1231 |

■Default value

CH1 Logging read points monitor value

The number of the actual logging read points is stored.

When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, a value is not stored in the channel where the logging read function is disabled.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging read points monitor value | 440 | 640 | 840 | 1040 | 1240 | 1440 | 1640 | 1840 |
| CH□ Logging read points monitor value (in Q compatible mode) | 1232 | 1233 | 1234 | 1235 | 1236 | 1237 | 1238 | 1239 |

CH1 Logging cycle monitor value

This area stores the actual logging cycle which is calculated from the refreshing cycle of data to be logged.

When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned on and off, the actual logging cycle is stored in Logging cycle monitor value in the corresponding channel where the logging function is enabled.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

The following values are stored in 'CH1 Logging cycle monitor value' (Un\G441 to Un\G443).

| | b15 te | b0 |
|--|--------|------|
| 'CH1 Logging cycle monitor value (s)' (Un\G441) | 5 | S |
| 'CH1 Logging cycle monitor value (ms)' (Un\G442) | m | ns . |
| 'CH1 Logging cycle monitor value (us)' (Un\G443) | μ | s |

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (s) | 441 | 641 | 841 | 1041 | 1241 | 1441 | 1641 | 1841 |
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (ms) | 442 | 642 | 842 | 1042 | 1242 | 1442 | 1642 | 1842 |
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (μs) | 443 | 643 | 843 | 1043 | 1243 | 1443 | 1643 | 1843 |
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (s) (in Q compatible mode) | 1122 | 1125 | 1128 | 1131 | 1134 | 1137 | 1140 | 1143 |
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (ms) (in Q compatible mode) | 1123 | 1126 | 1129 | 1132 | 1135 | 1138 | 1141 | 1144 |
| CH□ Logging cycle monitor value (μs) (in Q compatible mode) | 1124 | 1127 | 1130 | 1133 | 1136 | 1139 | 1142 | 1145 |

CH1 Trigger generation time

The time when a trigger is generated is recorded.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

'CH1 Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year)' (Un\G444)

'CH1 Trigger generation time (Month/Day)' (Un\G445)

'CH1 Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute)' (Un\G446)

'CH1 Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week)' (Un\G447)

'CH1 Trigger generation time (Millisecond)' (Un\G448)

| b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------|----|----|---------------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| | First two digits of the year | | | Last two digits of the year | | | | |
| | Month | | | Day | | | | |
| | Hour | | | Minute | | | | |
| | Second | | | Day of the week | | | | |
| | Millisecond (higher-order digits) | | | Millisecond (lower-order digits | s) | | | |

| Item | Storage contents | Storage example*1 |
|--|---|-------------------|
| First two digits of the year/Last two digits of the year | Stored in BCD code. | 2014H |
| Month/Day | | 630H |
| Hour/Minute | | 1234H |
| Second | | 56H |
| Day of the week | One of the following values is stored in BCD code. Sunday: 0, Monday: 1, Tuesday: 2, Wednesday: 3 Thursday: 4, Friday: 5, Saturday: 6 | 1H |
| Millisecond (upper) | Stored in BCD code. | 7H |
| Millisecond (lower) | | 89H |

^{*1} Values stored when an error occurs at 12:34:56.789 on Monday, June 30th, 2014.

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year) | 444 | 644 | 844 | 1044 | 1244 | 1444 | 1644 | 1844 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Month/Day) | 445 | 645 | 845 | 1045 | 1245 | 1445 | 1645 | 1845 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute) | 446 | 646 | 846 | 1046 | 1246 | 1446 | 1646 | 1846 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week) | 447 | 647 | 847 | 1047 | 1247 | 1447 | 1647 | 1847 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Millisecond) | 448 | 648 | 848 | 1048 | 1248 | 1448 | 1648 | 1848 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (First/Last two digits of the year) (in Q compatible mode) | 1154 | 1158 | 1162 | 1166 | 1170 | 1174 | 1178 | 1182 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Month/Day) (in Q compatible mode) | 1155 | 1159 | 1163 | 1167 | 1171 | 1175 | 1179 | 1183 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Hour/Minute) (in Q compatible mode) | 1156 | 1160 | 1164 | 1168 | 1172 | 1176 | 1180 | 1184 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Second/Day of the week) (in Q compatible mode) | 1157 | 1161 | 1165 | 1169 | 1173 | 1177 | 1181 | 1185 |
| CH□ Trigger generation time (Millisecond) (in Q compatible mode) | 1186 | 1187 | 1188 | 1189 | 1190 | 1191 | 1192 | 1193 |



- Time units shorter than one millisecond are not recorded.
- When 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off, 'CH1 Trigger generation time' (Un\G444 to Un\G448) is cleared to 0.

CH1 Difference conversion trigger

Use this buffer memory area as a trigger to start or stop the difference conversion.

For details on the difference conversion function, refer to the following.

Page 27 Difference Conversion Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | No request |
| 1 | Trigger request |

If a value other than the above is set, a difference conversion trigger setting range error (error code: 1A7□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Difference conversion trigger | 470 | 670 | 870 | 1070 | 1270 | 1470 | 1670 | 1870 |
| CH□ Difference conversion trigger (in Q compatible mode) | 172 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 176 | 177 | 178 | 179 |

■Starting and stopping the difference conversion

- When the setting value is turned from No request (0) to Trigger request (1), the difference conversion starts.
- · When the setting value is turned from Trigger request (1) to No request (0), the difference conversion stops.

■Default value

The default value is No request (0) for all channels.

CH1 Logging hold request

Use this buffer memory area as a trigger to hold (stop) logging at any timing during the logging.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Logging hold request | Setting value |
|----------------------|---------------|
| OFF | 0 |
| ON | 1 |

If a value other than the above is set, a logging hold request range error (error code: 1D7□H) occurs.

When 'CH1 Logging enable/disable setting' (Un\G535) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is ignored.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging hold request | 471 | 671 | 871 | 1071 | 1271 | 1471 | 1671 | 1871 |
| CH□ Logging hold request (in Q compatible mode) | 1008 | 1009 | 1010 | 1011 | 1012 | 1013 | 1014 | 1015 |

■Operation of the logging hold processing

- When Disable (0) is set to 'CH1 Level trigger condition setting' (Un\G540), the logging hold processing starts by turning off and on 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471).
- When a value other than Disable (0) is set to 'CH1 Hold trigger condition setting' (Un\G540), the logging hold processing starts after 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned off and on and the set trigger condition is satisfied. When the level trigger is enabled, use this buffer memory area as an interlock condition to operate the level trigger.
- If 'CH1 Logging hold request' (Un\G471) is turned on and off during the logging hold processing, the hold (stop) status is cleared and the logging restarts.

■Default value

The default value is OFF (0) for all channels.



The stop status of the logging can be checked with 'CH1 Logging hold flag' (Un\G409).

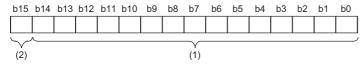
CH1 Conversion value shift amount

Set 'CH1 Conversion value shift amount' (Un\G472) used for the shift function.

The digital operation value to which the conversion value shift amount is applied is stored in 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402).

For details on the shift function, refer to the following.

Page 22 Shift Function



(1) Data section

(2) Sign bit 0: Positive, 1: Negative

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Conversion value shift amount | 472 | 672 | 872 | 1072 | 1272 | 1472 | 1672 | 1872 |
| CH□ Conversion value shift amount (in Q compatible mode) | 150 | 151 | 152 | 153 | 154 | 155 | 156 | 157 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Regardless of turning on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9), the set conversion value shift amount takes effect.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

CH1 A/D conversion enable/disable setting

Set whether to enable or disable the A/D conversion.

For details on the A/D conversion enable/disable setting function, refer to the following.

Page 14 A/D Conversion Enable/Disable Setting Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|------------------------|
| 0 | A/D conversion enable |
| 1 | A/D conversion disable |

When a value other than the ones above is set, CH1 A/D conversion enable/disable setting (Un\G500) is turned to A/D conversion disable (1).

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ A/D conversion enable/disable setting | 500 | 700 | 900 | 1100 | 1300 | 1500 | 1700 | 1900 |

■Enabling the setting

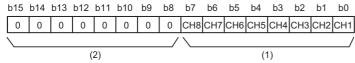
Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is A/D conversion enable (0) for all channels.

A/D conversion enable/disable setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, set whether to enable or disable the A/D conversion.



(1) 0: A/D conversion enabled, 1: A/D conversion disabled

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| A/D conversion enable/disable setting (in Q | 0 | | | | | | | |
| compatible mode) | | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is A/D conversion enable (0) for all channels.

CH1 Averaging process specification

Select processing to be performed among the sampling processing, averaging processing, and filter processing.

Averaging processing consists of time average, count average, and moving average.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|----------------------|
| 0 | Sampling processing |
| 1 | Time average |
| 2 | Count average |
| 3 | Moving average |
| 4 | Primary delay filter |

If a value other than the above is set, an averaging process specification setting range error (error code: 191□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Averaging process specification | 501 | 701 | 901 | 1101 | 1301 | 1501 | 1701 | 1901 |

■Enabling the setting

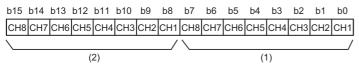
Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Sampling processing (0) for all channels.

Averaging process specification (for Q series) [Q compatible mode]

For Q compatible mode, to use default sequence programs of the Q64AD, Q68ADV, and Q68ADI, set which processing to use, sampling processing or averaging processing.



- (1) Time or count specification: "0: Count average" or "1: Time average"
- $(2) Channel \ specification \ for \ averaging \ processing: "0: Sampling \ processing" \ or \ "1: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "1: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "2: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "3: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "4: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "5: Averaging \ processing" \ or \ "6: Averaging \ processin$
- b4 to b7 and b12 to b15 of the R60AD4 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

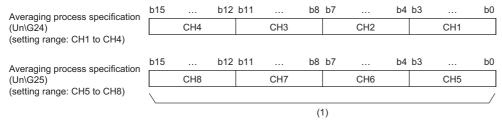
| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Averaging process specification (for Q series) | 9 | • | • | • | • | • | • | |

■Enabling the setting

Set Averaging process specification (Un\G24 and Un\G25) to 0 and turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

Averaging process specification [Q compatible mode]

For Q compatible mode, set which processing to use, sampling processing, averaging processing, or filter processing.



⁽¹⁾ The buffer memory address 25 of R60AD4 is fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Averaging process setting | 24 | | | | 25 | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.



When using the averaging process specification (for Q series) by utilizing a sequence program from the Q64AD, Q68ADV, and Q68ADI, this setting is ignored.

CH1 Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting

Configure the time (for averaging), count (for averaging), moving average count, and primary delay filter constant for each channel where the averaging processing is specified.

The following table lists the setting ranges.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2 to 5000 (ms)*1 | Time average |
| 4 to 62500 (times)*2 | Count average |
| 2 to 1000 (times) | Moving average |
| 1 to 500 (times) | Primary delay filter constant |

- *1 When the number of channels used is seven or eight, set 3ms or longer for the time (for averaging). A time shorter than 3ms results in a digital output value of 0.
- *2 To set a value of 32768 to 62500 (times) by using a program, the value must be in hexadecimal. For example, set F424H for 62500 (times).

If a value other than the above is set, any of a time average setting range error (error code: 192 \square H), count average setting range error (error code: 193 \square H), moving average setting range error (error code: 194 \square H), or primary delay filter constant setting range error (error code: 195 \square H) occurs, and the A/D conversion process is performed with the setting before the occurrence of the error.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting | 502 | 702 | 902 | 1102 | 1302 | 1502 | 1702 | 1902 |
| CH□ Time average/Count average/Moving average/Primary delay filter constant setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.



- Set a primary delay filter constant for the primary delay filter. The value of the time constant (ms) is the product of the primary delay filter constant and the sampling cycle.
- Since the default value is 0, change the setting value according to the processing method.
- The setting for this area is ignored in the channel where Sampling processing (0) is set to 'CH1 Averaging process specification' (Un\G501).

CH1 Scaling enable/disable setting

Set whether to enable or disable the scaling.

For details on the scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 19 Scaling Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

If a value other than the above is set, a scaling enable/disable setting range error (error code: 1A0□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Scaling enable/disable setting | 504 | 704 | 904 | 1104 | 1304 | 1504 | 1704 | 1904 |

■Enabling the setting

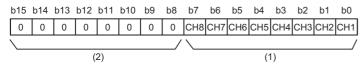
Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.

Scaling enable/disable setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, set whether to enable or disable the scaling.



(1) 0: Scaling enabled, 1: Scaling disabled

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Scaling enable/disable setting (in Q compatible | 53 | • | • | • | • | • | • | , |
| mode) | | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.

CH1 Scaling upper limit value

Set an upper limit value for the range of the scale conversion.

For details on the scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 19 Scaling Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Scaling upper limit value | 506 | 706 | 906 | 1106 | 1306 | 1506 | 1706 | 1906 |
| CH□ Scaling upper limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 63 | 65 | 67 | 69 | 71 | 73 | 75 | 77 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32000 to 32000.

In the channel where a value out of the range is set, a scaling setting range error (error code: 1A1□H) occurs.

In the channel where a set value does not satisfy the condition "the scaling upper limit value \neq the scaling lower limit value", a scaling upper/lower limit value setting error (error code: $1A2\Box H$) occurs.

When 'CH1 Scaling enable/disable setting' (Un\G504) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Scaling upper limit value' (Un\G506) is ignored.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Scaling lower limit value

Set a lower limit value for the range of the scale conversion.

For details on the scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 19 Scaling Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Scaling lower limit value | 508 | 708 | 908 | 1108 | 1308 | 1508 | 1708 | 1908 |
| CH□ Scaling lower limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 62 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 70 | 72 | 74 | 76 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32000 to 32000.

In the channel where a value out of the range is set, a scaling setting range error (error code: 1A1 \(\text{DH}\)) occurs.

In the channel where a set value does not satisfy the condition "the scaling upper limit value \neq the scaling lower limit value", a scaling upper/lower limit value setting error (error code: 1A2 \square H) occurs.

When 'CH1 Scaling enable/disable setting' (Un\G504) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Scaling lower limit value' (Un\G508) is ignored.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

CH1 Digital clipping enable/disable setting

Set whether to enable or disable the digital clipping function.

For details on the digital clipping function, refer to the following.

Page 25 Digital Clipping Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

If a value other than the above is set, a digital clipping enable/disable setting range error (error code: 1A5□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Digital clipping enable/disable setting | 510 | 710 | 910 | 1110 | 1310 | 1510 | 1710 | 1910 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

Digital clipping enable/disable setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, set whether to enable or disable the digital clipping function.



(1) 0: Digital clipping enabled, 1: Digital clipping disabled

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Digital clipping enable/disable setting (in Q | 29 | | | | | | | |
| compatible mode) | | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.

CH1 Alert output setting (Process alarm)

Set whether to enable or disable the alert output of the process alarm.

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

If a value other than the above is set, an alert output setting (Process alarm) range error (error code: 1B0□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Alert output setting (Process alarm) | 512 | 712 | 912 | 1112 | 1312 | 1512 | 1712 | 1912 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Alert output setting (Rate alarm)

Set whether to enable or disable the alert output of the rate alarm.

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

If a value other than the above is set, an alert output setting (Rate alarm) range error (error code: 1B8□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Alert output setting (Rate alarm) | 513 | 713 | 913 | 1113 | 1313 | 1513 | 1713 | 1913 |

■Enabling the setting

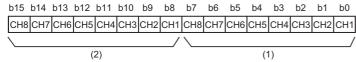
Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.

Alert output setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, set whether to enable or disable the alert output of process alarms and rate alarms.



(1) 0: Process alarm enabled, 1: Process alarm disabled

(2) 0: Rate alarm enabled, 1: Rate alarm disabled

b4 to b7 and b12 to b15 of the R60AD4 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Alert output setting (Process alarm)/Alert output setting (Rate alarm) | 48 | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Process alarm upper upper limit value

Set an upper upper limit value of the alert output function (Process alarm).

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | 514 | 714 | 914 | 1114 | 1314 | 1514 | 1714 | 1914 |
| CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 89 | 93 | 97 | 101 | 105 | 109 | 113 | 117 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

CH1 Process alarm upper lower limit value

Set an upper lower limit value of the alert output function (Process alarm).

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | 516 | 716 | 916 | 1116 | 1316 | 1516 | 1716 | 1916 |
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 88 | 92 | 96 | 100 | 104 | 108 | 112 | 116 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Process alarm lower upper limit value

Set a lower upper limit value of the alert output function (Process alarm).

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | 518 | 718 | 918 | 1118 | 1318 | 1518 | 1718 | 1918 |
| CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 87 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 103 | 107 | 111 | 115 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

CH1 Process alarm lower lower limit value

Set a lower lower limit value of the alert output function (Process alarm).

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | 520 | 720 | 920 | 1120 | 1320 | 1520 | 1720 | 1920 |
| CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 86 | 90 | 94 | 98 | 102 | 106 | 110 | 114 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value



- When using the process alarm, configure the 4-step settings for the process alarm upper upper limit value, upper lower limit value, lower upper limit value, and lower lower value.
- In the channel where a set value does not satisfy the condition "the upper upper limit value ≥ the upper lower limit value ≥ the lower lower limit value", a process alarm upper lower limit value setting range error (error code: 1B△□H) occurs.
- Since the default value is 0, change the setting value.
- When the scaling function, shift function, digital clipping function, or difference conversion function is used, alert targets are digital operation values to which the operation of each function is reflected. Be sure to consider operation results of each function to set values.

CH1 Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting

Set the cycle to check the change rate of digital output values.

The value of the cycle to detect a rate alarm alert is the product of the value in 'CH1 Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting' (Un\G522) and the conversion cycle.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting | 522 | 722 | 922 | 1122 | 1322 | 1522 | 1722 | 1922 |
| CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle setting (in Q compatible mode) | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from 1 to 32000 (times).

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.



- In the channel where a value out of the range is set, a rate alarm detection cycle setting range error (error code: 1B9□H) occurs.
- Since the default value is 0, change the setting value when setting the rate alarm function.

CH1 Rate alarm upper limit value

Set an upper limit value of the change rate of digital output values to detect a rate alarm.

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value | 524 | 724 | 924 | 1124 | 1324 | 1524 | 1724 | 1924 |
| CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 126 | 128 | 130 | 132 | 134 | 136 | 138 | 140 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767 (-3276.8 to 3276.7%). (Set it in a unit of 0.1%.)

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Rate alarm lower limit value

Set a lower limit value of the change rate of digital output values to detect a rate alarm.

For details on the alert output function, refer to the following.

Page 32 Alert Output Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value | 526 | 726 | 926 | 1126 | 1326 | 1526 | 1726 | 1926 |
| CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value (in Q compatible mode) | 127 | 129 | 131 | 133 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 141 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767 (-3276.8 to 3276.7%). (Set it in a unit of 0.1%.)

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.



- When using the rate alarm, configure the 2-step settings for the rate alarm upper limit value and lower limit value.
- In the channel where a set value does not satisfy the condition "the rate alarm lower limit value ≥ the rate alarm upper limit value", a rate alarm upper/lower limit setting value inversion error (error code: 1BA□H) occurs.
- Since the default value is 0, change the setting value.

CH1 Input signal error detection setting

Set a condition for detecting an input signal error.

For details on the input signal error detection function, refer to the following.

Page 39 Input Signal Error Detection Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| 0 | Disable |
| 1 | Upper and lower limit detection |
| 2 | Lower limit detection |
| 3 | Upper limit detection |
| 4 | Simple disconnection detection |

If a value other than the above is set, an input signal error detection setting range error (error code: 1C0 \square H) occurs. If Simple disconnection detection (4) is selected for the channel where the input range setting is other than the extended mode, a disconnection detection enabled range setting range error (error code: 1C6 \square H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Input signal error detection setting | 528 | 728 | 928 | 1128 | 1328 | 1528 | 1728 | 1928 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

Input signal error detection setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, set a condition for detecting an input signal error.

Input signal error detection setting (Un\G27) (setting range: CH1 to CH4)

Input signal error detection setting (Un\G28) (setting range: CH5 to CH8)

| b15 | | b12 | b11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| b15 | | b12 | b11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
| | CH8 | | | CH7 | | | CH6 | | | CH5 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | (| 1) | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ The buffer memory address 28 of R60AD4 is fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Input signal error detection setting (in Q compatible | 27 | | | | 28 | | | |
| mode) | | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Input signal error detection setting value

Set a value to detect an error for the input analog value.

For details on the input signal error detection function, refer to the following.

Page 39 Input Signal Error Detection Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Input signal error detection setting value | 529 | 729 | 929 | 1129 | 1329 | 1529 | 1729 | 1929 |
| CH□ Input signal error detection setting value (in Q compatible mode) | 142 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 146 | 147 | 148 | 149 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from 0 to 250 (0 to 25.0%). Set it in a unit of 1 (0.1%).

In the channel where a value out of the range is set, an input signal error detection setting value range error (error code: 1C1□H) occurs.

The input signal error detection upper limit value and input signal error detection lower limit value are calculated based on the input signal error detection setting value as follows. The calculated values vary depending on the input range used.

Detection conditions vary depending on 'CH1 Input signal error detection setting' (Un\G528).

Input signal error detection upper limit value = Gain value of each range + (gain value of each range - offset value of each range) × (input signal error detection setting value/1000)

Input signal error detection lower limit value = Lower limit value of each range - (gain value of each range - offset value of each range) \times (input signal error detection setting value/1000)



When the input signal error detection setting value is set to 100 (10%)

Range used: 4 to 20mA

The input signal error detection upper limit value and input signal error detection lower limit value are as follows:

Input signal error detectionupper limit value =
$$20 + (20 - 4) \times \frac{100}{1000} = 21.6 \text{mA}$$

Input signal error detection lower limit value = 4 - (20 - 4)
$$\times \frac{100}{1000}$$
 = 2.4mA

Detection conditions vary depending on 'Input signal error detection setting' (Un\G528) as follows:

- When Input signal error detection setting is set to Upper and lower limit detection (1), the detection is performed with both the input signal error detection upper limit value and input signal error detection lower limit value.
- When Input signal error detection setting is set to Lower limit detection (2), the detection is performed only with the input signal error detection lower limit value.
- When Input signal error detection setting is set to Upper limit detection (3), the detection is performed only with the input signal error detection upper limit value.
- · When Input signal error detection setting is set to Simple disconnection detection (4), the value set in this area is ignored.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Logging enable/disable setting

Set whether to enable or disable the logging function.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

If a value other than the above is set, a logging enable/disable setting range error (error code: 1D0□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging enable/disable setting | 535 | 735 | 935 | 1135 | 1335 | 1535 | 1735 | 1935 |
| CH□ Logging enable/disable setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1000 | 1001 | 1002 | 1003 | 1004 | 1005 | 1006 | 1007 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.

CH1 Logging data setting

Determine the target to be collected: digital output value or digital operation value.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| 0 | Digital output value |
| 1 | Digital operation value |

If a value other than the above is set, a logging data setting range error (error code: 1D3□H) occurs.

When 'CH1 Logging enable/disable setting' (Un\G535) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Logging data setting' (Un\G536) is ignored.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging data setting | 536 | 736 | 936 | 1136 | 1336 | 1536 | 1736 | 1936 |
| CH□ Logging data setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1024 | 1025 | 1026 | 1027 | 1028 | 1029 | 1030 | 1031 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Digital operation value (1) for all channels.

CH1 Logging cycle setting value

Set a cycle for storing the logging data.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging cycle setting value | 537 | 737 | 937 | 1137 | 1337 | 1537 | 1737 | 1937 |
| CH□ Logging cycle setting value (in Q compatible mode) | 1032 | 1033 | 1034 | 1035 | 1036 | 1037 | 1038 | 1039 |

■Setting range

The setting range varies depending on the setting in 'CH1 Logging cycle unit setting' (Un\G538).

| CH1 Logging cycle unit setting (Un\G538) | Setting range |
|--|---------------|
| μs (0) | 80 to 32767 |
| ms (1) | 1 to 32767 |
| s (2) | 1 to 3600 |

- If a value out of the range is set, a logging cycle setting value range error (error code: 1D1□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.
- If the set logging cycle is below the update cycle of data to be logged, a logging cycle setting disable error (error code: 1D2□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 4 for all channels.

CH1 Logging cycle unit setting

Set a cycle unit for storing the logging data.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | μѕ |
| 1 | ms |
| 2 | s |

- If a value out of the range is set, a logging cycle setting value range error (error code: 1D1□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.
- If the set logging cycle is below the update cycle of data to be logged, a logging cycle setting disable error (error code: 1D2□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging cycle unit setting | 538 | 738 | 938 | 1138 | 1338 | 1538 | 1738 | 1938 |
| CH□ Logging cycle unit setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1040 | 1041 | 1042 | 1043 | 1044 | 1045 | 1046 | 1047 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default is ms (1) for all channels.

CH1 Post-trigger logging points

Set a number of data points collected for the time period from the occurrence of a hold trigger to the logging stop.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Post-trigger logging points | 539 | 739 | 939 | 1139 | 1339 | 1539 | 1739 | 1939 |
| CH□ Post-trigger logging points (in Q compatible mode) | 1048 | 1049 | 1050 | 1051 | 1052 | 1053 | 1054 | 1055 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from 1 to 10000.

If a value out of the range is set, a post-trigger logging points setting range error (error code: 1D4□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.

When 'CH1 Logging enable/disable setting' (Un\G535) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539) is ignored.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 5000 for all channels.

CH1 Level trigger condition setting

Set the condition for the occurrence of a hold trigger when using the level trigger in the logging function.

To use the level trigger, set Level trigger condition setting to either level of Level trigger (condition: Rise) (1), Level trigger (condition: Fall) (2), or Level trigger (condition: Rise and fall) (3).

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|--|
| 0 | Disable |
| 1 | Level trigger (condition: Rise) |
| 2 | Level trigger (condition: Fall) |
| 3 | Level trigger (condition: Rise and fall) |

If a value other than the above is set, a level trigger condition setting range error (error code: 1D5□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Level trigger condition setting | 540 | 740 | 940 | 1140 | 1340 | 1540 | 1740 | 1940 |
| CH□ Level trigger condition setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1056 | 1057 | 1058 | 1059 | 1060 | 1061 | 1062 | 1063 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Trigger data

Set a buffer memory address to be monitored using a level trigger.

Set the buffer memory address where the target data for monitoring is stored.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Trigger data | 541 | 741 | 941 | 1141 | 1341 | 1541 | 1741 | 1941 |
| CH□ Trigger data (in Q compatible mode) | 1064 | 1065 | 1066 | 1067 | 1068 | 1069 | 1070 | 1071 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from 0 to 9999.

If a value out of the range is set, a trigger data setting range error (error code: 1D6 \square H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed. When 'CH1 Logging enable/disable setting' (Un\G535) is set to Disable (1), the setting for 'CH1 Post-trigger logging points' (Un\G539) is ignored.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default values are set as shown below.

| Channel | Default value | Buffer memory area to be monitored |
|---------|---------------|--|
| CH1 | 402 | CH1 Digital operation value (Un\G402) |
| CH2 | 602 | CH2 Digital operation value (Un\G602) |
| CH3 | 802 | CH3 Digital operation value (Un\G802) |
| CH4 | 1002 | CH4 Digital operation value (Un\G1002) |
| CH5 | 1202 | CH5 Digital operation value (Un\G1202) |
| CH6 | 1402 | CH6 Digital operation value (Un\G1402) |
| CH7 | 1602 | CH7 Digital operation value (Un\G1602) |
| CH8 | 1802 | CH8 Digital operation value (Un\G1802) |

CH1 Trigger setting value

Set a level to generate a level trigger.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Trigger setting value | 542 | 742 | 942 | 1142 | 1342 | 1542 | 1742 | 1942 |
| CH□ Trigger setting value (in Q compatible mode) | 1082 | 1083 | 1084 | 1085 | 1086 | 1087 | 1088 | 1089 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from -32768 to 32767.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Loading interrupt enable/disable setting

Set whether to enable or disable the logging read function.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Enable |
| 1 | Disable |

- If a value other than the above is set, a read interrupt enable/disable setting error (error code: 1D8□H) occurs. Logging
 cannot be performed.
- When CH1 Logging read enable/disable setting (Un\G544) is set to Enable (0), an interrupt is generated and sent to the CPU module by setting a read pointer each time an amount equivalent to the logging read points setting value is logged.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting | 544 | 744 | 944 | 1144 | 1344 | 1544 | 1744 | 1944 |
| CH□ Loading interrupt enable/disable setting (in Q compatible mode) | 1200 | 1201 | 1202 | 1203 | 1204 | 1205 | 1206 | 1207 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is Disable (1) for all channels.



The interrupt pointer to be used is preset but can be changed. To change the interrupt pointer, set the corresponding interrupt pointer with the engineering tool.

CH1 Logging read points setting value

An interrupt is generated to the CPU module each time the number of data equal to the set points is logged.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Logging read points setting value | 545 | 745 | 945 | 1145 | 1345 | 1545 | 1745 | 1945 |
| CH□ Logging read points setting value (in Q compatible mode) | 1208 | 1209 | 1210 | 1211 | 1212 | 1213 | 1214 | 1215 |

■Setting range

The setting range is from 10 to 10000.

If a value out of the range is set, a logging read points setting value range error (error code: 1D9□H) occurs. Logging cannot be performed.

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

CH1 Range setting

This area is for setting an input range.

| Input range | Setting value | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | R60AD4 | R60ADV8 | R60ADI8 | | | | | | |
| 4 to 20mA | ОН | _ | ОН | | | | | | |
| 0 to 20mA | 1H | _ | 1H | | | | | | |
| 1 to 5V | 2H | 2H | _ | | | | | | |
| 0 to 5V | ЗН | ЗН | _ | | | | | | |
| -10 to 10V | 4H | 4H | _ | | | | | | |
| 0 to 10V | 5H | 0H, 5H | _ | | | | | | |
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | АН | _ | AH | | | | | | |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | вн | ВН | _ | | | | | | |
| User range setting | FH | FH | FH | | | | | | |

If a value other than the above is set, a range setting range error (error code: 190□H) occurs.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Range setting | 598 | 798 | 998 | 1198 | 1398 | 1598 | 1798 | 1998 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

■Default value

The default value is 0H for all channels.

When the range is set in the parameter setting, the default value is the set value.

CH1 Range setting [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, this area is for setting an input range.

| | b15 | | b12 | b11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| Range setting (Un\G402) (setting range: CH1 to CH4) | | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | |
| (coming ranger or re corre | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | b15 | | b12 | b11 | | b8 | b7 | | b4 | b3 | | b0 |
| Range setting (Un\G403) (setting range: CH5 to CH8) | | CH8 | | | CH7 | | | CH6 | | | CH5 | |
| (coming ranger or is to or is) | | | | | | | | | | | | _/ |
| | | | | | | (* | 1) | | | | | |

(1) The buffer memory address 403 of R60AD4 is fixed to 0.

| Input range | Setting value | Setting value | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | R60AD4 | R60ADV8 | R60ADI8 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 to 20mA | 0H | _ | ОН | | | | | | | | |
| 0 to 20mA | 1H | _ | 1H | | | | | | | | |
| 1 to 5V | 2H | 2H | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 0 to 5V | 3H | 3H | _ | | | | | | | | |
| -10 to 10V | 4H | 4H | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 0 to 10V | 5H | 0H, 5H | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 4 to 20mA (extended mode) | AH | _ | AH | | | | | | | | |
| 1 to 5V (extended mode) | ВН | ВН | _ | | | | | | | | |
| User range setting | FH | FH | FH | | | | | | | | |

■Buffer memory address

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CH□ Range setting (in Q compatible mode) | 402 | | | | 403 | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn on and off 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) to enable the setting.

Error history

Up to 16 errors that occurred in the module are recorded.

| | b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 | | |
|----------|-----|-------------------------------|------|--------|-------------------------|--------|--|--|
| Un\G3600 | | Error code | | | | | | |
| Un\G3601 | | First two digits of the year | | La | st two digits of the ye | ear | | |
| Un\G3602 | | Month | | | Day | | | |
| Un\G3603 | | Hour | | | Minute | | | |
| Un\G3604 | | Second | | | Day of the week | | | |
| Un\G3605 | ٨ | Millisecond (higher-order dig | its) | Millis | econd (lower-order d | igits) | | |
| Un\G3606 | | | | | | | | |
| ÷ | | System area | | | | | | |
| Un\G3609 | | | | | | | | |

| Item | Storage contents | Storage example*1 |
|--|---|-------------------|
| First two digits of the year/Last two digits of the year | Stored in BCD code. | 2014H |
| Month/Day | | 630H |
| Hour/Minute | | 1234H |
| Second | | 56H |
| Day of the week | One of the following values is stored in BCD code. Sunday: 0, Monday: 1, Tuesday: 2, Wednesday: 3 Thursday: 4, Friday: 5, Saturday: 6 | 1H |
| Millisecond (upper) | Stored in BCD code. | 7H |
| Millisecond (lower) | | 89H |

^{*1} Values stored when an error occurs at 12:34:56.789 on Monday, June 30th, 2014.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | No.1 to No.16 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Error history | 3600 to 3759 |
| Error history (in Q compatible mode) | 1810 to 1969 |

Alarm history

Up to 16 alarms that occurred in the module are recorded.

| | b15 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b0 | | |
|----------|-----|------------------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|--------|--|--|
| Un\G3760 | | Alarm code | | | | | | |
| Un\G3761 | | First two digits of the year | | | Last two digits of the year | | | |
| Un\G3762 | | Month | | | Day | | | |
| Un\G3763 | | Hour | | | Minute | | | |
| Un\G3764 | | Second | | | Day of the week | | | |
| Un\G3765 | Mi | illisecond (higher-order d | igits) | Millis | econd (lower-order d | igits) | | |
| Un\G3766 | | | | | | | | |
| : | | System area | | | | | | |
| Un\G3769 | | | | | | | | |

| Item | Storage contents | Storage example*1 |
|---|--|-------------------|
| First two digits of the year/Last two digits of the | Stored in BCD code. | 2014H |
| year | | |
| Month/Day | | 630H |
| Hour/Minute | | 1234H |
| Second | | 56H |
| Day of the week | One of the following values is stored in BCD code. | 1H |
| | Sunday: 0, Monday: 1, Tuesday: 2, Wednesday: 3 | |
| | Thursday: 4, Friday: 5, Saturday: 6 | |
| Millisecond (upper) | Stored in BCD code. | 7H |
| Millisecond (lower) | | 89H |

^{*1} Values stored when an error occurs at 12:34:56.789 on Monday, June 30th, 2014.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

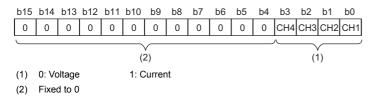
| Buffer memory name | No.1 to No.16 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| Alarm history | 3760 to 3919 |
| Alarm history (in Q compatible mode) | 3760 to 3919 |

Save data type setting

This area saves and restores the offset/gain setting value in user range setting.

Specify the data type of the offset/gain value to be saved and restored: voltage or current.

Only the R60AD4 can use this area.



■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Save data type setting | 4002 | | | | | | | |
| Save data type setting (in Q compatible mode) | 200 | | | | | | | |

■Default value

CH1 Factory default setting

This area restores the offset/gain setting value in user range setting. For details, refer to the following. Page 163 CH1 User range setting

CH1 User range setting

This area restores the offset/gain setting value in user range setting.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

• For R60AD4

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 |
|---|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 4004 | 4008 | 4012 | 4016 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 4005 | 4009 | 4013 | 4017 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 4006 | 4010 | 4014 | 4018 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 4007 | 4011 | 4015 | 4019 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 4020 | 4024 | 4028 | 4032 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 4021 | 4025 | 4029 | 4033 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 4022 | 4026 | 4030 | 4034 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 4023 | 4027 | 4031 | 4035 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 202 | 206 | 210 | 214 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 203 | 207 | 211 | 215 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 204 | 208 | 212 | 216 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 205 | 209 | 210 | 217 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 218 | 222 | 226 | 230 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 219 | 223 | 227 | 231 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 220 | 224 | 228 | 232 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 221 | 225 | 229 | 233 |

For R60ADV8 and R60ADI8

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) | 4004 | 4008 | 4012 | 4016 | 4020 | 4024 | 4028 | 4032 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) | 4005 | 4009 | 4013 | 4017 | 4021 | 4025 | 4029 | 4033 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) | 4006 | 4010 | 4014 | 4018 | 4022 | 4026 | 4030 | 4034 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) | 4007 | 4011 | 4015 | 4019 | 4023 | 4027 | 4031 | 4035 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (L) | 4036 | 4040 | 4044 | 4048 | 4052 | 4056 | 4060 | 4064 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (H) | 4037 | 4041 | 4045 | 4049 | 4053 | 4057 | 4061 | 4065 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (L) | 4038 | 4042 | 4046 | 4050 | 4054 | 4058 | 4062 | 4066 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (H) | 4039 | 4043 | 4047 | 4051 | 4055 | 4059 | 4063 | 4067 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 202 | 206 | 210 | 214 | 218 | 222 | 226 | 230 |
| CH□ Factory default setting offset value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 203 | 207 | 211 | 215 | 219 | 223 | 227 | 231 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 204 | 208 | 212 | 216 | 220 | 224 | 228 | 232 |
| CH□ Factory default setting gain value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 205 | 209 | 213 | 217 | 221 | 225 | 229 | 233 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 234 | 238 | 242 | 246 | 250 | 254 | 258 | 262 |
| CH□ User range setting offset value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 235 | 239 | 243 | 247 | 251 | 255 | 259 | 263 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (L) (in Q compatible mode) | 236 | 240 | 244 | 248 | 252 | 256 | 260 | 264 |
| CH□ User range setting gain value (H) (in Q compatible mode) | 237 | 241 | 245 | 249 | 253 | 257 | 261 | 265 |

When the following operations are performed, the data to be used is stored (saved).

- · Writing the initial setting by engineering tool
- Turning off and on 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) (Data is not saved when a setting value is written in the mode switching setting.)
- Turning off and on 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) (Data is not saved when the mode is switched from the normal mode to the offset/gain setting mode by the mode switching setting.)
- Writing an offset/gain value in the offset/gain setting mode (When 'User range write request' (YA) is turned off and on) When restoring the offset/gain setting value in user range setting, set the same data as the saved data in this area to the corresponding area of the A/D converter module that is the restoration destination.

■Default value

CH1 Offset/gain setting mode

Specify the channel where the offset/gain setting is adjusted.

- · Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification): Channel to adjust the offset
- · Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification): Channel to adjust the gain

| Setting | Setting content |
|---------|-----------------|
| 0 | Disable |
| 1 | Setting channel |

Set one of the offset specification or gain specification to the Setting channel (0), and the other to Disable (0). When a value other than 0 and 1 is set, an offset/gain setting channel range error (error code: 1E8DH) occurs.

Multiple channels can be set at the same time. In that case, set the offset specification and gain specification separately. The offset specification and gain specification cannot be set at the same time.

In the following cases, an offset/gain setting channel specification error (error code: 1E50H) occurs.

- When both the offset specification and gain specification of the same channel are set to Setting channel (1)
- When Disable (0) is set for all channels
- When both the offset specification and gain specification of multiple channels are set to Setting channel (1) at the same time

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) | 4132 | 4134 | 4136 | 4138 | 4140 | 4142 | 4144 | 4146 |
| CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification) | 4133 | 4135 | 4137 | 4139 | 4141 | 4143 | 4145 | 4147 |

■Enabling the setting

Turn off and on 'Channel change request' (YB).

■Default value

CH1 Offset/gain setting mode (range specification)

In the offset/gain setting, specify the current input or voltage input for each channel.

Only the R60AD4 can use this area.

| Setting value | Setting content |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Voltage |
| 1 | Current |

When a value other than 0 or 1 is set, an offset/gain setting range error (error code: 1E9□H) occurs.

- When an offset/gain value is written in the offset/gain setting mode (When 'User range write request' (YA) is turned off and on), this setting is written to a flash memory.
- This setting is saved in the module-specific backup parameter at the online module change. After the module replacement, the factory default setting to be referred to is determined according to this setting when the offset/gain setting is restored.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 |
|--|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (range specification) | 4164 | 4165 | 4166 | 4167 |

■Default value

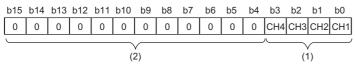
The default value is Voltage (0) for all channels.

At the following timings, the value saved in the flash memory is set.

- When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned off and on
- · When the operation mode is switched to the offset/gain setting mode

Offset/gain setting mode (range specification) [Q compatible mode]

In the offset/gain setting of the Q compatible mode, specify the current input or voltage input for each channel. Only the R60AD4 can use this area.



- (1) 0: Voltage, 1: Current
- (2) b4 to b15 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

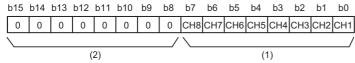
| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| CH□ Offset/gain setting mode (range specification) (in Q compatible | 26 | | | |
| mode) | | | | |

■Default value

The default value is Voltage (0) for all channels.

Offset/gain setting mode [Q compatible mode]

When the Q compatible mode function is used, specify the channel where the offset/gain setting is adjusted.



(1) 0: Disable, 1: Setting channel

(2) b4 to b15 of the R60AD4 and b8 to b15 of the R60ADV8/R60ADI8 are fixed to 0.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) (in Q compatible mode) | 22 | | | | | | | |
| Offset/gain setting mode (gain specification) (in Q compatible mode) | 23 | | | | | | | |

■Enabling the setting

Turn off and on 'Channel change request' (YB).

■Default value

The default value is Disable (0) for all channels.

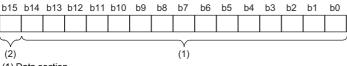


When the offset/gain setting is configured from the offset/gain setting window of an engineering tool, the setting is performed properly on the window. Therefore, a program is not required to perform the setting. To configure the offset/gain setting from a program, set the offset/gain setting mode (offset specification) and offset/gain setting mode (gain specification). For details, refer to the following.

Analog-Digital Converter Module User's Manual

CH1 Synchronization latch digital operation value

When the inter-module synchronization function is enabled, 'CH1 Digital operation value' (Un\G402) is stored in this area at the timing of the inter-module synchronization cycle.



- (1) Data section
- (2) Sign bit 0: Positive, 1: Negative

The digital operation value is stored in 16-bit signed binary.

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | CH7 | CH8 |
|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| CH□ Synchronization latch digital operation value | 9500 | 9502 | 9504 | 9506 | 9508 | 9510 | 9512 | 9514 |
| CH□ Synchronization latch digital operation value (in Q compatible mode) | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2006 | 2008 | 2010 | 2012 | 2014 |

When the inter-module synchronization processing is asynchronous, this area is fixed to 0.

■Default value

The default value is 0 for all channels.

Synchronization status monitor

The status of the inter-module synchronization and whether the currently checked module is the target of the inter-module synchronization function can be checked.

| Monitor value | Description |
|---------------|---|
| 0 | Not the inter-module synchronization target |
| 1 | Inter-module synchronization target (synchronization suspended) |
| 2 | Inter-module synchronization target (during synchronization) |

If the currently checked module is not the inter-module synchronization target, the monitor value is Inter-module synchronization non-target (0).

If the currently checked module is the inter-module synchronization target and the inter-module synchronization is being executed, the monitor value is Inter-module synchronization target (during synchronization) (2). When an error occurs in the CPU module or A/D converter module, the monitor value is Inter-module synchronization target (synchronization suspended) (1).

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | CH6 | СН7 | СН8 |
|---|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Synchronization status monitor | 9600 | | | | | | | |
| Synchronization status monitor (in Q compatible mode) | 2100 | | | | | | | |

■Default value

The default value is Inter-module synchronization non-target (0) for all channels.

CH1 Logging data

This area stores the data logged by the logging function.

Up to 10000 points of data can be stored per channel. When the number of stored data points is 10001 or greater, data is continuously collected overwriting the data from the head.

For details on the logging function, refer to the following.

Page 44 Logging Function

■Buffer memory address

The following shows the buffer memory address of this area.

| Buffer memory name | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | CH5 | СН6 | CH7 | СН8 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| CH□ Logging data | 10000 to | 20000 to | 30000 to | 40000 to | 50000 to | 60000 to | 70000 to | 80000 to |
| | 19999 | 29999 | 39999 | 49999 | 59999 | 69999 | 79999 | 89999 |
| CH□ Logging data (in Q compatible mode) | 5000 to | 15000 to | 25000 to | 35000 to | 45000 to | 55000 to | 65000 to | 75000 to |
| | 14999 | 24999 | 34999 | 44999 | 54999 | 64999 | 74999 | 84999 |



- When 'Operating condition setting request' (Y9) is turned off and on, the logging data in all the channels are
- When Logging hold request is turned on and off while the logging hold flag is on, data logging resumes. In this case, the logged data is not cleared.

Appendix 4 Dedicated Instructions

Instruction list

The following table lists the dedicated instructions that can be used in the A/D converter module.

| Instruction | Description |
|-------------|--|
| G(P).OFFGAN | Switches normal mode to offset/gain setting mode. Switches offset/gain setting mode to normal mode. |
| G(P).OGLOAD | Reads out the offset/gain setting value in the user range setting to write it into the CPU module. |
| G(P).OGSTOR | Restores the offset/gain setting value in the user range setting stored in the CPU module into the A/D converter module. |

For details on the dedicated instructions, refer to the following.

MELSEC iQ-R Programming Manual (Instructions, Standard Functions/Function Blocks)

Appendix 5 Added or Changed Functions

This section describes the functions added to or changed for the A/D converter module.

| Added or changed contents | Firmware version | Reference |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Online module change | "02" or later | MELSEC iQ-R Online Module Change Manual |
| Backing up offset/gain values | "02" or later | Page 171 Backing up offset/gain values |

Backing up offset/gain values

A module-specific backup parameter is created and offset/gain values are saved.

■When an unsupported version of A/D converter modules is used

A module-specific backup parameter is not created.

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REVISIONS

*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

| Revision date | *Manual number | Description |
|---------------|--------------------|--|
| June 2014 | SH(NA)-081233ENG-A | First edition |
| January 2015 | SH(NA)-081233ENG-B | ■Added function Online module change ■Added or modified parts RELEVANT MANUALS, Section 1.4, 1.15, 1.17, 3.1, 3.4, Appendix 3, 5 |

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SH(NA)-081233ENG-B(1501)MEE MODEL: R-AD-U-OU-E MODEL CODE: 13JX12

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